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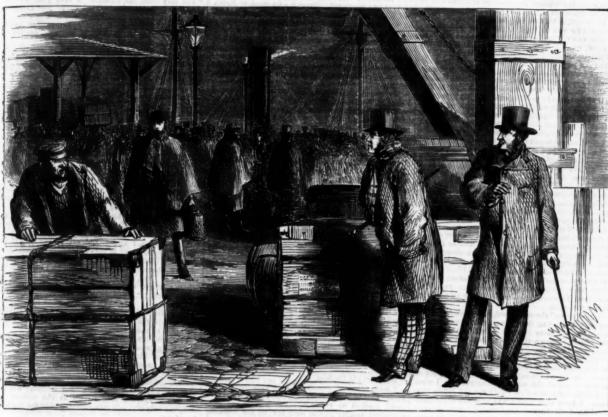
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To Sing Barcarol STRAND

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 7, 1871.

PRICE ONE PERST.



FAULT ON BOTH SIDES.

A Christmas Storn.

CHAPTER VIII.

All was ended now, the hope and the fear and the All the aching of heart, the restless, unsatisfied longing.

longing,
All the dull, deep pain and constant anguish of
patience.

Longfellow.

In the clear, bright, fresh, frosty afternoon, within sight of the clustering white cottages of Riversham, and beneath the wide-spreading, leafless branches of a gnarled and twisted oak, husband and wife metafter a separation of forty hours. Only their own hearts knew how each had suffered during that time. Both had endured the extreme of mental agony, both had considered the parting final and irrevocable, that in this life they would never meet again, and now they stood silently facing each other only a few yards apart, but as much divided as if the whole globe were between them.

Charles Harcourt's face was flerce and stern. He

apart, but as much divided as if the whole globe were between them.

Charles Harcourt's face was fierce and stern. He had no longer the shadow of a doubt concerning his wife's guilt, and he was not a man to show merey to any one convicted of crime. Cruel, hard, and severe, he had steeled himself completely against those tenderor emotions which might, had he met Florence earlier in the day, have induced him to take her once more into his arms and implore her to unravel the more into his arms and implore her to unravel the mystery which still enshrouded her conduct.

He fixed his stern, pittless eyes upon her, and stood silent and motionless.

She did not cower before him as it might be imagined a guilty woman would have done, but she shrank from him with an expression of horror on her face, that face which the last few hours had deprived of colour and left as pale as marble.

She was the first to break the silence.

"What are you doing here?" she asked, in a low, thrilling voice. "Why have you come?"

[WALKING TO HIS FATE.]

giance."
"So it appears. But, remember, you still bear my name, and, if you are deaf to all conscience, to all propriety, at least it behoves you to refrain from dragging my name through the mire of public scandal. I have a position to lose, a character to maintain, and—"

scandal. I have a position to lose, a character to maintain, and—"
While he had been speaking she had been regarding him with a look of mingled horror and amazement, and here she interrupted him.
"You!" she said, "you dare speak to me in that fashion! You dare talk to me of position and character after what you have done!"
She shuddered and turned aside.
He hastily replied:
"It ill becomes you to speak in this manner. Coming whence I come, hearing what I have heard, knowing what chance has revealed to me, I am indeed astonished to listen to such words from your lips!"

"Where have you been to? Where do you come from? What have you heard? Stay, you need not answer me. You come from the little inn whither I am bound!"

am bound!"

"What! You confess it?"

"What! You confess it?"

"Whither I am bound on an errand of mercy," she continued, not heeding the interruption. "You come from gaxing on your own evil work; and even the sight of poor Gerald brought to death's door by your unfounded jealousy and evil passions—

"Enough, enough!" he cried, hoarse with rage.
"At least have the decency to refrain from mentioning his name to me."

"Well may you hate to hear it! But that name shall ring in your ears to all eternity, and—oh, Charles"—and her voice became suddenly tender.

"Rather let me ask you the question," he retorted, angrily. "What is your business here?"
"I deny your right to interrogate me."
"Indeed! Remember, madam, you are still my wife—in name."
"No, no!" she answered, vehemently. "You have cast me from you—spurned me! I owe you no allegiance."
"Bo it appears. But, remember, you still bear my name. and. if you are deaf to all conscience, to! It is monstrous!" It is monstrous!"

It is monstrous!"

He caught Florence by her two wrists and gazed savagely into her face. His hard grasp hurt her delicate flesh and wrung from her a little cry of pain, but she returned his look fearlessly.
"Would you kill me?" she asked, with a sad sigh.
"Oh, Charles, would I had died before I had known what I know now!"
"Would you had died before to have the same as the sa

"Oh, Charles, would I had died before I had known what I know now!"

"Would you had died before you became what you are now!" he answered, savagely.

"I am nothing of which you need be ashamed," she replied, proudly. "The only shame I bear is that of being your wife, but—oh, Charles, I have loved you so dearly and so truly—I have ever done a wife's duty; my conscience accuses me of no treason towards you—ay, and I love you now, in spite of all your unjust suspicions and all your harsh and cruel usage. Even now I will share your flight, and—oh, Charles! why did you come here at all? Think of the danger you run! You may have been recognized. Fly, dear, fly!" and she laid her hand upon his arm in earnest entreaty. "Escape while there is yet time! In another hour it may be too late!"

He gazed at her in great bewilderment. "Are you mad?" he asked. "Of what are you talking? What do you mean?"

"I know everything," she said. "Oh, Charles, had all gone well with you, had you been in no danger, never—no, never would I have humiliated myself before you; but now—now that you are menaced, now that you will have to fly the country, see me a suppliant! I swear to you that I am innocent—nay, more, I promise you such an explanation that must satisfy even you, and I beg—I pray, by all the love

you once bore me, by all the vows sworn at the altar' to let me continue your companion. Think, Charles, to let me continue your companion. Think, Charles, how every minute brings you into greater danger! Come, come at once! Let us go together. America, Australia, I care not where, so that I am with you! Oh, Charles, perhaps I shall be a better poor man's wife than I have been a rich one's! Let me go with

you! Oh, let me go with you!"

This sudden change in the tone and manner of Florence Harcourt amazed her husband not a little. He thought that trouble had turned her brain. For a moment he was inclined to push her roughly on a moment no was menuous to puss her roughly on one side and bid her begons, but a glance at the pale, beautiful, upturned face, so full of earnest entreaty and passionate supplication, unnerved him. Had she only been strong enough to conceal her feelings under a mask of coolness, had she only con-

tinued to answer his hard speeches with others equally hard, there would have been no explanation, and they would have parted never to meet again; but the impulsive nature of a loving woman would assert itself. She had given herself a part to play sert itself. She had given herself a part to play which she was not strong sungh to carry out, and as a suppliant she stood before him, only auxious for his safety, forgetting the wrong he had done her, the cruel wound he had inflieted, and even the crime of which she believed him guilty.

"I do not understand you," he said, but in a gentler tone than he had hitherto spoken. "Why should I fly? What danger measures me? Of what

should I fly? What danger measures me? Of what do you suspect me?"

Oh, Charles!" she sobbed, "It is no suspicion, it is a certainty. I know to what your unfounded jealousy led you. I know that it was you who way-laid Geralt Taibot on Christman Eve, and left him for dead within a few miles of where we now stand! Knowing that, do you wonder I thank Heaven his life was spared? Oh, Charles, even though your cruel suspicions had been just, would you have the blood of a fellow creature on your head?"

Perfectly overwhelmed with amazement at the charge brought against him, Harcourt remained speechless. Florence took his silence for an admowledgment of guilt.

apeechless. Florence was a peechless. Florence was being a voice full of the "Oh, Charles," she cremined, in a voice full of the deepest pathos, "to think that your unwarrantable jealousy should have led you to commit this crime! Had you but known the truth, how much marry had you but known the truth, how much marry that had been spared as!"

Had you but known the truth, how much would have been spared as!"

"Florence," he answered, solemnly, validing her for the first time during the interview by that mame, "as Heaven is my witness. I had not even so much as heard of the attempted murdor till, I went the office this morning. Tell me the truth, Florence the first time the office this morning. fence. I know that I allook was induced of the their for which I disobarged him; would I could be convinced the other charge was equally without foundation! Tell me the truth, Florence; if there is any explanation to this terrible affair, for meroy's sake let me hear it."
"When you have heard it you will let me go with

You

" Back to Cardross ?"

"No, no; you will not be safe there. We must go abread. All I ask is that I may share your flight," "Pshaw!" answered the husband, impatiently, "I tell you'I know nothing about it. It was an absurd fancy for you to take into your head-absurd. Some tramp or footpad attacked him on his way here. How is it I find you in Riversham with him? Answer me that. How is it I hear of you at the ina overcome by emotion, and tending him with affectionate solicitude? Answer me these questions, and all may yet be well."

Florence looked her husband full in the face with

Florence looked her husband rull in the face with her clear, truthful blue eyes as she made answer: "Gerald Taibot is my sister's husband." Harcourt staggered back a few paces, and passed his hand two or three times over his brow. "Your sister's husband—Heleu's husband?" he

ated, slowly.

"Why did you not tell me this before?"

had promised not to do so.

"Why was it a secret?"
"On account of Gerald's relations. I may have done wrong in making the promise; I may have done wrong in keeping it. Listen to the story, and judge for yourself."
"Go on."

"Gerald Talbot is the son and heir of Mackensie Talbot, of Ketteringham

"What, the wealthy banker?" Yes."

I never knew that.

"No. Helen and I alone possessed the secret. He loved Helen with all the ferrour of his ardent nature, and she returned his affection; but Helen was pentiless, and you know of Mackenzie Talkot's greed for wald!" gold

"Yes. Every one has heard of it."

"He wished Gerald to marry Miss Moneypenny, the bulress, but Gerald was plighted to my sister. This he dared not tell his father, but, without assign-ing any reason, he resolutely refused to wed the lady his father had chosen for him."

Well?"

"It came to an open rupture, and the old man dis-inherited his son and bade him earn his living as best he could. He came straight to me and told me all that had happened. From me he went to Helen, and asked her if she could love a poor man as well as a rich one. You may imagine her answer. I promised to intercede with you to get him a clerk-ship in your office; you granted my request, and he and Helen were married."
"I begin to understand," said Harcourt,

I begin to understand," said Harcourt, He spoke almost like one talking in a dream, for his brain and heart were full of the injustice he had

hattime

"It was a romantic, foolish business," continued "It was a romanic, rooten business, continues Florence, "to those who look at marriage as they would at an account in a ledger; but if you could have witnessed their happiness, you would not have judged them harshly."
"Still, I do not understand the reason for concealment."

cealment."
"That was Gerald's wish. He knew his father "That was Gerald's wish. He knew his father asknowledge his mi character, and believed that to schnewledge his marriage with a dowerless girl would so widen to breach between Mr. Talbot and himself that it would never close again. His notion was to make it would never close again. His notion was to make for himself an income and a position, then to take Helen to Ketteringham as his wife. He felt that he could then be independent, that he could not have it can in his teeth that he was a pauper, and had some home to beg."
Why was I not told this before?"

"Why was I not teld this before?"
"Garald made are promise secrety. Oh, Charles,
I know I did wrong, but how could I foresee your
creal snaptrious? On Christmas Eve I would have
spoken, but you would not hear."
"Juli," said Harcourt, "you do not explain how
it was that you and Talbot both shoes liversham for
your flight?"
"Helea lives here. He would not take her to
London with him for fear of his secret being discoweed. What more natural than that Gerald should
come to his home; what more natural than that come to his home; what more natural than that I airculd such the sholter of the only roof beauth which I had a right to ask protection—the roof of that slater for whose sake I had been turned from my own

Harmourt bid his face.

"And, Charles," continued Florence, esgorly, a xious now to make every explanation, "when the news reached us yesterday that Gerald had be murdered, and lay at the little inn on the comme murdered, and lay at the little inn on the commen Helen was far too overceme to go to him. I went in her stead. Do you blame me for that? No, I am sure you do not. Oh, husband, dear husband, if you knew how I have suffered! You do believe me-you will believe me! See, there is Helen's cottage. You can catch a glimpse of it through the trees—down there in that sheltered garden. Oh, Chastes, but for—for—what has happened that cannot be undone—we might yet be happy!"
"Can you forgive me, Florence?" Harcourt saked, in a thick and broken voice.

"I love you!" was her single answer.
Oh, what magic there is in those three words!

Oh, what magic there is in those three words!

How many a heart has beat with rapture at hearing
them faintly murmured by resy lips; but perhaps to
no ears did they ever sound so pleasant as to those
of Charles Harcourt when spoken by his wife on that occasion !

A woman's love! If men only knew its value, they would not waste it as they do but too often, for a woman's love is the strongest power in the whole world—strong for good or for evil as the case may be. Once firmly planted, it remains faithful for ever, capable of attempting and achieving such great things as neither mind nor muscle can accomplish.

"Then you will forgive me, Florence? you will pardon all I have said and done? you will some with

"Yes, yes, I will come with you. There is no me to lose; the train will be here in ten minutes, time to lose; the train will be ner and it is half a mile to the station."

"And you will love me as before

" Yes.

"Dearest! Yet if you forgive me, I doubt I can

ever forgive myself."

We held out his hand to her, and gladly she cam near our ms mand to nor, and gradly she extra towards him with something of the old smile upon her face; but as she was about to place her white fingers in his she started back with an exclamation of horror.

There is blood upon your hand!" she eried. It was only a triding speck of discoloration which in her excited fancy took the hus of blood, but her alarm was terrible to witness. "It is nothing," Harcourt answered.

"Yes, yes rit is his! Oh, Charles, how could you! Oh, why did you suspect me?"

"Why do you suspect me?"
"Why do you suspect me? Florence? I swear to you. I have never so much as seen Gerald Talbot since he left St. Stylites' Yard two days ago."
She looked at him sadly, sorrowfully, and wist-fully.

fully, "Do not deny it," she saswered, softly and sadly. "You may trust me, Charles. I love you—even if Gerald had died I should have loved you—even if they had taken you to prison, and—if—if——"
The thoughts conjured up in her excited brain overpowered her utterance, and she was unable to even late has an angange.

The thoughts conjured up in her excited brain overpowered her utterance, and she was unable to complete her sentence.

"But, Florence, dear Florence, cannot you believe me? I confess to having felt a murderous harred of Talbot on Christmas Eve; but for anything more, for any attempt to retaliate upon him for the wrong I thought he had indicted upon me, for this attack which nearly out him his life, I repeat I am as innocent as yourself. The news came to me in a letter this morning. Tell me, why do you suspect me?" She put her hand into the pocket of her dress and drew forth a large white-haudled knife, on which was engraved her inshoul's name. This she placed in his hands without a word.

"Well," said he, "where did you get this?"

I plated it up myself yesterday, within twenty yards of the spot where the attempt was made to murder Gerald Talbot."

She shuddered as she answered, a sudden faintness came over her, and she would have failen had not Harcourt supported her with his strong arm.

For a moment he looked puzzled and confused as he regarded the knife he held in his head, and then a light came upon him and his face brightened up.

"I see it all, I understand everything now!" he oried. "The mystery is unravelled—to you hear me, Florence, darling? I can explain everything, but not now, there he not time. I must go to London by this train. See, there it comes," and he pointed to where a line of white steam in the distance marked its approach. "I will write to you, or telegraph, if I cannot seene. Good-bye, dearest, good-bye."

He kinsed his wifes line, and, resulting lightly over a gate, ran across the intervening fields in the direction of the station.

For severe, in a perfect state of bewilderment, teant upon the gate and followed him with her ayes.

direction of the station.

Floresce, in a perfect state of bewilderment, teant upon the gate and followed him with her ages.

She saw him raday to the station, which hereached a moment after the engine, anorting and labouring, had stopped at the platform; then the whistle sounded, the train glitted off upon its from read, the knew that her reconciled husband was on his way to London to clear up, as she understood him, the only obstacle now standing between her and happiness. happiness.

It was with far different feelings on that 26th of

It was with far different feelings on that 25th of December that Florence entered the Riversham cottage to those which had agitated her on Christmas Day. Nobody more miserable thee, now few happier. The heavy storm-cloud which had broken over her, bidding fair to desolate her young life for ever, had cleared off as suddenly as it had formed, and, if it

had cleared off as suddenly as it had formed, and, if it were not brilliant sunshine yet, there were gleams sufficiently bright and premising to justify her in anticipating a cloudless sky ere long.

Still there was much remaining that required explanation, but her confidence in her husband was almost, if not entirely, restored, and, with what patience she could muster, she resolved to wait for the solution of the suspicious circumstance which had confirmed her worst dreads, the fluding of the knife with Charles Harcourt's name angraved upon the handle close by the spot where the murder was attempted.

This fact, coupled with her knowledge of her husband's jeslousy, was, of course, sufficient to justify her in believing that in his rage Harcourt had tracked Gerald to the heath, and had taken vongeance upon him for the committed of an imaginary wrong; but now that she had repeated assumed from his own lips of his entire innocesses, now that wrong; but now that she had repeated assurance from his own lips of his entire innocesce, now that he had left her to go to Loudon and bring the real culprit to justice—for so she interpreted his last hasty words—she felt supremely happy, and few would have recognised in her the Florence Harcours of the preceding day.

Leaving her imply and contented, we will follow her humband to London, and keep him company while he is engaged in unravelling the mystary of the attempted murder.

CHAPTER IX.

Thus hath the course of justice whirled about.

THE train from Riversham Charles Harcourt was fortunate enough to eatch was an express, but last as it went it could not go rapidly enough for him, and he cb

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en vensaura now that the real Harcour

ill follow any while

bout.

but last as

fretted with impatience at the time that was necessarily occupied in travelling back to the great

He was convinced now completely and entirely of his wife's innocence, and the fact of his having sus-pected her seemed to draw her more closely towards him.

Charles Harcourt, cool, hard, and calculating as he has been described, did not own those attributes by reason of absence of heart, but rather by dist of severe schooling.

He was a man of considerable feeling, but he never cared to show it. Now, in the concluding scene of the great domestic drams in which he was playing the leading character, he threw aside the mask which he wore in St. Stylikes' Yard. He cast aside his business habit and became, or rather showed himself in his true light—a young man, the happy husband of a beautiful wife, with other thoughts and higher aspiratious than money-grabbing in a city office.

Still there were certain business habits natural to

thoughts and higher appirations than money-graphing in a city office.

Still there were certain business habits natural to him that he could not ahake off, even on such an occasion as that of his journey from Riversham to London on Boxing Day. For example, he acknowledged he had deeply wronged Gerald Tailbot, and Florence still more deeply. This he entered, as it were, on one side of a neetal ledger, then cast about for means by which he could write off the debt he had incurred to them.

He believed he was in possession of a clue to the mystery of the murderous assault to which Tailbot had nearly fallen a victim. Clearly it was his duty to bend all his energies to following up that clue, and it was with that notion prominently in his mind that he jumped into a hansom at the London Bridge station and bade the cabman drive swiftly to St. Stylites' Yard.

station and ba Stylites' Yard.

station and bade the cabman drive swiftly to St.
Stylites' Yard.

It was late when he reached his office, within a few
minutes of the usual hour for closing, but he was in
time to make his inquiries.

The old cashier, Walmesley, came into his private
room with a face of the gravest importance the moment he arrived.

"Oh, Master Charles," said he, "I am so glad you
have come back. Dundrum and Dunderhead's cheque
has been dishonoured, and Henry Malcolm, of the
firm of Scott and Plaid, has been here three times
to see you about that payment, and Loblolly Brothers
have smashed, and—"

"Confound them all! What do a few hundreds
matter? Where's Duncoube?"

The city man asked this latter question with an
amount of irritable excitement that Walmesley, in all
his experience, had never known him exhibit before,
while his total disregard for the business details of
the day was so unusual and so inexplicable that the
ld cashier fairly gasped for breath.

"Where's Duncombs? Send him to me instantly,"
epeated Harcourt.

"Where's Duncombe? Send him to me instantly," epeated Harcourt.

"Mr. Duncombe left early this afternoon, Master Charles; he said he had a bad headache. You see, sir, it's the day after Christmas, and several of the young gentlemen have had headaches, too. Those puddings are so unwholesome."

"Duncombe gone!" exclaimed Harcourt, communing with himself. "Surely he could not have suspected anything I No, no, that is impossible; and yet.—""

His eye fell upon the cheque-book lying before him on the table, the cheque-book in which he had commenced to draw out a draft in Duncombe's favour, but which in his excitement he had, he now remem-

but which in his excitement he had, he now remembered, laft incomplets.

Instantly he opened the book, but he looked in vain for the half-filled-in cheque. It had been torn away. There was the counterpart written on by himself, but the cheque itself was missing.

This furnished him in a moment with a clue to Duncombe's headache, and, at the same time, it confirmed certain other suspicions.

Cramming the cheque-book into his pocket, he darted out again into the street, without a word to the astonished Walmesley, and, leaping again into the cab that waited for him, he bade the driver proceed with the utmost speed to his bankers.

It was past banking hours, but Harcourt rang the bell, trusting to finding some one still on the premises—nor was he disappointed. One of the junior partners was still in his room, and to him Harcourt, being a well-known man, with a large-balance, had ready access.

"Mr. B. Men."

"Mr. Bullon," he said, "can you possibly oblige me by letting me know what cheques signed by me have been presented to-day?"

have been presented to-day?"
"I can tell you of one myself," the banker answered, smiling, "for as it was for rather a large
amount to pay over the counter Mr. Grey referred to
me before cashing it."
"But have received.

"Fifteen hundred pounds; but I know it was all

right. It was brought by your own confidential clark. What's his name—the puty-faced man?"

"Duncombe."

"Ab, yes—that's the man."

"Ab, yes—that's the man."

"Could you let me see the cheque?" asked Harcourt, keeping perfectly cool, and showing neither by voice nor manner that he expected anything

wrong.

"Yes, I think so—in fact, I believe Grey, the cashier, has not yet left."

In a few minutes, during which the banker and the merchant chatted together en politics and the weather, the cheque was produced:

Harcourt examined it minutely, then referred to the book he had brought with him, and inspected the counterpart with minute intensity.

"Is there anything wrong?"

"Yes." Harcourt examined. "This sheems in a

counterpart with minute intensity.

"Is there anything wrong?"

"Yes," Harcoart replied. "This cheque is a forgery!"

Mr. Builion started.

"Impossible, my dear sir! I examined it myself, and I could awear to your writing."

"Part of the writing Is mine; the signature and the amount are forged—cleverly, I grant, but none the less forgeries."

"We should never have paid it to any chance customer, but your managing clerk, a man we know so well, brought it himself and—"

"No apologies, Mr. Bullion. We shall have the greater part of the money back in four-and-twenty hours."

"Have you got the man?"

"No."

Do you know where he has gone?"

No; but I want him so hadly that if it cost me twice the amount of that cheque I will have himyes, if I travel round the globe to find him."

From the healt Harcourt drove to a police station, where a certain famous detective, noted throughout the city for his skill in tracking defaulting and fraudulent cherks, was to be found.

Harcourt was lucky enough to catch him just as he was on the point of going home to a quiet tea with his wife and family—for the detective was essentially a domestic man, and nobody, to look at his rosy checks and happy, contented face, would have dreamed that he was the ropository of more oriminal secrets than probably any other man in the whole of London.

London.

In a few words the monarch of St. Stylites' Yard stated what he wanted, and, money being no object, in ton minutes from the time he entered the office, nen were despatched in various directions all over London, and the telegraph had flashed messages to all the English seaports with a description of Duncombe, and instructions that wherever he night be found he was to be watched.

combe, and instructions that wherever he might be found he was to be watched.

The next step was to obtain a warrant for his arrest, and then no more could be done until information of his whereabouts was received.

"It's ten to one he's gone to Liverpool," said the detective; "they always do. Lor'! Mr. Harcourt, those regues are always fools. They might got to places in Great Britain where nobody would ever think of looking for 'em, but 'stoad o' that they go right away to the very first place that if they only thought a bit they'd know we should search."

In this special instance, at all events, the detective was right. An answer came back in an incredibly short time from Liverpool that a person answering to the description of Duncombe had arrived by the afternoon train, and had taken a berth on board the "Grand Duke" serwes stasmer for New York; further, the telegram added, the "Grand Duke" would sail early the maxt morning.

"What shall we do? How shall we catch him? Mind, we must make sure of him."

"Lor', sir, the case is that simple ft's a regular waste of gemins," answered the detective, contemptuously; "there ain't no sport in such as he. Why, Mr. Harcourt, if you went out fox-hunting, and the fox just went a few yards off into a ditch, and lay there for the hounds to catch hold of him, you wouldn't eail that sport, would you?"

"You don't think he can escape us?"

"Why, sir, we've got him at this moment as tight as if he was in Newgate. I'll just send a man down by the 9.15, and we'll have him here, handonifed, by breakfast-time."

Harcourt had as yet not even hinted that he had a charge beyond lorgery to bring against his late

Harcourt had as yet not even hinted that he had a charge beyond lorgery to bring against his late

clerk.

At pasent he could only surmise that it was Duncombe who had attempted to murder Gerald Talhot.

He had no legal evidence against him, and he himself was completely at a less to imagine any motive
strong enough to induce a man like Duncombe to
plan such a crime. He never would have suspected
him but for the knife—that white-handled knife which
had assumit to Florence auch strong presumptive
proof of his own guilt; but the sight of it had re-

called to his mind an incident surprisingly trivial in itself, which had led Duncombe to borrow the knife on the morning of the 24th of December.

This was the clas which he had come to Loudon to follow up. The incident of the forged cheque—though totally unconnected with the other business, so far as he could see—to a certain extent confirmed his suspicions; and he would have had no doubt whatever on the matter had he only been able to assign any probable motive for the commission of the

It was in vain he racked his brain to supply this

It was in vain he racked his brain to supply this important link of evidence—still he clung to the belief that, by means of the kuife, he would not only exonerate himself, but bring the true oulprit to justice. In his eagerness—dreading that in unskilful hands Duncombe might after all-effect his escape—Charles Harcourt offered the famous detective a liberal fee to take the matter is to his own hands. The business was arranged at once, and at a quarter past nine the city merchant and the police-officer left London in a first-class carriage of the London and North Western Railway Company bound for Liverpool.

North Western Railway Company bound for Liverpool.

It was an unadventurous journey. The detective, well used to such sudden trips, and as comfortable in a train as in his bed, curled himself up on the cushions, and slept like a top. But Harcourt had no inclination to sleep. His brain was too busy to allow him to court repose. The events of the day had been of far too exciting a character and were yet so far from being complete that to him sleep was an impossibility.

Again and again he went mentally over the old ground, but without being able to bring any new light to bear upen the matter, which on resching Lime Street appeared to him just as atrange, confused, and inexplicable, a jumble as it had done on leaving Euston Square.

It was a cold, damp, miserable morning. A white fog, which seemed to penetrate the chest and produce every variety of cough, huag over Liverpool, enveloping it in a choking, misty vapour. The deserted streets were wet and shiny, the roads were muddy and slippery, the fow people lounging about the station were shivering and depressed.

"What's to be done first?" Harcourt asked, as well as his chattering teeth would permit.

"Brandy and water, hot," answered the detective, concisely.

Harcourt demurred at the waste of time. It seemed

concisely.

Harcourt demurred at the waste of time. It seemed to him that every moment gave an additional chance to huncembe for escape, and he said as much.

"Don't you worry 'yourself," answered the detective, cheerily; "you've put it in my hands and you'll have to leave it there."

"But suppose he should give us the slip?"

"He can't, my dear sir—it's impossible!"

The intelligent officer dropped another lump of super fatto his grog and asked for a mild cigar.

"How long are you going to stay here?"

"About an hoar."

"An hour?" echoed Harcourt, aghast.

"About an hour."

"An hour?" echoed Harcourt, aghast.

"Yes. It's more comfortable than down by the water. Don't you go supposing I'm idle all this time. I have my messeugers every few minutes."

"I have not seen them."

"That's because you don't know where to look. Did you notice that porter at the station who shoved up against me and begged my pardon?"

"Yes."

"Yes."

"That was a message. So was that beggar boy who asked me to buy a box o'lights. Bless you, Mr. Harcourt, we've got our ways of doing business. I only wish this was a difficult case, that there might be some honour and glory in. Lor' bless you, sir, nabing this chap Duncombe is like shooting an oid hen, sitting on her perch, at a distance of a couple o' yards; it's curtain work, but it ain't a thing to be proud of."

After an hour or more, during which various hot.

yards; it's certain work, but it ain's a thing to be proud of."

After an hour or more, during which various hot brandles and sandry mild digars were consumed, the detective proposed going down to the river much as if the were inviting Harpourt to a pleasant stroll.

Through the dark, wel, loggy, maddy attests they applaabed their way river wards, Harcourt outstriding his companion in his eagerness, until they reached the long line of quays rivinging the Mersey.

On past the long row of lights which gloomed and glimmered diamally they went upon their way, until they reached a wharf which aboved some signs of life and animation. Forters with lanters were bustling to, and fro, laggage piled in huge heaps stood waiting transport, and a diamal knot of gloosy passengers huddled together waited the boat that was to take them off to the big steamer which lay snorting and blowing off her steam in the middle of the river.

the river.
"Thut's the 'Grand Duke,' Mr. Harcourt," said
the detective, indicating the large vessel leoning
hasily in the mist

"Good Heavens! Why, she is on the point of starting!"

"Yes, she'll be off in half an hour—or less."
"Where is a boat? How can we get on board? I know how it would be if we frittered away our time—we shall miss him!"

"Not likely."
"But where is he? Where's Duncombe?"

"He'll be here in five minutes."
"Are you sure he isn't on board?"

" Of course I am! Lor', sir, I weren't born yester-

day."
Under ordinary circumstances Charles Harcourt would have been every whit as calm, cool, and col-lected as the detective, but in the present instance all his customary sang-froid had deserted him, and he was full of eager apprehension that after all Dun-

combe might escape.

Every moment fresh people arrived upon the wharf, and yet the police-officer stood calm and unmoved, puffing his cigar, and seemingly taking no manner of notice of the different arrivals who hurried and pushed about him.

about him.

"Have no fear, sir," he whispered; "I shall have
notice when he comes. "It sin's the first time by a
dozen that I've caught my bird on this very wharf."
Harcourt waited with what patience he could.
Presently a man, dressed like a dock labourer, passed
close by them, and, turning for a moment, touched his hat.

The detective instantly threw away the end of his

cigar.
"He's coming now," said he. "You just get out of sight behind that crane."

"Why?"

"Because, if he catches sight of you he'll know
there's something wrong, and make a bolt for it—not
but what we should be sure of having him if he did,
but I like to do these little jobs in a quiet and gentle—
and was without any disturbance."

manly way without any disturbance."
"Very well. He will not see me here."
"No. That's right enough. Mind you don't show till I've got the darbies on him. Here he comes!
Just stop where you are till I give the signal."

(To be continued.)

SCIENCE.

Signs of the Weather.—Mr. Robert Scott, at the Royal Institution, in a lecture on "Meteor-ology," said that when the clouds lie low on the bills it is a sign of rain, for the air near the ground must then be largely saturated with moisture. Very bright, clear weather, making very distant hills plainly visible, is also a sign of rain, for when the planity vanies, is also to sain of rank, for who the air is dry it contains more dust and hase. As the vapour condenses, it first attaches itself to the fine particles of dust, and, by rendering them heavier, causes them to sink to the ground. A fine starlight night in otherwise rainy weather is a sign that it will probably begin to rain again next morning.

will probably begin to rain again next morning.

LUBRICATORS.—An improved lubricator, which acts upon the principle of a siphon, has recently been patented by Mr. C. D. Austin, of Newcastleon-Tyne. He proposes to fix in the tubular stem formed at the lower part of the oil oup or reservoir, or fixed in the socket thereof, a discharge tube, the upper end of which projects into the said reservoir, and is fitted with a tube closed at its upper end, which latter tube is of such a size that it shall fit loosely on the discharge tube so as to leave a small annular or other shaped passage between them, up which the oil passes into the discharge tube, through which it descends to the surface to be lubricated.

Inbricated.

Krupp's Balloon Guns.—Some of the correspondents at the Prussian head-quarters before Faris lately announced that a steel gun, with an inch and a-half bore, five feet long, mounted on a pillar in somewhat the same way as an equatorial telescope, had been sent by Herr Krupp to the besiegers of Paris. It was intended to fire at the numerous balloons used by the French. We now hear from Essen that the Prussian staff have ordered ten more guns of the same kind. This inferentially proves that the Prussians are by no means so sanguine as reported with respect to the speedy reduction of Paris, and that they attach considerable importance to a means for checking balloon postsup syst be organised by the ingenious French.

Bronze Guns.—The time cannot now be far off

Bronze Guns.—The time cannot now be far off when the particular compound known as "gan metal" will be discarded as a material for the conmetal." Will be discarded as a material for the con-struction of artillery. Everything seems to show that if the bronze or brass of which a gun is com-posed be made hard enough to withstand friction and corrosion it is thereby rendered so brittle that it cannot endure the mechanical shock of the explo-sion; while if it is made with sufficient toughness

not to break it will be too soft to resist the burning energies of the ignited powder. To break or to bend seems to be the alternative; and a bronze gun which has held together has been known to bulge to such a degree as to render it useless. The disastrous experiments conducted at Aldershot have resulted in the announcement that "the manufacture of the 9-pounder bronze muzale-loading field guns at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich has for the present been discontinued." Great efforts have been made to prove that the superiority of the Prussian artillery has been due to the practice of breech-loading; but a far more potent reason of the inferiority of the Franch fire has been found in the fact that the French field artillery has consisted largely, if not wholly, of bronze guns.

Metrors.—Professor Rankine has written as

French field artillery has consisted largely, if not wholly, of bronse guns.

MSTEORS.—Professor Rankine has written as follows relative to the meteor of November 19th, 1870:—" Accounts have appeared in the Scottish nowspapers of a very large and bright meteor seen on the 19th instant, about 9 p.m. Greenwich time, from Edinburgh and from Carnwath (about thirty miles to the south-east of Glasgow). The meteor, as seen from Carnwath, is described as having passed from north-east to south-west, nearly overhead, and as having been followed by a rambling sound after an interval of ninety seconds. In the immediate neighbourhood of Glasgow there was on that night a hase so thick as to conceal the stars; but the glare of light produced by the meteor was distinctly seen at thirty seconds before nine, Greenwich time. It lasted three or four seconds, and, judging by the distinctness with which it illuminated terrestrial objects; was considerably brighter than the light of the full moon. From the appearance of the sky in the quarter in which the light vanished the luminous object seemed to disappear in a southerly direction at an altitude of less than 30 deg. A rumbling sound followed, after an interval which was not accurately ascertained, but is believed to have been between three and five minutes, corresponding to a distance of between thirty-six and sixty miles."

ABTIFICIAL GRAPHITE.—Graphite, or plumbago has been found in gneiss, mica slates, clay slates,

sponding to a distance of between thirty-six and sixty miles."

ARTIFICIAL GRAPHITE.—Graphite, or plumbagos has been found in gneiss, mica slates, clay slates, limestones, and a variety of other rocks of different geological periods. Its origin has long been a matter of conjecture, and scientific men have not been able to agree upon it. Professor Wagner ascribes it to the decomposition of cyanogen and of the cyanides. The black mass which sometimes separates from hydrocyanic acid, on being washed in nitric acid and dried, is found to consist of scales of graphite. Dr. Wagner infers from this that the artificial graphite that is formed on the cooling of many varieties of iron has its origin in the same source, namely, cyanogen. It is not the carbon which is held in solution in the melted iron, but the cyanogen compounds, that give rise to the graphite. In the manufacture of soda by Le Blanc's process there is always a quantity of graphite formed, which is derived from the decomposed cyanogen compounds, and in some of the large establishments of Bohemia practical application is made of this incidental product in the manufacture of lead pencils. This theory of the origin of black-lead is worthy of attention, as it may lead to cheap methods for the artificial production of that valuable substance, and at the same time help to explain many difficult geological questions. logical questions

THE "FUSEE SATAN."

THE "FUSEE SATAN."

M. LAURENT, the distinguished civil engineer and chemist of the Rue de Londres, Paris, has invented a rocket which will be a formidable engine of defence. He has christened it the "Fusée Satan."

To the end of an ordinary rocket is attached a very alight receptacle of tin, having exactly the shape of a conical bullet. In this receptacle is arranged a chamber filled with a composition based, we believe, upon sulphuret of carbon, which composition, once lighted, gives out considerable heat. A fusee communicates from this chamber with the top of the rocket. The tin bullet is filled, just before being used, with petroleum oil. The lighted rocket rises in the air and traverses the space necessary to arrive over a certain spot. Arrived above its object, the rocket sets fire to the fusee, the composition in the chamber of the bullet takes light, bursts its envelope, and at the same time fires the petroleum, which falls like a sheet of fiame fills a space of sixtem to twenty-four square metres, according to the size of the rocket. No. 1 throws one litre of petroleum, No. 2 two litres, and No. 3 three litres.

They can be thrown a distance of six kilométres, and aimed with great precision, being balanced by means of a long stick attached to each rocket, which maintains the elevation given to it at the time of discharge. Some interesting experiments were made recently with this weapon at St. Cloud. In less than ton minutes a considerable space of ground was covered with a sea of fire. A committee composed of superior officers of artillery presided over the ex-

periments, and the general at their head was appalled by the terrible nature of this engine of destruction. Just imagine this sea of fire falling upon the Prussian masses, burning everything, setting light to the cartridges in the soldiers' pouches and to the ammunition vans of the artillery. The committee, in its report, says the journal Le France, has declared in its opinion no civilised nation could make use of these rockets except for reprisals; and it would be only in case of the Prusians firing upon Paris with petroleum bombs, such as they used at Strasburg, that the defenders would be entitled to retaliste with the rocket. However this may be, the Committee of National Defence has given the inventor a large building on the Batignolle (formerly a girls' school), and has ordered the immediate manufacture, on a large scale, of Satan rockets. From day to day 200 workmen will be sotively employed, and within a few days they will have a sufficient stock to enable them to repay the Prusiasan in their own coin, if, as at Strasburg, they make use of unlawful weapons. own coin, if, as at Strailawful weapons.

HOW GLASS PAPER WEIGHTS ARE MADE

HOW GLASS PAPER WHIGHTS ARE MADE.

EVENT one knows those paper weights of solidcolourless glass, in a hemispherical shape, in the
centre of which are bouquets, portraits, and even
watches, barometers, etc., but few persons know how
or by what means these things are incarcerated in
the centre of the glass. There is a great distinction to be made, not merely between the objects, but
also between the materials of which they are composed. As those representing flowers and bouquets
in glass—those from which the name is derived—are
the most ancient and the best known, we will begin
with them.

posed. As those representing flowers and bouquets in glass—those from which the name is derived—are the most ancient and the best known, we will begin with them.

The first thing to be done is to sort and arrange a certain quantity of small glass tubes of different colours in the cavities of a thick molten disc, disposing them according to the object to be represented. This done, the tubes are enclosed between two layers of glass. To do this they begin by placing on one side of the disc which contains the tubes a layer of crystal, to which the tubes soon become attached. When this is done the disc is removed, and a second layer of crystal is placed on the opposite side. The object being placed in the centre between these two layers of glass thus soldered together, it becomes necessary to give the ball its hemispherical form, which is done when the crystal is again heated, by means of a concave spatula of moistened wood. It then only remains to anneal and to polish it on the wheels.

That a glass ornament, being covered with a layer of hot glass, should receive no injury or change of colour, may be easily understood from its extremely refractory nature; but it is not the same with objects in metal, such as watches, barometers, etc., which a far less degree of heat would exidize or even entirely destroy. The mode of manufacture, therefore, of these latter objects is quite different from that of the first. It is easy enough to prove this. If we look at a paper weight, provided the interior be of glass, the upper and under part of the recipient will also be of glass. If we now examine a paper weight containing a watch or barometer, under the lower part of the ball will be found a piece of green cloth, the use of which its okep in its place the objects which, instead of only forming one body with the covering of glass which surrounds them, are only placed in a cavity made beforchand in the centre of the half-spherical ball. In a word, to take out the glass ornaments it would be necessary to break the paper weight; w

Breswax.—Huber, of Geneva, several years since found that bees did not obtain their wax entirely from plants; he kept some bees in a confined place and fed them entirely on honey, and they formed quite as much wax as when they were perfectly at liberty amongst the flowers. In this way he proved that wax, which is a true fat, was a secretion of the

bee.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer has discovered that in many city firms it is the custom to pay employe's partly by salary and partly by a commission on the profits, but that whereas the employe's return the first for assessment to the income-tax, they forget to mention the second. So he is just now causing much perturbation in clerkly circles by inquiries which he thinks very pertinent and they think very importium.

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THE

LOST HEIRESS OF LATYMER.

CHAPTER IX.

These tardy tricks of yours will, on my life, One time or other break some gallow's back Heavy VI.

So unexpected was this meeting with rundel that Parry was taken completely by surprise, and his hand shook nervously as it went to the hilt of his dagger. The earl gently laid his hand upon Parry's

"You need not resort to that, sir," said Arundel, calmly, "for I have long odds in the possession of this," tapping the hilt of his sword. "No harm is intended to you, sir, whoever you are, and I desire only a word with you."

Parry dropped his hand again, but raised it to draw his cloak still closer about his face. As he did so a murderous thought filled his brain. He saw that the earl did not heed the motion—would it be possible for him to draw his dagger with as little suspicion?

Now was the time, he thought, for a settlement, and he made we his added.

Now was the time, he thought, for a settlement, and he made up his mind to fall upon Arundel and slay him on the spot. The earl read his inten-tion well, and took a small silver whistle in his

tion well, and took a small silver whistle in his hand.

"Look there, sir, do you see my men? Perhaps it is too dark—nevertheless they are there, and in a moment would rush to my side. They are even toow listening for my signal."

"I did not intend to attack you, sir," said Parry, feigning not to know with whom he was speaking. He hoped to pass unrecognised now that his villanous intention was defeated, and spoke in an impatient tone. "I am a peaceful merchant, sir, and am at a loss to know why you should address me here. You startled me, and I prepared myself for defence." "You will have little need of defence unless from my followers. I wish but a few words with you; but, first, what were you saying about Latymer?"

"Whatever I said cannot concern a stranger."

"Perhaps not; at any rate you have the right of refusing to answer me," said the earl; "but there is one question to which I demand a reply. Standing in the garden of youder cottage, I saw a man through the blinds. For reasons of my own I watched there until you came stealthily from the back gate, and I followed you here. Now, sir, who are you, and what have you to do with the inmates of that cottage?"

[ALONE WITH GRIEF.]

Parry saw, by this question, that the earl had not recognised him, and a reply was not long shaping itself in his mind.

Parry saw, by this question, that the earl had not recognised him, and a reply was not long shaping itself in his mind.

"I am a merchant, sir stranger; Mark Lawton by name, and I was sent for to transact business with Dame Rachel Hatton. I tell you this, not on compulsion, but because I have nothing to conceal. Parmit me to pass."

"One word more. What you say may be true; I'll not gaineay your word without proof; but I have doubts of the matter, although I may not assert them. Master Lawton, if that be your name, do you know Sir Christopher Hatton?"

"He has long dealt with me, and hence the Dame Rachel sent for me in his absence. But is it a generous thing, sir stranger, to stop a peaceable merchant only to insult him with your suspicions?"

"If I wrong you, Master Lawton, I will make ample amends. But meanwhile I advise you to have care in your visits to the cottage. There is treschery shrond, and an honourable merchant of London should not be associated with it."

"Your lordship does not think that I knew—""

"No matter," interrupted the earl, "untill Sir Christopher returns I shall endsevour to protect his niece from the dangers which threaten her. Esevers punishment shall fall upon one who attempts to harm her before I have put Sir Christopher pon his guard. You understand, Master Lawton? If you visit the cottage do so at season-labe hours, and make your exit from the front like an Incest man. Do you understand, Master Lawton is all fall work of the young the property on his guard. You understand, Master Lawton? If you, wish the cottage do so at season-labe hours, and make your exit from the front like an Incest man. Do you understand, Master, "and make your exit from the front like an Incess the property on the property of the property

pace to prepare for a reception given that night by Lady Hertford. Lady Anne Wardour would be one of the guests.

"Not long, my lady; time does not seem long to when in your service."
Thank you, Gilbert; I believe you, but do not at-

tempt compliments now. I have

tay with you."

The earl started back, as if to withdraw from the ot, while a pang of jealousy shot through his art. "Surely," he told himself, "there can be no private matters discussed in so public a place." A strange fascination bound him to the spot, although his cheek seemed burning with shame at the thought of his being a voluntary listener. Still her voice held him soul bound. bim spell-bound.

He has not come. Gilbert; are you sure he was not wounded?'

Very sure, my lady; I saw him on his horse but

vory sure, my lady; I saw him on his horse but a few hours ago. He was coming from the cottage."
"Is she very beautiful, Gilbert?"
"Indeed, Lady Anne, such beauty is ware to find." Something like a sigh seemed to come up on the night air, and for a moment Lady Anne said nothing.
"When do you have to sail, Gilbert?" she asked, presently.

presently. "In a day or two at the farthest. Our captain was injured, and the vessel will sail as soon as a new master is appointed."

Are you willing to endure the hardships of

"Are you willing to enture the hardening of this life for my sake, Gilbert?"

"I do not find it hard to bear; but were it ten times as hard, I would bear it to serve you. I can never forget the debt of gratitude I owe you fer kindness to my poor father."

"How is he, Gilbert?"

"He is well, and begs me tell your ladyship that to you be owes all the comforts which cheer his de-

was faithful to our family, and so much was

"He was faithful to our family, and so much weed due to him. He need not thank me for it."

"But he has no claim on you, Lady Anne."

"He has the very strongest claim, ditbert; but you cannot understand the esercise of a woman's heart.

Well, let me tell you.—I have written to them by you, and you must manage to keep them on the Contin months longer. I must know all, and the truth. Do not speak to me, Gilbert, do not speak of this to me. There is hope, and it could be consummated at once-

Will your ladyship risk the chance?" inter-

male voice. rupted the

Yes, Gilbert, I must be sure that he leves me y and well. I must be certain. Manage to detruly and well.

"I pray that you may be righted, my lady. It is my dearest wish, if I may be pardoned for saying so. At any rate you will find a faithful servant in me."

"I am sure of it, Gilbert. I feel——"

A burst of music drowned the voices of the speakers, and Arundel heard no more. With many conflicting smotions he tore himself away, ashamed to eath another word. Had he paused but a moment longer the mystery would have been solved; but he now entered the crowded room, and, leaning against the wall with folded arms, gave himself up to thought.

"She has some sorrow," he thought, " some great trouble; would that I had the right to guard and

shield her from it."

Of the man with whom Lady Anne was talking he no longer felt a doubt. He was not one of her own rank in life, and was probably some retainer or agent.

agent.

"Gilbert! I know of no one—stay, there was my old secretary, my faithful Gilbert; but he could not know Lady Anne. Besides, this was the voice of a younger man. Ah! she loves me not, I fear, yet I will soon know the worst. I will speak to her of the line fact, then of myself."

this maiden first—then of myself."
How long he remained there in thought Arondel could not tell, but he was suddenly roused by Lady Anne's volce near him, and, gluncing up, saw her chatting gaily with half a dozen gallants. It was with great difficulty that he at length

It was with great difficulty that he at length reached her side, but he could not draw her from the tone of gay trifling that she had assumed. Looking into her pure eyes, he thought of the words he had heard, but every doubt vanished from his mind. He not look at that beautiful face and entertain a

doubt of her honesty and truth.

"Will you step upon the balcony for a few mo-ments, Lady Anne?" he asked as she took his prof-fered arm for a promenade; "I should like to speak to you alone—to enlist your sympathies in behalf of one every way worthy of them."

a To speak of your new protégée, perhaps," said ahe, with a slight curl of the lip; "I have heard that she is very beautiful. Do you find her so, my lord?"

"She is beautiful, Lady Anne-she is like my

cousin, Lady Latymer."
"Hers was a beauty rarely found, Lord Arundel is this girl really like her?

" Strikingly so. I am sure, Lady Anne, it will prove a recomblance that you will recognise, as good as she is beautiful."

as good as she is beautiful."

"How romantic—you save her from drowning—gratitude to her preserver, followed by leve—she is proved to be a princess in disguise—happy discovery—happy termination, like the Italian tales and romances." She spoke with a sarcasm that nearly reached bitterness. "My lord, permit me to congratulate you on your good fortune."

"You are cruel, Lady Anne, to speak so to me. I

came to-night expressly to ask your sympathy and interest for her."

Highly flattering, my lord; then it is due to

anguly descring, my lord; then it is due to her alone that we have the honour of your presence."

"Do not—do not speak so, I implore you. It is not just to me or to yourcelf."

"I but repealed your own assertion in its legical conclusion. Do you wish me to see this girl to advocate your cause? Surely, Lord Arundel need not fear to propose for the hand of a person girl."

"Again you are ernelly seressite, Anne. If you did but know her——"

fear to propose for the hand of a pessant girl."

"Again you are cruelly sarcastic, Anne. If you did but know her—"

"But how am I to find this paragon of earthly and angelic leveliness, supposing that I should decide to advance your suit?"

He was inexpressibly annoyed at the tone and manner that she had adopted upon this subject, yot he remained caim under the torture she was inflicting, and gave her Victorine's address.

She listened to him almost scornfully, and interrupted him but once to murnur something about love in a college. But for all her sarcasm Lord Arundel new that she was strangely agitated. A bright spot burned on either wheek, and her voice was saved from tremor only by the rapidity of her speciel. She gave him no time to speak.

"Perhaps I may see her for your lordship's sake," and she, with rapid utterance, "perhaps to gradily my own outseits. So she is your ideal of iemale beauty?"

"Have I said so, Anne? Why will you be so cruel to me when you know that I am suffering now

Ah! my lord, then I will promise to see her. did not think it so serious a matter," she interrupted, quickly, while a laugh was mingled with her raillery. But the smile on her lip died away when she saw his pale and suffering face.

pale and suffering face.

"You seem deeply moved, my lord; am I cruel for lack of seriousness on a subject so near your heart ?"

"Oh, Lady Anne! you distress me beyond n by this

"Indeed, I do not intend it. Let me be serious, then, while you tell me again of her beauty and her

"Anne, hear me; do you not know that every throb of my heart is for—" Let us walk, my lord-the rooms are warm-I

"Let us wain, am am suffocating."

"Come to the air," he said, anxiously contemplating her moistened eyes and deeply fushed cheeks.

"Come to the air—let me ald you to the balcony."

"Not there; let me go to my room-I am fa

must go, my lord—at—once."

The words seemed to choke her in their utterance, and her agitation could no longer be concealed. Hastily breaking away from him, but giving him one tender, beseeching look from her tear-dimmed eyes, she hurried from the room

She was a guest at Lady Hertford's house, and immediately rushed to her own chamber.

For one moment she stood irresolute, trying to find courage to return and confess her folly and her foura, then threw herself upon a couch, and buried

tenra, then three nersen upon a couch, and puried her burning face in her hands.

"Heaven help me!" she cried, from the depths of her distressed heart. "Heaven help me, for if he loves this maiden I shall die. I cannot endure this

loves this maiden I shall die. I cannot endure this longer. Oh, Philip I my love, my darling, if you could but know how I love you!"

Who can account for the perversity of the human heart? Loving him as she did, and knowing that he waited only an opportunity—a single word or look of encouragement—to lay his heart at her feet, yet did she not dare to accept the gift that seemed priceless to her.

ster on in this history the reader will fully under stand the bitter suffering and torture which wrung from the beautiful Lady Anne Wardour this pitiful Cry.

CHAPTER X. Reason and love keep little company nowadays.

Midsummer Night's Dream.

OverLooking the garden of the cottage, from balcony of which could be seen the river with its scenes of busy life, was one latticed window, at which Victorine Hatton spent many an hour in quiet thought. Here she looked out upon the world to learn and to

wonder; here she dreamed of her mysterious past and of the unknown future. Perplex herself as she might, there was no solution to the problem; and now her brain had a new occupation, and her heart throbbed more wildly when her mind entered upon it. For the first time in her short career she was

dreaming of love.

The earl a day or two before had paused a moment at the gate to present his companion, a young man who seemed to her an Antinous indeed. She had trembled beneath young Henry Percy's ardent gase even before she had caught the rich music of his

But a moment had they been there when Dame But a moment had they been there when Dame Rachel came to draw her away; then site had gone to the balcony to collect her puszied brain, and to make sure that it was not all a dream. Was this young man—as handsome as a god—was he real, or was the some fairy prince who had come to dazzle and hardlides has?

was he some fairy prince who had come to dazzle and be wilder her?

Ten days had passed since they arrived at the cottage, and during that time events of great importance to many persons had crowind on each other. Sir Christopher had brought the maidea there, thinking that in London the surest seclusion could be found. As a general proposition this would be trend. As a general proposition this would be trend. As a general proposition this would be trend. To ordinary minds and common characters a city offers unparalleled solitude; but to those higher, solf-asserting natures, remarkable for great power either of great gunius or great heasty, it offers the surest field for remown. How was Sir Christophor to know that his attempt to rear this maiden as a peacant girl had proved a failure?

Hundreds of midens have lived in and around London, year after year, without attracting a remark, almost unknown beyond the limits of their own homes—why should be suppose that this friendless one courd be other than they? But Victorine was not one to live in seclusion. First, her remarkable heasty draw people second her; then her remarkable them to the rife; and, lastly, her own amiability and worth bound them in sice of friendship.

The cottage was soon filled with guests, and day

The cottage was soon filled with guests, and day after day, they came, first from curiosity, then for love of this singularly beautiful maiden. More than this, the fact that Victorine was visited by people of quality made her an object of interest to the neighbours. The carriage and livery of a great court lady, it was whispered about, were daily seen at the cottage gate.

True to her promise, Lady Anne Wardour called on the maiden, and found her all that report had promised. She had to confess that the rumours of her beauty were not exaggerated, while her winning, confiding manner was exceedingly charming. In an confiding manner was exceed hour they were firm friends.

hour they were firm friends.

Again and again Lady Anne listened to Victorine's story, and tried to connect it with someting that clung to her mendory of the past. In this she could but fail, although the resemblance to Lady Latymer, mentioned by Lord Arundel, was very striking. She could not see how it could be, yet was unable to drive away the feeling that this lovely girl was in some way connected with that family.

"You are so like her, Victorino—you have her very face as she looked some ten years ago, when her misfortunes come." Lady Anne said one day as she was preparing to leave the cottage.

"What were the misfortunes of which you speak?" saked Victorine.

"They were said enough; it is a gloomy story, and

They were sad enough; it is a gloomy story, and

I should not tell it to you."

Victorine's hand stole into Lady Anne's, and she

looked up with appealing eyes.
"I should like to hear it, Lady Anne—tell me, if you may, that is, if—if there is no reason why I may

not hear it."

"There is no secret in the story; it is simply this:
Some years ago I knew Lady Latymer well, and sho
was kind to me when others were harsh and cruel.
At that time she was very happy. Married to one
she loved, the possessor of s vast domain, a magnificent home, surrounded by all that wealth and luxary
could bring, she seemed like one destined to be free
from all humps cares. from all human cares.

"But all too soon the destroyer came. A nephew "But all too soon the destroyer came. A nephew of Lord Latymer determined to possess the estates, and managed to embroil the noble Latymer in some quarrel with the crown. To make a short story of it, he was literally hunted to death. But one person now stood in the way of this fiend—a little girl, who was then between five and six years of age."

Victorine was listening intently, with both hands pressed over her heart, while her bosom heaved with the strength of her inward emotions. Was she about to find some clue to her lost parents? It seemed so at that moment. But soon the hope was dashed to earth.

earth.

"Lady Latymer was prostrated by the death of or lord," continued Lady Anne, "and for a week emed to be oblivious of all about her." One day she her lord

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leath of a week reused herself sufficiently to call for her little girl. Then the dreadful truth had to be told—the child had been missing for three days, nor could any clue be

found.

"Nearly frantic, Lady Latymer rose from her bed, as ill as she was, and with almost superhuman energy conducted the search. It was not until all hope was lost that the child was discovered; but, alas! she

was then a corps.

"The nephew came to Lady Latymer, and, with an appearance of contrition, told her that he had stolen the child, but had meant it no harm. He had cut off the golden hair, which might lead to detection, and stained the fur little face, when she was with a

woman in the vicinity.

"Grieving for the less of her marama, the peer little thing became ill, and died in twenty-four hours. She was now in a coffin, waiting to be brought back to Latymer for burial.

"Such was the story told by this villain. Lady Latymer rose from her bed when the little corpse was brought to the hall, but after a single glance fell senseless upon the coffin. For weeks she was un-

conscious."

"Did the poor lady recognise her shild?" asked Victorine, with bated breath.

"Yes, I presume she did. So it was said at the time, and she had but a faint recollection of it afterwards. There is little doubt that she would have detected any fraud. The villain was now the heir, and strove Lady Latymer from her home. Against the advice of her friends, she went to France, where she died two years later. Thus a happy family was destroyed by one scheming villain."

"What a wretch he must have been. I wonder that Heaven permits such wicked men to live and prosper."

prosper."

"Nor did it either. In six months his punishment came. He was found murdered on his own estate. Report said that the assassin was one who had aided him in his nefarious plans, and with whom he had broken faith."

"De you think he killed this little girl?"

"Parkara not be was too covered to do it him.

"Ho you think he killed this little girl?"

"Perhaps not—he was too cowardly to do it himself. His agents did it, beyond a doubt, but the crime was never detected. It nearly killed Lady Latymer to less her poor little Lucy——"

"Lucy!" exclaimed Victorine, with a sudden cry.

"Yes, that was the name. A bright and beautiful little fairy she was—such as you must have been at air."

six."
"Was there no doubt-Victorine began to give expression to a hope which was filling her brain, but paned for lack of words. "No doubt of her death?" Lady Anne asked.

Victorine bowed.

Victorine bowed.

"None. Lady Latymer saw the body, and recognised it when she fell searches upon it. She never again seemed to recover her senses fully, and would always talk wildly upon that subject."

The maiden sighed deeply. One of the hopes which had been raised in her mind was thus destroyed completely; but even if she could not find a clue in the name of Latymer, she was satisfied that some or later some indication of her parentage must appear.

appear.

It was painful to have the assurance that the little
girl had really died, for she had not cried out when
the name was mentioned without cause. One of the
relies of her mother, left in France, bore the simple
word "Lucy," and hence she had cried out with jey
when the name was pronounced.

word "Lucy," and hence she had cried out with juy
when the name was pronounced.

Had there been the slightest doubt of the death of
little Lucy Latymer, she would have told Lady Anno
of the relies, but her emotion at the moment made
her forget to do so.

Lady Anne neticed her agitation, but attributed it
to the influence of the east story she had told. She

Lady Anne noticed her agitation, but attributed it to the influence of the sad story she had told. She turned to say good-bye.

"I must go now, Victorine, and it will seem long before I can see you again. For the next week I am on duty at the palace, and must attend her majesty; but as soon as possible you shall see me here again."

"Do not forget me; dear lady, if you knew how much I love you, could you feel how much joy your friendship gives to me, even charity would bring you back to me. Your heart is tender and good—let me possess some little of it for my own."

She spoke rapidly and eloquently, her passionate words appealing strongly to the lady's heart.

"You shall have it, my friend—my sweet friend, do not doubt my love for you. You shall find a true friend in me; and if in my power the mystery of your birth shall be made clear. I will see Sir Christopher himself. Addon, addon!"

With one warm embrace they clasped each other, them, tearing herself away, Lady Anne sprang into her carriage.

then, tearing assessment that the carriage.

Victorine leaned her check upon the gate and gazed after the rapidly retreating coach with a sense of desolation she had never felt before.

Peering through the lattice was the sinister face of Dame Rachel, who found herself foiled at every turn by the guileless simplicity and truthful henesty of

by the guileless simplicity and truthful honesty of her charge.

Trouble was browing for the dame. Despite her efforts, the circle of the maiden's friends was rapidly enlarging. The earl had called, and had sent both kindly greetings and presents. He had even brought young Percy there to dazzle the maiden, and perhaps to win away her heart. He had sent Lady Anne there, and now these two had become fast friends—binding themselves together by a chain which the dame could not break or sever by treachery.

Sir Christopher had gone to his estate; Parry had not been at the cottage since the evening that he met the earl.

"What can I do?" the dame asked herself; "what can I do alone to stop this growing interest in her? They leave me here to do what I cannot do, and they will blame me if I fail. I must find Parry or all is lost."

"What is lost, dame?" came a voice from the shrubbery near har. She was sitting by the cottage door in the rapidly declining twilight. Victorine had retired to her chamber.

"Oh, Parry, you frightened me. Come in quickly. I was just wishing for you."

"Where is......"

"Above—keep under the balcony. She may be out," said the dame, in a whisper.

Parry sprang across the short open space, and was hidden beneath the balcony, when a noise above told him that Victorine was coming to her favourite seat.

"What is the matter new, dame?"

"Matter? Matter enough. Parry. You leave me here to do your bidding, and expect me to perform impossible things. I can't prevent her friends from coming here. It seems to me that half London has been here within the past week. They will come to see her in spite of me."

"Who comes to see her?" see her in spite of me

"Who comes to see her?"

"Who comes to see her?"

"Why, haven't I told you? Lord Arundel comes, and Lady Anne Wardour; and everybody about here. The earl brought a gallant here whom he called

and Lady Anne Wardour; and everybody about here. The earl brought a gallant here whom he called Percy—"

"Heary Percyt" exclaimed Parry, in surprise;
"has he been here?"

"That be has, and I could not stop him, though I took her away from them at once."

"This is growing sorious," Parry said to himself, while the dame was going on with her story. "I can wait no longer. The quoen does not notice my memorial, and I must urge it npon her. Meantime the girl must not remain here. I told them she would be at my villa soon, and it must be sconer than I expected when I laid the wager. If Sir Christopher hear that she has been visited by atrangers, he will take her away. Once in my power, she shall not fall into his hands until I have his pleege."

"You'll not barm her, Parry?" asked Rachel, who had overheard some of Parry? solidaguy.

"Do not fear, dame. All my interest is in her preservation, Does that satisfy you?"

"I should not like her injured—"

"Nor shall she be," interrupted Parry, impatiently.
"I can assure you of that, dame. Now listen to me: Whatever is dome by me is beyond your power, and you cannot be made responsible for it. She must be taken away from this place at ence, but boyond a forced confinement no harm shall come to her. Take her for a walk to-morrow evening; and when ouy return you shall have fifty golden guineas."

It was not until Parry had used the threats which had so eften intimidated the weak woman that he made her promise to do his bidding, and she was subbing bitterly when he rose to leave the cottage.

"Tell Sir Christopher that she was taken from you by force; and you need say no more. Of concas you will not know the men who do it. There! there! Rachel, dry your tears, and call her from the window so that I can get out."

Dame Rachol called the maiden from her retreat on the balcony, and, as her step was heard on the land-

so that I can get out."

Dame Bachel called the maiden from her retreat on the balcony, and, as her step was heard on the landing, Parry left the cottage perch and stole away unperceived.

perceived.

Upperceived? No; some one saw him—one who had long been watching beyond the garden, and followed on to the city to report his discovery to the earl. Lord Araudel was sitting with his Iriend, young Henry Percy, when his agent entered. The man looked at Percy ere he spoke; but the earl bade him proceed, and he related what he had seen.

"It is the same, doubtless," said the earl; "the description answers for Master Lawton, so far as I could see him in the dark, if that be his name. We must fad him out?"

"I will see to it myself," said Percy, impetuously.

must fad him out!"
"I will see to it myself," eaid Percy, impetuously.
"To-morrow I will take this good man's place, and, should be again some out by steatth, I will force him to give some good account of himself,"
"Do not use violence, Percy; it would be doing

her a wrong to have her name linked with a street brawl, no matter how innocent she may be."
"Yot will I see that he meditates no ill to her," the young man replied; sad after a few more words bade his friend adieu.

(To be continued.)

जमक DIAMOND MERCHANT.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

No lady closer; for I will believe
Thou wilt not utter what thou dost not know.

SIR EDRED, greatly in need of rest, soon fell asleep also, and awoke not until a hand was laid upon his shoulder.

He appears to be a second

shoulder.

He sprang to his feet instabily, sword in hand, for he imagined some enemy had assailed him. But the voice of his guide called out:

"My faith, Sir Edred, you are supple of limb! All is well, and it is time we were on our journey."

"Why, it is night again!" exclaimed Sir Edred, for he could barely discern the form of the guide in the clear. the gloom.

"The sun has just set," replied Anselm, "but in this shade it seems night. Follow me. Our horses are ready, and ere miduight, if all goes well, we shall arrive at the 'Iron Hand' inn." In a few minutes the guide and Sir Edred were

In a few minutes the guide and Sir Edrad were again in their saddles, threading the many and devious paths of the great forest, all of which were well known to Auselm.

Leaving Sir Edred on his way, it is necessary that we should speak of the morements of Sir Frits, after his defeat in that series of battles which placed the barons in possession of the Riders' chief fortress, called the Rock. called the Rook.

The Rock was, in truth, the foundation and emi-nence in that part of the Bohemian forest on which, ages before the date of our story, the first fortress of the three which were included in the general name

nence in that part of the Bohemian forest on which, ages before the date of our story, the first fortress of the stress which were included in the general name. The Rock had been built. The emineuce had been known by that title long before the hand of man erected any edifice upon it, and now, when three strong castles, with their various defences and additions, had been erected there, the entire place retained the name by which it was known when the legions of Casar invaded Germany—The Rock.

It was from the last defunce of this stronghold that Sir Fritz fiel, sorely wounded, when he saw that his partisans were utterly routed by the harons.

Many of those who had supported him fled with him, but the fear of pursuit and desire for coacealment separated the fugitives, and on the night after that battle which threw Addort into his dungeon, Sir Fritz found himself alone in the heart of the forest, and many miles from the Rock.

He had abandoued the horse upon which he had fled, and the going down of the sun found him, weak and faint, and barely able to stand erect, upon the bank of a narrow and swiftly running torrent, which flowed into a great basin a mile below the spot where he made his first halt. Into this basin, which was half a mile in area, fell a sheet of water from the edge of a precipice more than a hundred feet in height. This cataract, in a single unbroken sheet, many yards in width, fell like an enormous apron over the breast of the precipice, concaling its rocky, jagged front, and the cavern, at its base.

The clouds of spray and mist caused by the entaract as its headlong stream struck the waters of the basin hid a narrow ledge by which one could readily pass behind the sheet of water, and so enter the cavern before whose yawning mouth the falling waters were a perpetual veil.

In this cavern, or rather in one of its upper chambers—for the hand of Nature had fashioned within it many apartments—dwelt Sada Probstar, once the service of the house of Altenburg, the nurse who had had charge of that young

upon the narrow ledge or shelf of rock which ran along the face of the precipice at one side of its base, a few feet above the level of the agitated waters of the basin into which the cataract fell.

The ledge was invisible to human eyes until the clouds of mist which ever enshrouded it were passed or deeply penetrated, and its very existence was known to but few. The few who were aware of its existence, of the access it gave to the cavern and of the cavern itself, were Sir Fritz and his half-brother, the imprisoned Aldort, and those who were within the cavern at the time of which we write.

Immediately after halting on the rocky bank of the torrent, a mile above the basin which received the waters of the great cataract, Sir Frits waded into the stream, and then, with the water up to his armstream, and then, with the water up to his arm-disappeared under an over-hanging rock, in which was a long, low cave.

which was a long, low cave.

He soon reappeared, pushing a broad, shallow, flat-bottomed boat before him until he reached the shallow water near the spot where he had first halted. Then, getting into the boat, he used the two cars with which it was furnished, and floated boldly out upon

the rushing torrent.

The swift waters swept him with terrific speed to wards the basin a mile below, and he used all his strength and skill to guide his boat so that he should be carried across the basin to the unseen ledge within the eternal clouds of mist.

in the eternal clouds of mist.

Should he fail to come within reach of the ledge, which, as we have said, was invisible to any one floating upon the basin, he would be swept either under the cataract and drowned, or be hurried on to the rapids on the other side of the basin, and hurled over another great cataract less than a mile below.

To fail to reach the ledge was to be hurried to certain death.

This Sir Fritz well knew; but accident having first made him aware of the existence of the ledge and the cavern to which it gave access, he had often and the caver to which it gave access, no man often performed the hazardous feat of boldly steering into the perpetual mists, which, when entered, were far more transparent than they appeared at a distance.

Therefore he soon found himself near enough to

the ledge to grasp its damp edge, to fasten his boat to an iron staple he had formerly driven into the rock, and then to climb from the boat to the ledge. The latter was less than three feet wide, but more than a hundred feet long, and ending at the mouth of the cavern. This was at the centre of the base of the precipice, the cataract falling over it like an immense apron.

Along this narrow shelf Sir Fritz now moved with great difficulty. His strength was nearly exhausted; he was surrounded by total darkness, and the spray from the vast volume of falling water behind which he was drenched him to the skin and chilled his

he was drenched him to the skin and chilled his blood like ice.
Only his fearless courage, his fierce pertinacity of purpose, and his desire to live to take vengeance upon the barons, as well as to escape the eager pursuit and search he knew would be made for him, enabled him to pass slowly along the ledge, crawling on his hands and knees, until he entered the mouth of the cavern. There he sank down upon a bed of sand and pebbles, crying out, with all his strength:

"Rescue! Rescue!"
This cry filled the hellow wants of the cavern and

This cry filled the hollow vaults of the cavern, and seemed repeated here and there in the distance, as it

echoed through the depths.

Having uttered this cry three times, Sir Fritz could do no more, but sank into complete insensi-

His cries, however, had been heard in one of the upper vaults of the cavern, and to this apartme now lead the reader-that is, to the place where Sada Probstar then was

The apartment had been the work of nature, yet was romarkably like such as might have been de-signed by man. It was large, nearly square, and had a lofty roof. The floor of rock was perfectly level, and covered with rich carpeting. The walls too, were covered with tapestry. There was a great too, were covered with tapestry. There was a fireplace at one end, in which a brilliant fire burning. The chimney of this fireplace was an ex-cavation through the solid rock of the precipice; and at times the hissing of the flames proved that water dripped down it from its unseen termination, which in the face of the precipice over which the great

cataract plunged.

There were two windows also, cut by the hand of man, to admit such light of day as might penetra the great curtain of falling waters, the wall on the side being not two feet thick. As it was after su set, no light now entered at these windows, but that of the wood fire brilliantly lighted up the apart

The furniture of the room was such as was to be found only in the abodes of the rich, and had been carried thither by SirFritz, from time to time, for the use of his mother, Sada Probstar. She was a woman who had been beautiful in her

youth; but age, remorse, baffled ambition and oc-casional madness had long since hardened or swept away all lines of beauty, and had left a pale, dark visage, at times sad, at times fierce, and sometimes that of a maniac.

At the moment we introduce her she sat in a large arm-clair, with her long gray hair falling in dis-hevelled masses around her face and over her shoulders. Her upper garment was a long, loose robe of black, of rich material.

At the time when Sir Fritz was crossing the basin on his way to the cavern she was sitting with her gaunt, skeleton-like hands resting upon the arms of her chair, and her dark, sad eyes staring into the

azing emore.

Apart from her were seated two women, whisperag together, but with their eyes ever warily turned
wards the person in the chair.

These two women were Bethla and Janet, the two

attendants who were separated from their mistress Lady Van De Veer, when she was set free by Si Fritz. Bethla was a woman of about thirty, a blende Fritz. Bethla was a woman of about thirty, a blonde, with piercing gray eyes, features regular, masculine, and not far from being handsome. There was a hard, bold, treacherous expression in her eyes, though her voice was singularly soft and fascinating.

Janet was much younger than Bethla, of mild and pleasant face and speech, timid and faithful. She was devotedly attached to Lady Van De Veer, and

was devotedly attached to Lady Van De Veer, and her gentle blue eyes had been moist and sad ever since her separation from her.

"Oh!" whispered Janet, "can it be possible that we are to be imprisoned in this fearful cavern all our lives, or until this old woman dies? What a fate!"

"I shall take care to make her life very short," replied Bethla, "if my stay here depends upon the length of her days. But since the chief of the Bidera, Sir Fritz, has seen fit to seize upon us to be attendants upon this woman, why, if I can, I will make him love me. Oh, if Baron Senlis of Karlwold only knew I was here! I did him a great favour once—him and his father—and they owe me something in him and his father—and they owe me something in return. Besides, I have a secret to tell them."
"Our master, Sir Edred, will certainly ransom

"It is my belief that Sir Edred is dead."

"Oh, good Heaven!"
"So I do not look to him for help. If I could only

"I am afraid to seek for one, Bethla."

"I am afraid to seek for one, Bethla."

"I have been all over the vile place," said Bethla, "and there is no way to get out, except that by which we came in—the ledge, you remember, and the horrible water, which we cannot cross without a heat nonean then I fear."

boat, nor even then, I fear. "She gives us very little trouble," remarked Janet, with a nod at Sada.

"True, she has scarcely opened her lips since we saw her. She doesn't bother her head about us, for she knows we cannot escape. Wait until she goes mad.

"Goes mad?"
"Oh, I have been afraid to tell you all that Sir Fritz said to me,"said Bethla. "We are here to at-tend upon his mother, and she is subject to fits of

iness, sometimes very violent ones."

Oh, good mercy! Why have you not told m

"Oh, good mercy! Why have you not told me this before?" whispered Janet, trembling.
"Because Sir Fritz—to whom I have taken a great fancy—told me to say nothing about it to you, un-less I should see signs of a fit of that kind."
"Oh, Heaven, deliver me! And do you tell me so now because you see such signs, Bethla?" asked Janet, shuddering and staring in terror at the woman in the chair. in the chair.

"Bind my arms! Bind me to my chair!" here eried Sada, in a hollow voice. "My fit is coming

upon me!"
"So! E "So! Sir Fritz told me she would give warning of the fit," said Bethla as she snatched up a coil of rope and proceeded to secure the unfortunate woman to the chair.

"I am going wild," said Sada, in a hollow, tremu-lous voice, as Bethla bound her. "All that I may say in my fit is delirium. Give no heed to it. I may be as mute as a stone. I may rave. The fit may last a day, or a month. I would that Aldort were here, a day, or a month. I would that Aldort were here, and not you. I hate him; yet he is used to this, and you are not. But Sir Fritz said I must have women's hands about me, since, in my last fit, I strove to tear off my garments. Heed nothing that I may say. If I die you will never leave this cavern—dead or alive. Remember that I may speak secrets that should not be spoken—I know I shall. So attend to me not be spoken—I know I shall. So attend to me carefully in my madness. If I die you are doomed. Do not let me harm myself. I may plead and struggle for freedom, but see to it that I am well bound, until a sickness like death relieves me. I may be mad a day, or a month. Remember that. I may hold my tongue to the end. Heaven grant that I may. But if I cry out, and speak wildly, and mention great names, heed them not—remember them not—speak not of them to each other."

In this disjointed, incoherent manner Sada Probetar spoke as Bethla, with a caim face but glittering eyes, stood by her after the bonds had been made fast. Janet stood aloof, trembling, for the scene terrified her.

Bethla was a woman who loved to light upon a mystery. At such times her talent for intrigue and unravelling of riddles came into full play. The secret

manner in which Sir Fritz, with only one other, Aldort, had conveyed her and Janet to this strange cavern, in which they were to attend upon a singular woman, fired Bethla's mind and heart with a desire to solve a mystery which her shrewdness told her

must exist.

Therefore her situation had been far less irksome
to her than to the gentle-minded Janet. Since her
arrival at the cavern she had roamed into every part
of it, lighting her way with a lamp. A bold, masculine woman, eager and persistent, she had roamed

of it, lighting her way with a lamp. A bold, mas-culine woman, eager and persistent, she had roamed about fearlessly.

She had a contempt for ghosts, and a defiance for everything. She had visited every one of the many vaults, passages and chambers of the great cavern, which, with its numerous halls, cells, apartments and windings, was more than a square mile in area. Standing near Sada, after she had bound her, Bethla said:

"It is done, my lady. Have you any other com-

"It is done, my lady. Have you any other com-nand for me?"

You are near me?

"Yes, my lady, to serve you."
"You look strangely like one I used to know—years ago—years ago," said Sada, staring at her.
"How old are you?"

"How old are you?"

"Not thirty, my lady. I am sure you never saw me until the other day."

"My mind is whirling; yet, I remember when my eyes first fell on your face I saw something I used to know," remarked Sada, with an evident effort to keep from saying too much. "But I am going wild. Do not heed what I say."

"Since you command it, my lady," said Bethla, in her soft, charming voice, though the hardness of her eye was like that of a diamond, and as glittering.

"The voice, too," cried Sada, plainly more excited.

"But not thirty years old; you should be sixty, with that face and that voice."

"It is a young face, and a full-toned voice, my

"It is a young face, and a full-toned voice, my

"Yes—the face and the voice of Zuleme Richt."
"Zuleme Richt!" repeated Bethla to herself
much startled. "It was my mother's name. Can

woman have known my mother?"
Ha! you are Zuleme Richt!" cried Sads that cannot be, since she would be an old woman now. It is years ago—and she was more than thirty then. She had a daughter—Lena—Lena Richt—Lena, who disappeared with the first-born son of Prince Eustace of Zurichbold."

Frince Eustace of Zurichbold."

"My name is Bethla Storrset, and I have never borne any other name," replied Bethla, but Janet noticed that her cheek became suddenly very pale.

"If you are not Zuleme Richt," cried Sada, wildly, "you are of her family—they all looked alike. I say you are. I suspected it the instant my son led you to me—but I have sense enough to hold my tongue. I am wild now. Don't heed what I say."

say."
"Of course not, my lady."
"It does not matter if you do—for I am mad now!"
exclaimed Sada.

"Yes, my lady," replied Bethla; then she said to Janet: "The fit is on her. You heard her call me by a name I never knew of before—Lena Richt!"
"My son is a Van Arden!" here cried Sada. "He shall be Baron of Zweibrudden! I am rightful

Baroness of Zweibrudden. Baron Hermann drove me mad! Lady Wolvina was not his lawful wife. I am his lawful wife !"

"What strange fancies she has, poor wo whispered Janet.
"Silence!" whispered back Bethla, fearing

"Silence!" whispered back Bethla, fearing the current of Sada's thoughts might be broken. "Stop

current of Sada's thoughts might be broken. "Stop your ears, for she may rave and howl dreadfully presently. Mad people do sometimes." "My son shall be Prince of Zurichbold!" here screamed Sada. "Oh, if he only had 'Baron Her-mann's Seal' on his breast—like the princely Altenburgs! I could push on to success then! But he has it not—and cunning old Sir David would de-mand the presence of the seal—'Baron Hermann's

"What can she mean by that?" whispered Janet.
"There is no sense in what she raves."
"No, none at all," replied Bethla. "We are to "No, none at all," replied Bethla. "We are to heed nothing she says. Take the lamp and get wine from the store-room. She needs some. Go. Here—let me stuff your ears. Sir Fritz told me she would say the most horrible things! You might faint when she begins to shriek!"

"No, no! I shall not faint," replied Janet, unwilling to have her ears stopped up. "There, she is quiet now; her eyes are shut. Oh, she opens them again!"

"Yes." gald God.

again!"
"Yes," said Sada, in a vacant way, "if my son had the birth-mark—the red hand on the breast!"
"Good Heavens!" whispered Janet to Bethla.
"That is the birth-mark on our young master's breast"—on Master Ernest's breast."

"Peace! We are to heed nothing that she may say. She is raving," replied Bethla.

"None may have that mark," continued Sada, who was staring at the fire, and apparently unconscious of the presence of the women—"none may have that mark—' Baron Hermann's Seal'—except the true Altenburgs—the Altenburgs descended from Princess Velina, wife of great Prince Egbert the Bold. Ah, if Fritz had that, he should now be in the place of Prince Eustace. I could deceive all. But only the true Altenburgs, the princely Altenburgs, can be born with that mark."

"My faith!" said Janet to Bethla, "my young

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my son east!" Bethla.

ti Sada ghtful l wife.

cht

born with that mark."

"My faith!" said Janet to Bethla, "my young master Ernest hath that mark."

"Hold your tongue!"

"But, Bethla, is it not strange that she says such things?" persisted Janet. "I have heard Lady Van Do Veer say that on Sir Edred's breast is the same red hand.—"

"What?" almost shricked Bethla.

"Heavens! Why do you scream at me in that
way?" asked Janet, amazed by the sudden agitation
of her companion.

way?" asked Janet, amazed by the sudden agitation of her companion.

"You say Lady Louise told you her husband, Sir Edred, bears a birth-mark on his bosom?"

"Yes. I have been in her service a long time—before she wedded Sir Edred," replied Janet, "and she speaks confidently with me——"

"I know, I know. It's only recently that I entered her service," whispered Bethla. "She told you Sir Edred had a mark on his breast like that upon Master Ernest's?"

"The very same, only larger. It is not strange

"The very same, only larger. It is not strange that Master Ernest has it, you know, as Sir Edred has, for Sir Edred is his father."

"Ah," thought Bethla, and careful to hold her tongue. "It is because I know Ernest is not the son of Sir Edred that I am amazed."

But at that moment came, pealing and roaring through the cavern, the wild and echoed cries of Sir

escue! rescue! rescue!"

(To be continued.)

THE EARL'S SECRET.

CHAPTER IV.

Oh, conspiracy!
Sham'st thou to show thy dangerous brow by night
When evils are most free?
Julius Casar.
It was the sixteenth of June.

The sum was just rising in stately splendour. Early as it was, the earl had breakfasted, and a carriage, with his lordship's valet equipped for a journey, was in waiting to take him to the railway states.

tion.

A feeling more nearly allied to happiness than Lord Walsingham had experienced in a long time filled his heart and lit up his handsome face.

Valeria, sole child of his house, and the idol of his heart, would, before another sunrise, be clasped in his arms. Silvermere would no longer be to him a desolate place. Lady Walsingham's whims and caprices would no longer have power to shroud his mind in perpetual gloom, for his child would bring the bright, cloud-dispalling sunshine with her. Her joyous nature knew no part of gloom or sorrow in itself, and, like the sun, it imparted its gental warmth to all around.

to all around.

Lady Walsingham did not breakfast with the earl—
in fact it was seldom she did. But she was up and
dressed, and from the oriel window of her boudoir
was watching for his departure.

There was nothing wild in her eyes now as the
mellow sunlight let fall its first beams on her patient
face. The look so often chilling to the blood of even
stout-hearted Merton was gone, and a soft, yearning
light had taken its place. A sweet half-smile rested
on her lips, and her whole aspect bespoke a feeling of
tender hops.

on her lips, and her whole aspect bespoke a feeling of tender hops.

Her ladyship, too, was thinking of Lady Valeria. The sun was creeping to the top of the tallest trees in the park, and still the countess stood like a statue in the window, and still the carriage waited by the porch, while the richly caparisoned steeds pawed the ground and frotted at the coachman's tightening carb. Within the library the earl was impatiently pacing to and fro, waiting to see whether the message he had sent, an hour before, to Lady Walsingham would bring her down to see him before his departure.

The message had been delivered, but the countess gave no head to its summons, until suddenly, as though memory reminded her of something of importance, she started from her reverie, crossed the room rapidly, reached the corridor, and descended the broad staircase to the porch where the carl was about to enter the carriage. Her ladyship glided to the side of her husband and laid a detsining hand on his arm.

"Hugh, you will find him and bring him home?" Earl Walsingham's eyes dropped, and his face took a deathly hue. The countess scanned his counte-nance with a feverish gaze. He tried to shake off her hand, but the slender, jewelled fingers only tightened that hold.

hand, but the slender, jewelled fingers only tightened their hold.

"Tell me, Hugh, will you bring him?"

"Oan I bring the dead to life?" asked the nobleman, in hollow accents, and without raising his eyes.

"No, Hugh, no! But you can bring back the heir of Haldimand to his inheritance! You can bring him back to me! He will hate me at first and refuse to come to the stepmother who has suffered him to be a wanderer so long! But I have suffered, too; you must tell him so, and that I wait with open arms to receive him. With one arm I will clasp my daughter to my heart, and the other shall embrace him. Then I will join their hands together and bid my children be happy, and you and I, Hugh, can go to our graves in peace!"

The earl shuddered, and stood mute, with drooping figure and eyes still downcast. The blue orbs of the countess blazed with feverish heat as she continued:

"Tell the boy I am waiting, at last, willing to fulfil my promise to his dying father."

She turned her sorrowful face upwards to the clear sky.

She turned her sorrowin lace upwards to the clear sky.

"Oh, Gregory! look down and see and know that I mean to do right at last by your boy!"

The countess released the arm of his lordship, and, sitting down upon one of the marble steps, burst into tears. With a few constrained words to his weeping wife, the earl entered the carriage and was driven rapidly away.

Soon Morton came down and with soothing words enticed her ladyship back to her beautiful but lonely rooms.

enticed her ladyship back to her beautiful but lonely rooms.

The earl's departure was not the only ene which took place from Silvermere that morning.

Long before the sun was up or the lark astir Mrs. Gabron, the housekeeper, was equipped for a journey. With the ples that her sister, who lived in London, was ill, perhaps dying, she had obtained a week's leave of absence from her duties. The butler's niece, in the meantime, was to take her place.

About the time that Lord Walsingham's carriage left the grounds belonging to Silvermere, Griselds Lyell was sitting alone in one of the small parlours of the London ledging-house where we first saw her. She was dressed in a gray travelling suit. A thick voil was fastened to her hat, so that, if need be, her face might be wholly concealed. It was thrown back, however, as she waited, in the embrasure of the window, the arrival of some one.

Griselda believed herself about to realise all her wild dreams of grandeur. With one decisive step she was to leave behind poverty and care, with a life of ill-paid toil, and enter upon a scene of wealth and luxurious ease; but yet her hears was not at rest. There was a something in the world she was leaving which her heart told her she might seek for in vain in the gayer one upon which she was about to thrust herself.

It was love!

The parlour door opened with a grating sound.

It was love!

The parlour door opened with a grating sound, and Griselda turned to meet the woeful face of little

and Grassus search. Toby.

"Oh, Miss Griselda, I a'pect they've come, 'cause there's a lady and gentleman in a carriage out there, and they told me to give you this bit of paper."

Toby came slowly forward, presenting a note to Griselda. She glanced it over and rose, saying, in a slightly transplous voice:

alightly tremulous voice:

"Yes, Sir Reuben Walsh and his sickly wife have come to take me abroad. London, with its wretched poverty, and I part company to-day for ever. Sir Reuben will live entirely on the Continent in future, and my situation as companion and nurse to Lady Walsh will be permanent. Living away, I shall soon be forgotten by the few—the very few—who have professed to care for me; I shall die and be buried at last, and those I love will never look upon my

at last, and those I love will never look upon my grave."

The boy crept close to Griselda, and when her empty words were said he threw his arms about her neck and cried:

"I won't never forget you, Miss Griselda; no, I won't; and it hurts me to have you think so. You're all I've got to love, and you've been kinder to me than any one else, and if you go off and leave me it'll 'most kill me; but I shall love you just the same 'cause I can't help it. Mr. Grafton will, too, though maybe you don't want him to. He's in the diningroom now, walking about, white as a ghost, and groaning awful, and talking to bimself like as if he was crazy. Oh, I wish you wouldn't leave us—we both love you so."

The child's plump face was lifted with eager pleading to the radiant one bending wistfully over it.

With all her faults Griselda loved the little waif tenderly. He had grown to seem like a brother to

her. The plain parlour of the lodging-house had never seemed so attractive and home-like before. The love which was welling up from the very depths of the brave little heart, and the stronger, more manly love he had reminded her of, had never seemed so all-powerful, so redeeming as now, and Griselda walked the floor and wept bitterly, passionately, until her slender form shook with the violence of her

That was the death struggle of her old life, love,

In a was in the death straggle of her old life, love, and feeling. Henceforth she must awaken to a new, but, alas! not a better life.

"Don't cry so, don't!" said Toby, his own checks wet with tears.
"Let me go and tell the lady you won't go."

won't go."

"No, no, Toby," said Griselda, desperately; "I cannot stay now if I would. It has gone too far. I have broken with Leonard, and I have promised them. I must—I must go!"

She was speaking now more to herself than to the child, and Toby, who, in his innocent heart began in a vague way to imagine that a quarrel with her lover was at the bottom of it all, rushed from the parlour and into that individual's presence.

He was walking yet, with dejected mien, and gave no heed to the boy's entrance.

"If you please, Mr. Grafton—please, Mr. Grafton.—"

The young man was still not disposed to notice the child, and he came nearer and pulled the skirts

of his coat.
"Mr. Grafton!"

For answer Mr. Grafton put out his knee and thrust the boy aside. The little fellow elenched his fist, and his lip quivered an instant with anger while he thought:
"If it wasn't for her I wouldn't tell him."

"If it wasn't for her I wouldn't tell him."
"Now, boy, tell me what you want."
"I don't want nothing," said Toby, defantly. "But
Miss Griselda, I s'pect she does. She's crying as if
her heart would break, and she spoke your name, and
said as how nobody would love her."
Leonard seized the boy roughly by the arm, and
turned his face towards the light as though expecting to read a falsehold there.
"Are you sure you are telling the truth? Griselda Lyell wants me? She sent you to call me?"
"I didn't say all that, did I? Don't pinch my
arm so, you hurt," and Toby tried to wrench himself
away; "she wants you, and she's crying, that's all I
said."

Leonard released him then, and strode out of the

room.

Grisolda was still weeping, though in a subdued manner, when the young man entered the room. The gloomy look disappeared from the moody face, and an expression of joyful expectancy took its place.

"You wished to see me, Griselda?"

"Yes," said she, scarcely thinking that she had expressed no such wish; "I am going now, I wish to

"Yes," said she, scarcely thinking that she had expressed no such wish; "I am going now, I wish to say good-bya."

"Is that all? Are you going then, after all?"

"Certainly; Lady Walsh is waiting at the door. I must go, and that immediately."

She arcose. Outwardly she had grown calm. Her face was emotionless as that of a statue. Her manner was at once dignified and easy. She held out her hand to say good-bye. Leonard took it, and placed it in his arm, holding it firmly.

"I will accompany you to the carriage. I must give Lady Walsh a charge concerning your health."

Griselda drew back, looking uneasy, and coloured.

"My good or bad health can be nothing to you, Mr. Grafton. It will be natural, I suppose, for me to take care of it."

"" "Nevertheless," he answered—and there was a ring of mockery in the words—"I must see this Lady Walsh and Sir Reuben. They may be old acquaintances of mine—who knows?"

Griselda darted an angry glance at her lover, but offered no further objection, and the pair walked through the narrow passage and out to the carriage together in silence. The young man threw open theor and looked in. It was plain to see that Sir Reuben was not numbered among the wealthy. The carriage was a hackney coach, its inmates were-plainly dressed, and there was no footman or servant other than the coachman in attendance.

The features of Lady Walsh were completely concaled behind a thick vell, while a slouched hat and closely buttoned summer overcoat, with turned-up collar, rendered those of her companion invisible—all save a pair of small, steel-gray eyes, and these were but for an instant raised to the young man's face.

With a glance of keen scrutiny bestowed upon Sir.

face.
With a glance of keen scrutiny bestowed upon Six
Reuben and the veiled lady, Leonard stepped aside
and took Griselda's hand to assist her to her seat beside Lady Walsh. Her hand was cold as marble. Leonard bent over her and whispered: "We part, Griselda, because it is your pleasure;

but you will remember what I have said to you in substance before: my love may turn to bate beware!"

turned upon his heel and re-entered the house and the carriage, with Randal Gabron and his mother laughing at the success of their little artifice, rolled away, bearing Griselda to her fate.

In less than an hour the trio were being whirled

rapidly over the rails to Dover, where they took passage on board the "Princess Charlotte" for Calais. Mrs. Gabron no longer hid her face behind her

Mrs. Cabron no longer and ner nee beaman ner veil, and her small eyes glittered with an unwonted lustre, while a crafty smile played about her mouth. Raudal also showed in his usually impassive face a sparkle of jubilant feeling. But Griselda, spits of the air of resolution which she maintained, started and paled at the sound of every approaching foot-step, and her great, luminous eyes wandered ner-vously beneath the veil with which she persisted in vously becessed and the wild hiding her face. There was no thought wild hiding her face. There was no thought will have been now. The idea of abandoning the wild have been now to be feared scheme found no lodgment in her brain, yet she feared and trembled upon the verge of the plank which must be crossed before her steps could be planted in coveted Silvermere.

The three drew apart from their fellow-passengers

the deck, as if by common consent.

Are you quite sure Lord Walsingham is not on board? I can but tremble every time a stranger looks this way," said Griselda, with a nervous shudder. "Blees you wee" returned Mrs. Gabron, while board?

"Bless you, yes," returned Mrs. Gabron, while Randal crept nearer to his betrothed, and took her hand as though to inspire her with courage. "The earl was sound asleep at Silvermers when I left there. I know, because I made inquiries of his valet, under pretence of wishing to see him. How, then, could be reach Dover so soon? Besides, his lordship is going to cross over in the *Peerless,* which does not leave till near night."

Griselda drew her hand from that of Randal with

an impatient movement, and a dark frown gathered

au impatient movement, and a dark frown gathered upon her finely arched brows.
The young man turned, leaned over the bulwarks, and gazed a long time at the water in moody silence. Griselds's ungracious manner had given him a genuine fit of the "sulks," as his mother was wont

to characterise his demonstrations of anger. Randal Gabron never raged or stormed, as many are prone to do when aroused to anger. He was none

the less dangerous in his moody, suiten wrath.

"Randal," said Mrs. Gabron, clutching him by the arm, "who is that woman in black, with the poke bonnet and umbrella? She's been watching us for

I don't care who she is," growled Randal, without turning his head.
"You'd better care, then, and find out what she's

after. Cantions Mrs. Gabron surveyed the black-draped

figure from head to foot. "Shall I go and ask her name, age, and destina-tion, and all other particulars?" demanded Randal,

Gabron turned a questioning glance upon

Griselda. The woman's form is familiar to me," said the latter, with a wary peep from under her well, " but I have not been able to see her face."

"I saw it distinctly a moment ago. It is a face one would be likely to remember. Her eyes are hol-low and jet black. The skin yellow and shrivefled, low and jet black. The skin yellow and shrivefled, and there is a large black mole on the chin. She is no beauty now, though she may have been years ago.

Griselda was deeply agitated at this description of he stranger. She grasped the bulwarks for support, ayin , as she kept her eyes fixed upon the mysterious the stranger.

" t must be her! It must be her! yet how can be? Can she suspect our purpose? Does she recoguise me?"

irs. Gabron and her son heard Griselda's words with apprehension.

oman in black turned her face full upon the rie, and, with an imperative gesture, beckoned Grisel-ia to her side.

undal muttered, and Mrs. Gabron fidgeted t maily. Slowly, and with unwilling footsteps, the irl obeyed the woman's call. As she left her companions she faltered and seemed unable to proceed. liandal put out his hand to assist her, but she

tim back.

The black-robed figure paced the deck with the veiled friselds on her arm for an hour, and until the steamer was nearing her wharf at Calais, while mother and son looked on with wonder and alarm. Together the walking pair conversed in low, guarded whispers. At length Grisella returned to her friends, and the stranger followed.

"Mrs. Gabron and Mr. Randal Gabron, allow me to

present to you my mother, Mrs. Lyell."
"Your mother!" echoed both, in a breath

"She knows all, and will help us to the best of her

The two women shook hands, and then Bandal

gave his to the mother of his betrothed.

"Yes, my daughter has told me everything, and it is well," said the new-comer, blandly: "all save the name of this proud nobleman who comes over the strait to meet his child."

rait to meet his child."
Griselda leaned near to whisper, that no sauntering allow-passenger might catch the name:

fellow-passenger might catch the The Earl of Walsingham!"

Without uttering a word or a sound, Mrs. Lyell fell in a heap at her daughter's feet. Raudal lifted her in his strong arms and hore her apart, where she might not come under the gaze of the idle promenaders of the deck, and measur immediately taken to restore consciousness. Griselds manifested no alarm at the state of her mother.

"Mother's nerves are weak at times, and any sudden excitement is likely to affect her in this way, though what there could be in the simple mention of a well-known nobleman's name to excite her is more than I can tell."

She assisted Mrs. Cabron in removing the outer She assisted Mrs. Gabron in removing the outer clothing of her mother. The uncouth bound was taken of, and a mass of glossy black hair, untouched by a thread of silver, fell shimmering to the floor. The woman's features were regular, yet time and passion had each left its impress upon them. There was nothing propossessing in the woman's face, though she was not positively ugit, and yet one who had known her in her younger days would have told you that she was then very beatiful.

The hollow eves slowly opened at length, and

The hollow eyes slowly opened at length, and fastened themselves upon Griselds.

"Girl" slie gasped as she rose to stiting posture, "do you know what the gods are about to help you to do?"

She drew the wondering Griselda's face down to She drew the wondering drisense her ear; it was but a word, but it had power to send her recing from her mother's side, blanched to the dead-gray colour

of a corpse.

She must have fainted but for the timely assist-She must have fainted but for the unney accounts ance of Randal, who caught her in his arms, and, detaching a bottle of smelling-ealts from her girdle, he applied it to her nostrile.

When Mrs. Lyell was fully recovered from her faintness, and Griselfs had regained her worsted calmand the state of the s

faintness, and Griselds had regained her wested calm-ness, the former fixed her great, cavernous eyes on he daughter's face and inquired

What you have just told me cannot change my urpose. It rather strengthens it," was Griselda's

"It is well," replied her mother, her face aglow with foundish exultation, half of joy, half of triumph.

"Now—oh, now, after all these years of impation waiting, I shall bask in sweet revenge! Fate is bringing it to me in a way I never dared to dream of."

CHAPTER V.

Thus far our fortune keeps an upward course, And we are graced with wreaths of victory.

vas sunset in Calais. The "Princess Cha

It was sunset in Oaksis. The "Princess Charlotte" had disburdened herself of her load of living freight, and was again steaming back to Dover.

The "Peerless" had not yet arrived.

Randal Gabron was standing idly before a fine-looking hotel, in which he had been told that English travellers of the upper class were won't to tarry.

A small, meek-faced lad, who, from his dress, Randal at once concluded belonged to the establishment,

was enjoying the tricks of a huge mastiff before the principal door. Randal had considerable French at his command, and he addressed himself to interrogating the boy, finding but little difficulty in unhimself understood.

"They don't exactly speak the truth when they tell me that this inferior house is where our English gentry delight to rest," he said, pompously.

The boy was indignant.
"Well, they do, then. Your nobility come and go my day—so there!"

Randal uttered the exclamation by a conciliatory one as he slipped a bright silver piece into the boy's

now, there are none of that class here at pres resent? I am looking for a friend, a certain

"Young or old?" inquired the boy, with a consequential air.
"Young."

"Alone, or with a party?"
"Alone."

"Not here, sir, sorry to say. There are only the duke and duchess of—I forget what, with the beautiful young lady, an earl's daughter."

Randal caught at this, and interrupted therboy by

asking:
"Are they in? The duke and duchess, and the

"Sorry to say they're gone. Went off in a carriage an

Randal's countenance fell.

" Oan you tell me where they went; or when they

"They took the Dunkirk road, sir, and I heard the actiman say he thought he would be back about ten o'clock."

"I think I met the party," said Bandal, careleasly.
"The young lady was dressed in black, was sho not?"
"Not a bit of it, sir. She had on a blue siik—a plain blue siik—and I don't balleve our empruss over looked half so handsome."

handsome."
d with the information he h Randal turned to go. When he had gone a few paces, he returned to inquire concurring the equipage with which the little party was provided. He found that the carriage was of the sert known as a landau, that the horses were dappled gray, and that with the exception of the coachman there was no one in attend-

ance.

The sullen face of this man lighted wondrously as he turned upon his heel and walled rapidly away. He traversed several streets, and at length paused in a dirty, obscure alley, and holed about as if in doubt. He then drew a dingy card from his pocket. He carefully deciphered the almost illegible characters traced in pencil upon the card, after which he resumed his walk. He stopped at length before a dew wooden building in the outslittes of the town, and kneeked for admittance. The door was cautiously opened by a frowsy-headed old woman. After a series of questions and answers, during which the dirty card, as well as a note in the same handwriting, was handed to the woman and by her carried to some one within the on and by her carried to some

At the expiration of perhaps a quarter of an hoor he returned, followed as far as the tumbledown porch in front of the door by three entirely dissimi-lar but altogether avil-locking war. lar but altogether evil-looking men. The foremost of these was nearly a glant in size. Neither of the three bore the appearance of being familiar with either rator or comb. Gladeing cautiously up and down the sparsely inhabited street, the giant, rolling a huge quid of tobacco in his capacious mouth, ex-

claimed:
"It's all fair and square between us then, Mr. Camp." (This was the name Randal and given to the three brothers.) "We're to have all the grab, more or less, and you're to take nothing but the gal. Makes no difference to us, you know "—and the man's eyes hered on Randal with disgusting familiarity—"what you'do with her after we're just lifted the shiners off her neck and arms. You can lock her You can lock her

shiners off her neck and arms. You can lock her up in a convent, or marry her, or make her dad come down enug with a fortune for her ransom, or you can put her in the only safe place there in, where men and wemen tell no takes! Nothing: to us, you see."

"Of course not," answered Randal; "but you must think of something besides the jowals. You must help me to get away with my part of the plunder. You understand you're to clear off as soon as the robbery has been effected, rush back upon the soon, from a different direction, and ory 'Thieves!' and 'Murder!' then you will listen to what I may say, and reiterate my words as coming from and say, and reiterate my words as coming from a ay, and reiterate my words as coming from an-ther person. When I came over I expected, with our help, to transact this little business at the hotel, out it is betterns it is."

"Forty times better," replied one of the men-twe'll be on the spot. The Lorain Wood, near the hunted house, by duck, sure."

His business with the "three brothers" concluded,

"We'll b

Randal took his way to the small out-of-the-way

Valoria Byerly, daughter of the Earl of Lauy vaterus Byerty, daugnter of the Earl of Walsingham, sat in the comfortable carriage, beside the Duchess of Alloway, whose once beautiful, still fair and spirituelle face was beaming tender glances of heartfelt sympathy upon her young and dearly

Bright drops gathered in Lady Valeria's wondrous orbs as her thoughts went honeward, and the set-ting sun, sending his golden beaus over the glow-ing checks, seemed to turn the maidan's tears to dis-

Lord Alloway occupied a neat opposite that of the ducheas. He joined pleasantly in the conversation, now and then calling the attention of the ladies to some rich beauty in the landscape.

The top of the landsu had been let down that

they might the more fully enjoy the beauty and freshness of the scene through which they were pass-

ing.

The vehicle moved but slowly.

The air was deliciously cool and fragrant, and the

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tittle party was in no haste to reach the hotel, especially as Lord Walsingham was not expected to arcially

rive till late in the evening.

It was quite dark when they reached the confines
of the wood, in the midst of which stood the deserted

f the wood, in the midst of which stood the deserted hanned house.

The duke was repeating `legend he had that day heard concerning its last tenants, when its sombre outlines, indistinctly revealed, in consequence of the giant trees which surrounded it, loomed up against the starlit sky.

His grace had reached that part of his narrative where foul nurder was committed when the house.

His grace had reached that part of his narrative where a foul murder was committed when the heres' heads were roughly seized by a small body of armed desperadoes, while, quick as thought, one of the number, a giant-like fellow, sprang upon the coach-box, forcilly holding a sponge, saturated with altereform, under the coachman's nose. Before he could rash to the man's assistance, the duke's own arms were being tightly pinned by one brawny arm of the huge villain, while with the other the sponge, which had effectually silenced the coachman, was applied to his mostrils, and without a struggle the duke fell senselies upon his seal.

The swarthy giant now pressed swiftly forward

mostrils, and withouts struggle the duke rati sense-less upon his seat.

The swarthy giant now pressed swiftly ferward to the side of the terrilled ducless. With a pieceing shrick, which rent the air, and was coined from the walls of the haunted house, Liedy Valoria fell down in a deathlike swoon. At the same moment the ducless fell under the influence of the potent drug.

"Come on new, and he quick, hoys; and you, Mr. Camp," cried the burly ruffian, and immediately the persons of the senseless victims were searched, and every article of value taken from them.

Randal Gabron came forward, trembling with eagerness and anxiety. Lady Valoria, still in a depriant, was lifted by the giant and placed in the arms of Randal, who carried her to a distance of several roots, where his three female accomplices were waiting.

rods, where his three femals accomplices were waiting.

Depositing his burden upon the grass, eager hands were quickly at work toaring from the timp figure the rich mantle and the dainty hat.

Grisekla Lysil quickly donasd both articles, and then she bent cagerly over the quick unturned face, seeking to read by the faint starlight the resemblence which there existed to herself. The eyes were closed, as tightly shut as if they were never to open, the lips and cheeks looked ghastly as death in the feeble hight and Grisekla turned away.

The highwaymen had finished their guilty work, and gone away towards Calais with their booty.

The immates of the landau, with the exception of the pale, stern-eyed girl, who sat resolutely creet in the seat which the earl's daughter had so recently occupied, were yet in an unconscious state, when

occupied, were yet in an unconscious state, who from the direction in rear of the carriage three hors

These were the robbers who had recently left the spot. They had mounted their horses, which had been concealed among the trees, and, galloping in the direction of Calais, had turned and made a circuit

the direction of Calais, had turned and made a circuit along a bridle-path through the wood to finish their part of the programme in a new character.

They haited opposite the vehicle, and in polite tone inquired if anything had gone wrong.

The girl who sat in the seat so lately occupied by the earl's daughter felt the pulses of the duke and duchess, and said:

"Conc."

Then Randal Gabron crept from the shadow of the trees, close to the side of the unconscious duke, and called loudly and excitedly to the horsenien, in deep, thrilling tones, which, had the coachman heard, he

thrilling tones, which, had the coachman hearst, see would have been ready to swear were the very accents of the Duke of Alloway;

"A murder has been committed. Lady Alloway, my wife, is the vistim. We were set upon by robbers, and plundered of our money and jewels; but their hands did not do this awful deed. It was Lady Valeria, daughter of the Earl of Walsingham, who did it! Her hands are red with this terrible crime. did it! Her kands are red with this terrible crime. I saw her, with my own eyes, plunge a glittering etiletto in the bosom of her friend. She was angry with her; and, in hopes that her guilt would be laid to the charge of the highwaymen, she dered to commit a murder! Gentlemen, she has fiel; she saw that I was recovering my senses, and would witness against her! She is concealed somewhere in the wood! Let search be made for her at once! A thousand pounds to the man who captures her!"

The men beat up and down the road and in the glades for several minutes; then, putting spurs to their horses, they galloped away.

Randel Gabron glided like a shadow after them. At a distance of several rods from the carriage, his mother crept from the shadow of a tree, and the two strode down the starlit road together, conversing in low andertones.

"Should you have known, mother, but that the duke himself was talking when I denounced Lady

Valeria as a murderess? I declare I believe I might make a sensation on the stage."

"You're clever, my boy; I always knew that. But I can't exactly see why you have gone to so much pains—why you wish Lady Valeria to suppose herself accused of murder!"

paus—why you wish Lady Valoria to suppose herself accused of murder!"

"Listen, mother, and I will tell you. Lady Valoria must be removed from our path. You can see that?"

"Certainly, that is very plain."

"Well, here is our plan. She believes herself stigmatised as a murderess—pursued by the officers of the law—deserted by her friends—the Duke of Alloway her enemy. Mrs. Lyell will sympathise with her, will offer to protect her, and thus my aristocratic lady will be held a willing captive."

"Randal, you are worthy to become the husband of the heiress of Silvermere and Haldimand," replied Mrs. Gabron, elapping her son's great shoulders with playful approval. "But what if the earl's daughter—we will not call her Lady Valoria any longar—what if she, conscious as she must be of her innocence, should choose to come forward and hrave her fate?"

Randal chuckled.

"That will be easily prevented. She is in the

should choose to come forward and brave her fate?"

Randai chackled.

"That will be easily prevented. She is in the hands of one whose nature, if I mistake not, partakes of the cunning of the fox and the insatiate greed of the starving wolf. Our interests are ease while the mother of Griselda has there in receiping."

"But if not closely confined, the earl's daughter may discover your trick, if not its motives. She may learn that the Duchess of Alloway is alive. Better then that you had reserted wholly to force and a dungeon as I advised."

"Mrs. Lyell, I repeat, will see well to your master's daughter," Randal spoke, emphatically, and with sinister manning. "She is not the woman, if I have read her anight, to long keep her daughter's position in peril; and, besides Griselda's security, she seems to have an old grudge against Lord Walsingham to spur her on. Dopend upon it, Griselda will sconstand the acknowledged heiress of Silvermere and Haldimad, with no fear of being custed. The dead are for ever silent!"

Mrs. Gebron stopped walking as enddenly as though an arrow had pierced her. The seized her con's arm in a convulsive grasp.

"Randal, you don't mean to do that? Oh, you can nover mean it! Answer me!"

"Tut, woman, I thought my mother was made of sterner stuff. The carl's daughter is in Mrs. Lyell's

can never mean it! Answer me!"

"Tut, woman, I thought my mother was made of sterner stuff. The earl's daughter is in Mrs. Lyell's care. We are not responsible for what happens."

"But you can prevent that, and you must. I can never look my lord in the face again if the child he laves so well is—murdered. For the sake of my child whom I love I have consented to rob the earl of one equally dear to him, because I long to see you, my boy, rich and great. But I will not blacken my soul with murder, even for you."

With a few quieting remarks Randal succeeded in partially ramoving the fears his words had aroused, in the not yet callous breast of his mother; after which they walked on in silence to the desolate in where neither Mrs. Lyell nor Griselda would meet them — Randal's mind occupied with sanguine

them — Randal's mind occupied with sanguine thoughts, the woman's darkened by the shadow of the great crime which had been set in motion.

CHAPTER VI.

OHAPTER VI.

Now doth my project gather to a head. Tempest,
THE sound of the night birds piping shrilly in
their leafycoverts, mingled with the low, monotonous
murnur of a brook near by broke scothingly upon
the benumbed senses of Lady Alloway, as, recovering
from the effect of the drug, she raised her head and
gazed in a wondering, bewildered way from one to
the other of her companions. She attempted to arise,
but her trembling limbs refused to bear her weight.
"Yaloria, you are here safe, and the duke, too.

"Valeria, you are here safe, and the duke, too. There is nothing the matter, after all. It was only

a dream."
"You feel better now, dear Lady Alloway. Oh, I am so glad," said the soft voice of Griselda Lyell, the am so gaso, "sait to son't voice of crassina Lyen, the bold adventuress to whom we must now give the name of the beautiful, childlike girl whose place and rights she had issurped. "I am happy to know that you, at least, are recovering, though his grace and the coachman are still under the influence of choroform or whatever drug those dreadful men used."
"Then it is, indeed, a reality! We have been at-

"Then it is, indeed, a reality,"
tacked, by robbers, here, when so near home, after
escaping the banditti of Italy and Greece!" said the
duchess, slowly, "Yes, I remember it perfectly now,
when yes a summer and how reals you are! I But how my head swims, and how pale you are! I can see even in this darkness that your face is white as marble."

"I fainted, I think, Lady Alloway, and so escaped being forced to inhale the drug which rendered you inscuelble. I have suffered great alarm about you, but I shall feel better soon."

At this moment both the duke and the coachman began to show signs of returning life.

The latter arose slowly from his seat and looked around in a dazed sort of way, murmuring:

"The haunted house! The Lorain Wood! Ah! I remember now—the robbers."

"Yes, the robbers!" schood the duke; "have they made their escape?" and he leaned from the carriage and peered about in the darkness.

"Oh, yes, your grace!" said Lady Valeria, quickly, "they went off towards Calais several minutes ago."

"Were they on foot?"
"I am not sure." faltered sha. "but I think they

"I am not sure," faltered she, "but I think they

It is useless to attempt to overtake them, then, We can only lodge information with the police."

The coachman now seized his reius and the car-

We can only lodge information with the police."
The coachman now seized his reins and the carriage was once more in motion.
Lord Alloway pressed his hand over his brow in perplexed thought. His gaze reverted frequently to the corner where sat Lady Valeria, as though it sought to pierce the darkness and read her face.

"It is very strange—incomprehensible," he murmured, in a tone of doubt,
"What is strange, my lord?" asked Lady Valeria, cagerly and auxiously,
"Do you know, Valeria, whether you were lifted from the carriage by those ruffiane?"
"Don't tremble so, my dear," said the duchess, tenderly, for Lady Valeria's form was shaking as with an ague. "The men could have had no motive for such an unheard-of step. Besides, they would not dare. The duke was likely to recover at any moment. You must have been desaning, Mortimer; Valeria surely was not taken from my side."

"My eyes were open," replied Lord Alloway, meditatively; "I was weak and helpless as an infant, yet fare a while it seemed that my mind retained its laculties, and this is what I seemed to see: Valeria fainted, and was lifted by a man, the one in the curriage, and given into the arms of another, and then I thought I heard female voices. In a short time after that I saw, or thought I saw, Valeria come hask, walking beside the man who carried her away. I saw him help her into her seat, and I can remember no mere."

"Tour singular fancy, Lord Alloway, must have

I saw him help her into her som, and I can remember no mers."
"Your singular fancy, Lord Alloway, must have been the effect of the poison you inhaled."
Lady Valeria spoke as though she felt confident of being believed. She had regained her composure, and during the time which elapsed before they reached the hotel, though not positively gay, she conversed in the liveliest manner, thereby seeking to convince the duke that what he had seen was but a phantasm of the brain, produced by the action of the poisonous drug.

the poisonous drug.

She succeeded well. The duke allowed himself to be argued into believing a thing for which he

to be argued into believing a thing for which he could not account.

When the little party left the darkness of the carriage and entered the hotel, where the full glare of the gas fell upon them, the faces of each were seen to be unnaturally white, but that of Lady Valeria was positively pallid from fear, lest her features might not be able to pass the test of the noble couple's sight, as her voice had done their hearing.

The duchess led her charge up the broad marble stairs, and into a neatly furnished room, where the air was refreshingly cool, and laden with the perfume of flowers.

When her grace had left her to herself Lady

fume of flowers.

When her grace had left her to herself Lady
Valeria gazed around the room with feverish eyes,
a bright red spot glowing on each cheek. A rich
robe of maize-coloured satin was lying across a
chair; a pair of dainty shoes and a jewelled fan were

keeping company near the dress.

"Where can Howard, the pink-faced lady'e-maid who went abroad with her be? I am glad she is

Lady Valeria locked the door with nervous fingers, and then she commenced exploring the room and adjoining bed-chamber, to assure herself that ahe was quite alone, after which she divested herself of every article of clothing which could lead to her identification with her former self.

At length she stood before the tall mirror arrayed, as she had never been before, in richest, costliest garb. She gazed at her reflected image with exultant pride. She turned from the glass and paced the yielding carpet in pleasant mood.

carpet in pleasant mood.

"The worst—the hardest part is over," she mused.
"The rest will be comparatively easy. I am now Lady Valeria Byerly—rich, beloved, envied. No longer Griselda Lyell, ex-governess, seamstress, etc. I am the daughter of an earl,"—here her face flushed painfully—"soon to be acknowledged the child of one of England's proudest lords, henceforth, to receive homage for my beauty and rank. Men who never knelt in love before will kneel now at the shrine of Lady Valeria, heiress of Silvernere and Huldimand."
The transformed lady paused before the door and vorst—the hardest part is over," she mused.

The transformed lady paused before the door and unlocked it, after which she rang the bell for her maid. She leaned idly against the mantelpiece, her



THE TRANSFORMED.

white, unadorned hands toying idly with the flowers

in the vase. Scarcely a minute had clapsed ere the girl came in. She stopped abruptly near the door, and gazed at her young mistress in consternation.

"What! my lady, dressed without help! Why did you not call me sconer? You know, however bad my head may feel, I am always glad to wait upon you."

The manner as well as the words of the lady's-maid showed that she had been treated more as a companion than a servant by her young mistress.

"So," thought Lady Valeria, "she has been having a headache."

"I needed no assistance, Howard. Will you bring

me my jewel-case."
"Which one, my lady?"

Lady Valeria coloured crimson with annoyance and anger. Why had she not known there were more than one? She turned to the window and looked out into the night.

"Will you wear your turquoise set, my lady?"

The gems were brought and clasped around neck and wrist.

"Well, Howard, what is it? One would think you

ware looking at a picture of death."

"My lady is beautiful as ever, but—"

The girl hesitated, regarding her mistress closely.
"But what, Howard?" asked Lady Valeria, uneasily,

"But what, Howard?" saked Lady Valeria, uneasily, with paling lips.
"You look like another more than yourself, my lady. It must be your fright. I heard about those terrible highwaymen. Such a fright as you must have had is enough to change any one's eyes."
"Are my eyes so altered then?"
The dark, glowing orbs shot glances of anger and defiance at the shrinking lady's-maid.
"Pardon me, my lady," the girl spoke, humbly, "they are just as handsome as before, but, somehow, they seem to have the look of a pair I met with once in London. The poor creature who owned them had been frightened, too."
Lady Valeria turned faint, and for fingers seemed

Valeria turned faint, and loy fingers seemed clutching at her heart. Was her mask to be torn away? So soon? even before her gaze had once feasted on coveted Silvermere! No, not if a resolute daring, a bold, unwavering purpose could keep her, as they had placed her, on a level with the noblest of the "daughters of Albion."

She took two or three turns across the room, her rich robe sweeping the carpet in a graceful train. She turned and faced the girl, her face still pale, but her woice calm and even-toned.

"Howard, you are a silly girl, and a bold one. If it were not that I consider your fancy too absurd to be noticed, I would ask you under what circumstances you met the person you speak of."

The girl was only too eager to tell. "It will be five years next month." The girl was only too eager to tell.

"It will be five years next month, I was in town with Lady Walsingham. The girl who had eyes like yours had been knocked down by a runaway horse, and she was still lying on the pavement when I saw her. Her left temple, just under the hair, was cut open by her falling against a sharp stone. She was poor, for her clothes were cheap and old, but she moved and spoke like a lady, and made no ado at all over her hurt, which was in the shape of a cross. I remember thinking it was a good thing the scar would be covered by her hair."

Lady Valeria laughed, though there was little

Lady Valeria laughed, though there was little

Lady valeria laughed, though there was little merriment in the hollow tones.

"And this girl whom you think had eyes like mine, what more do you know of her?"

"Nothing, my lady."

"Nothing, my lady."

A rap was heard on the door, and a servant handed in a card—that of Lord Walsingham. The maid gave the card to her mistress, and wonderingly noted the effect it produced. Lady Valeria's bosom heaved with violent agitation which would not be suppressed; she trembled, she gasped for breath, and her large eyes had in their liquid depths a look of terror and eyes had in their liquid depths a look of terror and wavering courage, as though her very soul shrank from the trying ordeal through which she must pass. She arose, thinking she must go immediately to the earl, but sat down again, shaking in every limb. Her maid, fearing she was about to faint, flung open the window to its fullest extent; then, picking up the fan, she drew near her strangely affected mistress. "Go! Leave me at once!" cried Lady Valeria, sternly, imperiously. "I shall not want you again to-night."
"Yes, my lady," returned the maid, middy, looking

"Yes, my lady," returned the maid, mildly, looking straight with her keen eyes into the white face of

Keeping her gaze thus fastened upon her, she glided out of the room, murmuring inaudibly as she

went her way:

"What a sorry father his lordship will be to-night.
My lady is surely in the same way as the countess.
That encounter with the robbers has surely turned her head."

When the door had closed and Lady Valeria was

when the door had closed and Lady valers was again slone, she arces and walked up and down the apartment with nervous, irregular tread.

"How can I meet him calmly? The father of her in whose place I stand," she asked herself.

Then, as the secret her mother had whispered in her ears on board the steamer flashed across her mind, she pressed her hands, gleaming with the wronged one's jewels, to her throbbing temples, and by a mighty effort of her will, drove back the surging tide of weakness, irresolution, and uncertainty, and grew gradually calmer until her wonted manner was regained.

She bathed her face with the perfumed water which the careful Howard had prepared, and then said alond:

anid aloud:

"I will go now to meet him whom my mother hates with bitter hatred—whom I must love, at least with seeming, yet on whose face I have never looked."

She threw a scarlet India shawl over her graceful shoulders to give a shade of colour to her pallid cheeks, and sought the room where Lord Walsingham waited to embrace his daughter.

He was seated alone in one of the finest parlours of the hotel. His face were a more cheerful, care-

of the note. All sac were a more entering, care-free look than it had ever put on at stately Silvermere. Lady Valeria came in looking very much as a mov-ing statue might. Her eyes, lips—in short, all the features of her classically beautiful face were smotionless as marble.

In a moment the carl's extended arms had clasped

In a moment the carl's extended arms had clasped her to his breast, and the father's kisses were burning like living coal upon the false one's brow.

"How long the months have been since you went away, my pot."

He loosened his clasp and held her at arms' length, that he might feast his eyes upon her wondrous beauty, and assure himself that the pining flower he had sent to gather freshness under the glowing sun of Italy had, indeed, profited by his self-secrificing care. He looked with dismay at the joy whiteness and rigidity of his daughter's face.

"My poor darling, you are not well, sad I cannot wonder that you are not, since your startling adventure in the Lorain Wood. There, don't tremble so, my child, I will not agitate you by speaking further

ture in the Lorain Wood. There, don't tremble so, my child, I will not agitate you by speaking further of your unlucky drive."

He bent over her lovingly.

"Look up, Valeria, and tell me, have the months of your absence been in any way tedious?"

Lady Valeria raised her eyos, for the first time, full to the earl's face. He started, and changed colour as he met their cold, daring gaze—ag the which instantly brought up from the burled past the dark orbs of one long since dead, as he believed, and till that moment long forgotten.



AMY ROBSART.

[AMY WATCHING THE QUEEN AND LEICESTER.]

Oxford. Varney brings certificates of an approved nature which attest the accuracy of my information, and sufficiently account for the lady's absence from

Oxford. Varney brings certificates of an approved nature which attest the accuracy of my information, and sufficiently account for the lady's absence from your majesty's presence."

"The lady!" repeated the queen, quickly; "three times in a fow momenta, my lord, you have named too, child. Ha. ha, ha! They are creatures of robust constitutions, and will hear a great deal. Besides, for my part I can't see what a reasonable fellow ongath to expect dear, how it awestens kindness afterwards; for take my ord fort, there's no charm like cruelty to keep the men constant, nor no deformity like kindness to make them loathey you.

Now came the critical time which the Earl of Lefrester had so dreaded. Whatever risk and danger there were he had brought upon himself by his crooked and tortuous policy. He almost wished in that hour of supreme anxiety that he had boldly arowed his marriage, instead of allowing his ambition to interfere with his happiness, for with so gentle, docile, and loving a being as Amy he knew that he could be happy.

How it wrung his proud spirit to reflect that his wife was regarded as the wife of Varney. What was Varney but a creature of adventure, an unscrupplous schemer? A breath had made him, and a breath could unmake. He knew that the countess disliked him, and he trembled as he thought of her virtuous indignation were she but to hear that her name was coupled with one who, in truth, was little better than servitor, though deep in the conditione of his master.

The queen's critical eye had run over the faces of all the laddes in the great hall, and a frown settled on her beautiful to the countering the country of the haddy is not have a coverned to be that Mistress Amy might be in walling at a convenient distance from the royal revenue.

The queen's critical eye had run over the faces of all the laddes in the great hall, and a frown settled on her beautiful to the country of the presence.

The queen's critical eye had run over the faces of all the laddes in the great hall, see a set of the country

until Mistress Varney's health will permit her to come before us."
"I trust you are perfectly satisfied with my con-duct and good faith in this matter?" said the Earl of

"Perfectly," answered the queen, with a smile. Tresillian, who had listened attentively to the conversation, was stupefied at what he heard. There was some terrible mystery in it all. Could they be aware that Amy was in reality in the castle? At all events the certificates were false.

Urged by an irresistible impulse, he advanced to-wards the throne, but stopped ere he had made more than half a dozen paces, as his promise to Amy came into his mind. He could not speak to that which he knew; his tongue was tied for four-and-twenty

He had, however, brought himself into prominence: The queen saw and recognised him. It was too late to retreat, and, covered with confusion, he stood

"Ha, Tresillian!" cried Elizabeth. "You have heard what this gentleman"—pointing to Varney—"has said. Much as we regret Mistress Varney's absence, we can do nothing for you. Another time we hope the fates will be more propitious."

Tresillian bowed, and, making one or two vain attents to scale triin.

artesiman bower, and, making one or two vain attempts to speak, retired.

"This same love," said the queen to those near her, "must be an extraordinary passion. Look how wild and haggard this poor man seems. He is like one distraught; the very negligence of his attire denotes a mind ill at ease."

Being in a gracious humour, and wishing to mark

notes a mind ill at ease."

Being in a gracious humour, and wishing to mark her visit to Kenilworth by some act of favour, she intimated her desire to confer the honour of knighthood upon one follower of the Earl of Leicester and one of the Earl of Sussex, and asked them to designate those who should be the lucky recipients of her

nate those who should be the lucky recipients of her favour.

Leicester named Varney, and Sussex pointed out Raleigh, who he knew already stood high in her majesty's favour.

The choice was an agreeable one, and bidding them kneel, she took a sword and confirmed them in their new rank, much to the delight of both, who at once became objects of envy and interest to all the contient.

courtiers.

After this ceremony was brought to a conclusion the party proceeded to the banqueting-chamber, where the festivities of the evening went on with unabated ardour. The splendour and magnificence which were apparent on all sides were very gratifying to Elizabeth, who revelled in grandeur and display,

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ped went rms' the his

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anged gaze the which flattered her vanity, and convinced her that

her reign was one of exceptional excollence.

Meanwhile, those whose rank did not admit them Meanwhile, those whose rank did not admit them into the royal presence were making equally merry in other parts of the castle. Dick Whistler gave himself up to the spirit of the hour, and, forgotting aught else but jollification, drack and drank again the health of the queen and the Earl of Leicester until reason nearly tottered on her throne.

The heat induced him and several others, after dining, to sit out in one of the courts of the castle, where the events of the day were talked over. Barfoot happened to come by, and, being instantly espied by Whistler, became the butt of his ridicule.

There goes one of the Earl of Sussex's looms!' cried. "We have a score to settle, and we'll e'en settle it now. What say you, my merry men, to toss
him in a blankes? Cogswounds! twould be a noble
pastime, and a fit revenge for what I had to put up with at his hands.

Barfoot tried to make his oscape, but he was quickly scized by a dosun willing hands, Dick being fore-most in the outrage. Most of the party were more or less drunk, and cared little for the consequences or less drunk, and cereal runs for the consequences of their conduct. As for Barfoot, he was sober enough, having been hunting in every conceivable place for the letter which Amy had entrusted to his care for delivery to the Earl of Lalcaster. Nowhere could he find it, and he was wandering disconsolate about when his evil fortune brought him in conts with his enemy.

Half a dozen torches were quickly lighted, and a

Half a dozen terches were quickly lighted, and a stout blanket procursel, two men grasping each corner. Barfoot was cast in, and the spent began. His cries were fruitless, and only met with reaso of derision. Every time the blanket was jerked upwards he went higher and higher. Dick stood by, his lands on his hips, laughing loadly.

"Up with him," he exclaimed. "You make fine play, my lads. It is a question whether it be not worse to be tossed in a blanket than to be stack fast in a quickset hedge. Bestrew me, but his yells are like music in my ears. Fear him not, fear him net. He is as well known among the horse-dealers in Smithfield as St. Paul's is to a Londoner. What? Shall he gird at me and throw me into a prickly hedge and I not have my revenge? I can feel the thorns now in my fleshy parts. Up with him, brave boyes, up with him, I say, until he can smell the smoke from the chimneys."

from the chimneya."

His instructions were followed so well that the unfortunate Barfoot bounded up in the air like an india-rubbar ball when it touches the ground, and as if there was no peace for the wicked, he had no sooner fallen, breathless and dizzy, into the blanket than up he went again, his arms and legs thrown out in such a comical manner that it was impossible to refrain from laughing at him.

At length he fell rather near a corner, and the holders being somewhat failured.

holders being somewhat fatigued, and having a slight hold, allowed it to give way, which permitted their victim to roll out on the stones, where he lay, partly insensible, bleeding from the mouth and nose. Instantly a dozen willing hands lifted him up, some spirit was forced down his throat, and he was set upon a bench with his back against the wall. Soon he began to recover, and when he was able to walk the rose, shaking his fist at Dick Whistler, and vowed that he would not forget this malicious trick of his

that he would not also inventive genius.

"Good faith!" said Whistler, proffering him a cup of claret, "I bear you no ill-will now, man; we are equal. You played me one seurcy trick, I have played you another. I'd as lief been in jail as in the limbo of that blanket. We are quits. Drink, man, and drown care."

But Barfoot was angry, and, with another assurance of implacable enmity, he reeled like a drunken man

of implacable enmity, he recied the a grunder man from the place.

"Your same blanket-tossing is a fine curer of the spleen," said Dick Whistler, laughing, "but it must have its time to work. "The almost as bad as the strappade. I have seen the kernes put to that rack in Ireland, and they would swear anything." Barfoot had not gone far before he met Tresillian and Sir Watter Raleigh, as we must now call him. They had left the banqueting-hall for a time, and were conversing eagerly together.

They had left the banquesing and the were conversing eagerly together.

"I tell you," said Tresillian, "that the certificates are false, though I am not at liberty to disclose my source of information. If I were, my Lord of Leicester and his minion Varney would not sing so

"But, my dear Tresillan," answered Raleigh, "if there is any plot in this, why allow it to prosper? I confess that I am rather in a fog about this matter of Mistress Robert. What she could see to prefer in such a fellow as Varney to you I cannot imagine. You have the advantage of him in speech, bearing, birth, and scholarly attainments. She must be purhind or fature.

"I know not," answered Tresillian, gloomily, "it passeth my comprehension entirely. She—but I crave your pardon for a memont, Raleigh. Here is a man I would fain speak with."

Tresillian had seen Barfont elinking along in the shadow of a wall as if he would avoid him, and he called him by name, which was a summons he did not think fit to disregard, though he was in a sorry plight to meet his master, and had no satisfactory information to give him if questioned.

"For shame!" cried Tresillian, mistaking the cause of the disorder of his attice and his uncertain, swaggering gait. "This is a time to be merry, but you should not forget yourself, man, when important issues are confided to your care."

"I have been ill-treated, sir, by one Dick Whistler, a roysterer, in the service of Master Varney, whom they tell me has been knighted by the queen. He and his drunken companions have toesed me in a blanket for what I did at your command. I hindered him in the pursuit of the lady whom—

"Hush! we must not speak above our breaths of that matter," interrupted Trusillian, fearing lest Raleigh should be within earshot. "I will make complaint and have the miscreant punished. Thistreatment is a slight upon me and my Lord of Saster. But tell me quickly, have you found the latter?"

"I have, sin," rejoined Barfoot, whose wits were

"I have, sir," rejoined Barfoot, whose wits were no hawildered to invent a ready excuse, and think-ng a lie would serve his purpose better than the

th. "Where is it?" demanded Tresillian, eagerly. "I have given it to him to whom it was address but an hour ago, before he went to the banquetin

room."
"I am glad of that," said Tresilian. "You have done well. I trust the missive may have the desired effect. Go, get you to bed. We must have no brawling here, but I will sae that this entrage of which you complain is redressed. Go, and let me a you in the early morning." of

see you in the early morning."

Barfoot howed and retired, glad to escape.

see you in the early morning."

Barfoot bowed and retired, glad to ecaps a saily
from the emberracing encounter.

"I wish," he muttered, with a luguirious sir,
"that I was well out of this scrape. It is dangerous
playing with fire. I am not made for the instruces
of great people, and, I fear me, I shall suffer for this
before I see the end of it."

When Tracillian reddined Raleich he said cites.

When Tresillian rejoined Raleigh he said, glee-

fully: Great events will happen before long, Walter, or Il I give you your new title? Perhaps it will shall I give you your new title? Pe sound like pleasant music in your ears.

"Nay, I am not such a coxcomb as that," an-swered Raleigh. "It is but prized by me as a mark of court favour. I hold it as a means to an end. Being poor and ambitious, anything is agreeable which will help matter its." will help me to rise.'

will help me to rise."

"Is not that Varney who came out of the door of that tower?" asked Tresillian, pointing to a cleaked figure which just then made its appearance.

"Tis be, or I am much mistaken. Mark how he will have been a supercock. The new honours which blush thick upon him he carries not with becoming meckness. But 'tis ever so. 'Set a beggar on horse-back, and he will ride to the devil,' "rejoined the new knight."

"I must have speech of him."
"Be it so. Remember that you can have half my chamber if you are sure, as you have been informed,

chamber it you are sure, as you have been informed, that the one appointed for you is occupied."

"Many thanks, Walter. I hold you my friend in my misfortunes, and shall not hesitate to avail myself of your offer should it be necessary, as I imagine it will be," Tresilian said, running after the cloaked

figure.

"I hope he is not mad enough to provoke a riot,"

"However, I shall not risk "I hope he is not mad enough to provoke a riot," said Raleigh to himself. "However, I shall not risk my favour at court by mixing myself up in his quarrel. That, forsooth, would be a fool's business."

The shrewd young gentieman re-entered the castle and joined the court party, who were talking merrily preparatory to separating for the night, the queen having exhibited some symptoms of weariness, which was not to be wondered at, the day having been a most trying and fatiguing or

CHAPTER XXVI.

That sweet relief, the healing hand of Heav'n Alone to suffring innocence has giv'n; Come. friend of wirthe, balm of every care, Dwell in my bosom, and forbid despair.

Dwell in my bosom, and forbid despair.

"Sir Richard Varners, if I am not mistaken," exclaimed Tresillian, when he had overtaken the person of whom he was in pursuit.

"At your service, sir," snawered Varney, coldly.

"You know me, and I wish to make a few remarks

which "Tresilian!" said Varney to himself, the darkness having prevented him from recognising his enemy

before. Then adding aloud: "I cry you pardon, knew you not-not for the moment. I was at fault. What would you with me, Master Tresillian?"

What would you with me, Master Tresillian?"

"I ask you what object you had in displaying before her majesty certificates which you, as well as I, know to be false? The daughter of Sir Hugh Robsari is not at Cunnor, nor is she ill!"

Varney started.

"Are you fully aware of what you are saying?" he answered. "You impeach the honour of the Earl of Leicester, and call is question the sworn testimony of gentlemen who are in his confidence!"

"I believe the Earl of Leicester to be an honourable man, but he is your dure. Varney. Why is this

"I believe the Earl of Leicester to be an honourable man, but he is your dupe. Varney. Why is this lady persecuted by you? Why not let the truth be avowed, whatever it may be? The queen has expressed a wish to see her. You must have some deep design in keeping her from the royal presence."

"I will hold no discourse with you, Master Trestillian," said Varney. "It is evident that your fancied wrongs have turned your head, and that you are not answerable for your words. If you are in possession of any great secret, why do you not make use of it to my disadvantage?"

"Because I cannot at present. The time is not come. Wait, wait. If I am not mistaken, both you and Leibester will be overwhelmed in one common ruin. I have sought you to besseeh you at the last memonst te he wise; coase your persecution, adopt an open policy."

rum. I have sought you to bessent you at the last memest is he wise, ecease your persecution, adopt an open policy."

"Enough of this!" cried Varney. "I have compared in for your broubles, sir, but I cannot allow myself to be afronted in this manner. Mistress Robert is now Mistress Varney, She is my wife, and I alone am answerable for her treatment."

"Then you are a willain! I have no hesitation in caying e.g. and you have some peculiar purpose in refusing to give her audience of Elizabeth. Do you hear me, Sir Richard Varney? You are a villain!"

For a mament Varney! shand sought his sword, but his prudence restrained him. He saw that Tresillian had some purpose in provoking him into a quarrel, and his sense talk him that he had nothing to gain by an unmanly brawl in his patron's castle; so he replied, with an assumed midlness:

"You shall insult me now at your pleasure. Another time we shall doubtless have a fitting opportunity of settling the little score which exists between us, and which you have this night run up."

"Contemptible hound?" exclaimed Tresillian, who would have done him some violence had he not alipped

would have done him some violence had he not slipped quickly away, and disappeared through an open door which happened to be within a few yards of him. Tresillian had made an effort, such as it was, in

Tresillian had made an effort, such as it was, in Amy's behalf, but he was not at liberty to act fully, and, his hands being so tied, he could do her no real good until the time had expired for which she had stipulated. Not feeling in the humour for joining in the festivities, which were drawing to a close, he retired to Sir Walter Raleigh's apartments, and, selecting a couch in a retired corner, threw himself down, all drossed as he was, and courted sleep, which proved herself a shy lover. For a long time she coquetted around his cyclius, and when at last the condescended to settle upon them he was worn out with watching. to settle upon them he was worn out with watching

to settle upon them as was worn out with watching for her approach.

The Earl of Leicester was also glad when Bitsa-beth signified her wish to retire, and he was liberated from his arduous duties. Soon all was quiet and still. No sound was heard except the baying of hounds in the kennels, who were disturbed by the grooms and the kennels, who were disturbed by the grooms and prickers making preparations for a grand bunt on the morrow. The yeomen of the guard performed the duties of the watch whenever the queen was present in person, and their voices were heard occasionally in the spacious courts and quadrangles of the castle. It was a lovely night. The sky was studded with stars, amidst which the moon shone out like a superior laminars. rior luminary.

Everything in the earl's chamber denoted the taste of a Sybarite. The furniture Everything in the earl's chamber denoted the taste of a Sybarite. The furniture was not only costly, but voluptions. His eyes rosted on the splendid hangings as if he enjoyed their beauty. His taste showed itself in the admiring way in which he least ever a vase of sweet-smilling flowers and stayed to inhale their fragrance. Again his love, we may almost say his necessity, for the beautiful betrayed install in the act of medicine and exercise its a miniature. most say his ne most say his necessity, for the beautiful betrayed isself in the act of producing and gazing at a miniature
portrait of Amy—his countess, the unhappy lady
upon whom he had brought so much trouble, though
he was unconscious how much she suffered.
Outside his window there was a small balustrade,
from which was obtainable an extensive view of the
chase, bathed in a flood of argent monlight.

As he stepped out he felt a glow of pride when he reflected that he was the owner of this wide domain and the founder of the festivities which had for their

entertainment the sovereign of the realm.

But his heart throbbed more quickly when he wondered how long he would be able to maintain his lofty eminence. At any moment some unitoward co-

minated his handsome features, and, extending his hand, he exclaimed:

"Let me congratulate you, Sir Richard, upon your clevation to knightly rank. No one better deserved such a return for services rendered."

"Let me thank you, my lord, for your kind interposition in my favour," answered Varney, humbly.
"I know to whom I owe my rank, and believe me, I am grateful for this last mark of your favour,"
The earl laid down the orders with which his breast glittered, and Varney gathered them into sjewel-case—first, the English Garter and the diamond George, the jewel of the order; next, the order of the Goldes Piecee, conferred upon him by the King of Spain; these the order of St. Audrew, which had been revived by the last James of Scotland. When all were placed in security the earl said;

"This is scarcely consistent with your dignity, Sir Richard."

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le inSir Richard."

"Oh, my lord!" answered Varney, "to you I am the same numble servant that I have always been; to the world I shall appear a little bigger, but I begthat you will not banish me from your person because your influence has made the sun of the queen's favour to sline upon me."

"Thou art a good fellow, Varney. I have not pinned my faith on a leaf to be shaken by the wind of either prosperity or adversity; in you I can repose confidence. Now, while I take off this gay apparel, tall me what news there may be to he retailed."

Varney did not dare to relate the story of Amy's escape from Cumnon for he knew that the narration would throw the earl into a state of profound perturbation, and perhaps unit him for the performance of his duties on the morrow. It was, in his opinion, one of those facts best kept concealed under existing circumstances. He had a half-formed plan in his head of sending Dick Whistler after her on the fellowing morning; a recepture was possible. But at present he scarcely knew what to do for the best; he was apprehensive of no present danger, and all he

present he scarcely knew what to do for the best; he was apprehensive of no present danger, and all he thought of was to half the earl his master into a sense of security, whatever might happen afterwards.

"I have only heard a general expression of opinion in your favour, my lord," answered Varney. "Men say that your hospitality is right royal, and, saving your presence, I have listened to some who under their breath look forward to the time when you will sit on the throne of this fair country."

Leicester's countenance lighted up, but the plea-

sit on the throne of this fair country,"
Leiceater's countenance lighted up, but the pleasurable emotion soon faded away.

"It were a high destiny," he said, "but I need not tell you that it cannot be. You, who are in my confidence, know very well that I am married. A man cannot have two wives. Even now I tremble when I think of the consequences which might follow a discovery of the policy I have pursued in this matter. My head might be brought to the block."

Varuey laughed scordfully.

"You are too high and mighty for that, my lord."

"You are too high and mighty for that, my lord," he exclaimed, "your kinsmen too numerous and powerful. Besides, in this free England no man's head can fall without law."

powerful. Besides, in this free England no man's head can fall without law."

"I have many enomies, Varney," sighed the earl.

"The inevitable result of being great is that one's rise brings one unmerited country; and if my royal mistrose wished it, she has enough of the spirit of her father, the bloody King Harry, to devise come means of accasing me of treason. An accusation is easily made, and judges are too prone to listen to trumped-up evidence."

"I wish, my lord, that we had never made that fatal joarney into Devonshire. You would not then have been trapped by the beauty of Mistress Amy."

"It is too late for regrets; and my love for the girl is so great that I cannot wish the past recalled."

"But why not make some secret bower for this 'Rosamond?" said Varney. "You can love her, my lord, and keep her close. Suppose up one is any wiser than at present, you would be free to play a high game, and if, as I think, the queen looks upon you with favour, now is the time to urge your sait."

"There is a chance. I will not disguise that either from you or myself." Leicester answered, musingly. "Her majesty's manner grows more gracious day by day. Yet I fear some terrible explosion.: I know not why, but I have a presentiment of coming evil. These intuitions, as I may call them, rarely deceive me."

"You have been evertaxed to-day, my lord: 'ties."

"You have been overtaxed to-day, my lord; 'tis a weakness of the nerves and will pass with sleep," Varney hastened to suggest. "If you will be brave, and rise equal to the occasion, daring all, soaring like

currence might change to hard him to the bottom of fortune's ladder. He wished that Alcasar were within eall, that he might consult him respecting the aspect of the heavenly bodies, for the night seemed favourable for such a consultation.

A slight noise in the room disturbed lifth, and, turning round, he saw Varney. A smile fustantly fliuminated his handsome features, and, extending his hand, he exclaimed:

"If I could believe that I were destined to be Elizaband, he exclaimed:

"If I could believe that I were destined to be Elizaband, he exclaimed:

"It me congratulate you, Sir Richard, upon your clevation to knightly rank. No one better deserved such a return for services sendered."

"Let me thank you, my lord, for your kind intercent of the services sendered."

"Let me thank you, my lord, for your kind intercent of the services sendered."

"Let me thank you, my lord, for your kind intercent of the services sendered."

"It may favour." answered Varney, humbly.

"The best, my lord," answered Varney, uneasily.

you from Gumnor?"

"The best, my lord," answered Varney, uneasily.
"What would you say if this indisposition of the countess deepened?—if—if 'twere a actious malady, which were to have a fatal ending?"

"No more of that!" cried Laicester, impetuously.
"I cannot and will not listen to each suggestions! Life must not be tempered with. I will have no wrong done—no, not even to sit on the throne of such a country as England!"

"I did but jest, my lord," Varney exclaimed, quickly changing his tone. "The lady is in no danger, and feels no uncasiness save a desire for your company."

company."

"Poor Amy," the earl said as Varney assisted him to his couch, "I have indeed caused you to travel a path which is not exactly one of roses; but I am a child of fate, and must go whither my destiny

harries ms."
That was the meod in which Varney wished to get him, and, with a wish that his rest might be undisturbed, he left him to indulge fresh dreams of ambition and wonder when the ball, now that it was set rolling, would stop.

He already saw his patron king, and himself a minister of state, leaded with wealth and honours.

"What," said he to himself, "shall I allow the

minister of state, leaded with wealth and honours.

"What," said he to himself, "shall I allow the
lifs of a pretty girl to stand between ms and the realisation of such a vision? Were there twenty girls
in the way they should all fall! Leicoster shall be
no wiser. The death may shock him, but the first
pang over he will consider her an obtacle removed
from his path, and thank faste for ridding him of such
son encumbrance. I will be stirring with the dawn
to-morrow. Whistler shall go in pushit of the wayward girl. I will brite him heavily to use despatch
and bring her back to Cumnor. She cannot be difficult to find, and once more under the eare of Anthony
Fester her, hours are numbursel."

With this awful threat on hie lips he sought his
chamber and, such was the callousness of the made
mind, quickly fell asleep, though his slumber was
not undisturbed. He tossed restlessly about, babbled wildly, and sometimes oried our loudly; his
thoughts were settive, while his body lay unconsoious.

CHAPTER XXVII

Sir C.: Make yourself a little intelligible, sir.
Fed.: And so I don't speak plain, eh? On! the little
rogue! There's more beauty in the veins of her neck
than in a landscape of Claude; and more music in the
smack of her lips than in all Handel,

them in a landscape of Claude; and more musts in the smask of her lips than in all Handel,

Dunned the period of this eventful day which was passed by Amy in the castle she was the prey of a restless anxiety. Every moment she expected to see the Earl of Leicester, or, at least, some mossenger from her husbaud, for she did not dream for a moment that her letter had miscarried.

The unhappy girl was entirely at a loss to account for his protracted silence, and could only explain it on the ground that he was so much occupied with the duties which devolved upon him as host that he could not spare half as hour even for her.

"When all is still," she said, "he will come to me; and I will be so loving and obedient that I will do anything he tells me. I would not embarrase him for the world, and he shall not have cause to address one word of repreach to me."

She heard the hoarse shouts of the multitude, the discharge of the cannon, the braying of the trumpets, and the clash of the music discoursed by the numerous bands. She beheld the splendid display of fireworks, and her childish mind was pleased with the pyrotechnic devices, which were entirely new to her, and seemed like magio.

It was a relief when night fell, and but few sounds disturbed the sir. A party of roysterers in a corner of the court kept up a din till twelve o'clock, but at

It was a relief when night fell, and but few sounds disturbed the air. A party of roysterers in a corner of the court kept up a din till twelve o'clock, but at last their drunken voices, too, were hushed.

Yet she could not sleep, for she expected to hear the welcome footsteps of her lord on the stairs, and to be clasped in his manly embrace as of old.

"He will come! Oh, I know he will come to me!" she murmured.

There were two others besides herself who could not sleep that night—one was Treallian, the other Dick Whistler. The former awake from a broken slumber to find that Sir Walter Raleigh, whose

chamber he shared, had retired, and was sound saleep. Rising, he arranged his garments, and, de-scending, made his way to Morvyn's Tower—walk-ing up and down before it, and wondering if Amy was still in her apartments, and if she had been success ful in the plan which—from the fact of her despatch ing a letter to Leicoster—he fancied she has formed.

While thus engaged he saw Dick Whistler come into the court with unsteady gait, and make in as straight a line as he could pursue for the doorway of

Meryyn's Tower.

Hastily concealing himself in the shadow of the door, Tresilian heard him mutter to himself:

Meryn's Tower.

Hastly concealing himself in the shadow of the door, Tresilian heard him mutter to himself:

"I'll unearth this petticoat, and question her as to her coming hers. There is some socret attached to it, I'll warrant me, and secrets at times put money is one's purse. I have had the scheme in my thoughts all the evening, and should have gone before had not the plaguy wine got into my head so as to muddle it. By the Mass! I shall soon become so much like a butt that they may tap me and find claret!"

Thanking the instinct that prompted him to come and watch over his lest love, Tresilian stood close, feeling sure that Whistler's words alluded to Amy. For a moment he did not know what to do, and, after a little reflection, he detormined to wait, and be guided by the course of events.

It seemed probable that the fellow—prompted by capidity and curiosity—intended to inflict his hateful presence upon Amy; to stop him at once and infliet condiggs punishment upon him would compromise the counters, and be apparently unjust to the intruder, who had, as yet, done nothing to merit chastisement. If he were caught in the act of annoyance, Tresillian felt that he should be justified in raising a hue and cry, which might ultimately assist Amy in spite of herself.

It seemed to him decidedly for her interest—after what had taken place before the queen—that her recemes in the castle should be widely known;

It soemed to him decidedly for her interest—after what had taken place before the queen—that her presence in the castle should be widely known; though by no word of his would he break his pro-mise to her.

The conduct of Whistler, however, might enable him to cry for help, and so bring people into her chamber, and force her to declare herself, and implore

assistance.

With a beating heart he continued to wait.

Amy's expectancy made her hearing unusually souts, and when the sound of Dick Whistler ascanding the staircase fell upon her ears she concluded that the earl was her midnight visitor, and, opening the door to receive him, exclaimed, as she held out

"At last, darling, at last!"

"Well, I didn't know I was expected, but it's all the better!" replied Dick, allowing her arms to encircle his neck

The embrace was of momentary duration only, for, with a shrick of disappointment and dismay, Amy retreated to a corner of the room, and gazed in a terrified manuer at Whistler, who was plainly visible as he stood in the monbeams which played upon his

ugh she had seen him once or twice at Cumn

Though she had seen him ones or twice at Cumnor he had made no impression upon her memory, and she did not recollect him in the least.

"Who see you?" she asked; "and how dare you intrude upon me in this privacy? Are you not afraid of being punished, or have you come here by mistake? If so, I beg you to retire at once, as you must see that you have no business here."

"My beiness writty one; is with you." replied

must see that you have no business here."

"My business, pretty one, is with you," replied Whistier. "Tell me your same, and all about your-self. Give me one kiss—nay, two or three, I'll not be satisfied with one; and I'll lay my rank and fortune at your feet."

"Oh! go away. I implore you!" oried Amy now.

"Oh! go away, I implore you!" cried Amy, now thoroughly slarmed, "If you are a gentleman, leave me—you know not what you do! Heaven help me!" she added. "He is disguised with wine."

Dick's only response was to advance towards her, boldly, his arms extended, saying:
"One kies, if I die for it."

He happened, however, to stumble over a chair, and this enabled Amy to rush past him, crying:

and this enabled Amy to rush past him, orying:

"Help! help!"
In a menter Tresillian was in the room. He know
her voice too well to hesitate a moment, and rushed
to her rescue. Amy was like a startled fawn. The
presones of a second man, whose features she could
not see for the darkness, instead of reassuring her,
alarmed her still more, and she field down the stairs,
into the court, and through an open wicket into the
gardon, which she thought offered a more secure retreat than any other part of the castle.

Dick Whistler had by this time recovered himself,
and looking at Tresillian, exclaimed:

and, looking at Tresillian, exclaimed:
"Who have we here? This becomes serious.
Shall I not keep an appointment with a lady without having spies put upon me?"

"Liar and villain!" cried Tresillian. "I speak within bounds, for I know you to be both. The lady did not wish for your company, and you were an impudent intruder.

"Oh! is it so? Perhaps you are the party she expected; for that she did await some one I'll swear, she would not have thrown her lovely arms round There are nice goings-on in my Lord of castle. Let us have lights to examine Leicester's castle. your countenance withal; or, failing that, you'll have to stand in the moonlight, that I may identify you, else I'll know the reason why. This savours of im-morality, and cannot be permitted, sir gallant, " said

Whistler, impudently.
"A truce to thy balderdash," exclaimed Tresillian, "you know me very well, or ought to. My name is Tresillan, and you are the madeap attendant upon Sir Richard Varney—to give him the title his villany

nas brought him."

"Now, by this hilt! no one shall abuse my master,"
cried Dick Whistler. "And, seeing that you are in
my power through this discovery, Master Tresillian,
it behoveth you to chaunt a little less loudly. But,
cogswounds! where is the lady?"
Mathorist somethies.

"Methought something passed me on the stairs," ejaculated Tresillian.

ejaculated Tresillian.

"I would to Heaven my head was not so light and
my brain so muddy. It is usually an exceeding fertile brain, and has done me good service in my lifetime. I water it, I manure it as it likes with good
liquor, and it bringeth forth tenfold; but at times it

rusteth, I cannot tell why. Had I not been muddled she should not have 'scaped thus."

"You are an insolent variet," said Trosillian, "and must leave this room. There is gold for thee; take it, and consider yourself paid."

"For what?—for silence?" cried Dick. "No, I'll

go hang first. There shall be inquiring and laughter at your expense, Master Tresillian, to-morrow. But I'll take the gold, I like the chink of the yellowboys

boya."

"Either depart of your own free will or go at the point of my sword, you rascally knave!" exclaimed Tresillian, drawing, for he was growing choleric.

"Am I to be mocked by grooms?"

"Groom in your teeth!" answered Bick, who was

just drunk enough to be valorous.

But before he could place himself in defence the sharp prick of Tresillian's sword drove him to the door and through the doorway to the head of the stairs, down which be pitched headlong, lying at the

stairs, down which he picenes used to be toom stunned and bleeding.
Tresillian now searched the room carefully, and, finding no trace of Amy, went down the staircase and looked over the court. At length he concluded that she had either found some asylum or temporarily the benealf and would return. He lingered in the that she had either found some asylum or temporarily hidden herself and would return. He lingered in the court, pacing up and down impatiently, until daylight appeared, and the immates of the castle began to move about; then he went back to Raleigh's apartments, and, thoroughly worn out, slept.

As for Dick Whistler, he lay like a log where he bad fallon, overcome by the drink he had taken and the hurts he received in tumbling down the crooked staircase, which made his bones ache all the next day, though he was not seriously injured.

The night was he no means cold and how was not

The night was by no means cold, and Amy was not inconvenienced by the weather; in fact the air was rather agreeable than otherwise, for it fanned her hot and feverish cheek as she wandered through the par terre full of flowers, and amidst the quaintly cut shrubs, it being the custom to fashion yews into the similitude of birds and animals.

She was clad in a brown silk dress, and had left her cloak and hood in the tower when she so preci-pitately sought safety in flight. Her face was a little

haggard, and her hair had escaped its fastenings.

"What a strange guise for Leicester's countess!"
she said, half aloud. "How have I entered my husband's castle! how been received! But I have one comfort, he does not know it. I came here of my own

comicer, he does not know it. I came here of my own free will. It is not by Dudley's orders or consent I am in this plight."

To return to Mervyn's Tower was to her such a repugnant course that she determined on no account to adopt it. It seemed far more advisable to her to remain in the pleasaunce and try to enlist some lady of the court in her behalf, as she stood a chance of

of the court in her behalf, as she stood a chance of meeting some one in the morning.

A grotto built of the spar found in Derbyshire invited her to enter. She found seats inside, and sank down upon one, which, though not very comfortable, was nevertheless a seasonable resting-place.

She could not sleep, though her head fell back and her eyes closed. The slightest sound made by the wind the cry of a season

wind, the cry of a peacock, the movement of a bough was sufficient to cause her to start up and look wildly

The night passed and dawn came; with the morning, too, came hope. She began to think that her sufferings were nearly over, for it could not be long

first before she would be discovered by some one through whom she could make her presence known to the earl.

to the earl.

Perhaps, she thought, the letter has not reached
fts destination; or, if it had, the earl, preoccupied,
had cast it on one side to read it at his loisure; or it
might have fallen into Varney's hands, who, being
her enemy—as she always argued—had purposely
kept it from him to whom it was addressed.

At an early hour, while still ensounced in the grotto,
Amy heard footsteps and voices approaching her.

A small hole in the wall, which was intended to
admit light, enabled her to look out and behold the
long vists of walks, flower-bads tarraces, and flights

admit light, enabled her to look out and behold the long vista of walks, flower-beds, tarraces, and flights of steps which led up to the castle.

These had little interest for her; she had recognised one of the voices, whose tones thrilled through her very heart. It was that of the Earl of Leicester, and with him was a lady, evidently of high rank, for several ladies in attendance upon her remained some distance in the rear, in a respectful attitude.

distance in the rear, in a respectful attitude.

"It must be the queen, and with Dudley," murmered Amy, her heart palpitating violently.

She was right. It was indeed Elizabeth, who had accepted the earl's escort to walk through the beautiful grounds before they set out for the chase. Her majesty was dressed in hunting costume, which well became her imperious and slightly masculine form. Leicester was attired in Lincoln green, with all the

Leicester was attired in Lincoin green, with all the appurtenances of a huntsman.

His manner was full of tenderness. Amy remembered how he had often bent over her with the same soft and gentle air, and how his expressive eyes had sought to read her soul. A pang of jeslousy shot through her heart. Could it be possible that she had a rival, and that in the person of England's queen? She pressed her hand to her side to still the beating of her rebellious heart, and still gazed and still listened.

When the queen and Leicester had almost reache When the queen and Leicester had almost reached the entrance of the grotto they paused. To the right of them rose a tinking fountain, in the basin of which the water fell with a musical sound. All around gave evidence of the lovely summer-time. The fragrance of the flowers was everywhere; the bees hummed, the birds asng, and a pleasant sephyr played amidst the leafy branches of the trees, creat-ing an agreeable murmur as if it gave to every leaf a tongrie.

Through the apertures in the stones of which the grotto was composed Amy could not only hear the conversation that took place between the queen and Leicester, but she could see their every movement than the could see their every movement.

Lesicester, but ane could see their every movemen and almost hear them breathe. Elizabeth was evidently much affected at some thing Leicester had said to her, for her ordinary leo nine look had entirely vanished; a tear trembled in her eyes, which sought the ground, and the earl's manner was less confident than usual.

Amy's first impulse was to rush out and disclose herself, but, restraining this, she bent forward to hear what passed between her majesty and Leicester,

what passed between murmuring:
"After all he is my husband, and I will not break my promise to him. He told me that the queen must on no account know anything of our union. There may be private reasons which he will explain: and something tells me that the lady by his side is Elizabeth and the lady by his side is Elizabeth. beth of England—she is so majestic in her bearing.

It must be she. No, no—I will keep my word, come
what max." what may.

(To be continued.)

DR. RUSSELL well observes that the following ex-tract will startle those who think it easy to victual Paris:—"In his negotiations with Count Bismarck, M. Thiers required the besieging army to allow the admission into Paris during the month's armistice

M. There required the besieging army to allow the admission into Paris during the month's armistice of \$4,000 oxen, \$8,000 sheep, \$6,000 pigs, \$5,000 calves, \$100,000 owt. of salt meat, \$6,000,000 owt. of hay and straw, \$20,000 owt. of flour, \$3,000 owt. of vegetables, \$100,000 tons of coal, and \$14,500,000 cubic feet of wood. All requisitions were meanwhile to be suspended by the Germans.

AN UNPLEASANT SITUATION.—Canadian papers mention that the government steamer "Napoleon III." has left Quebec for the Lower St. Lawrence on lighthouse service. The Quebec Chronicle says the principal object of the mission is to remove two men from the Bird Rocks, in the Gulf, who have been on this desolate little island for more than a month without being able to obtain the slightest assistance. The rocks are over 70ft, high, and to reach the summit the visitor must climb two perpendicular ladders over 30 feet each, an operation attended with considerable risk. At the base of the island large, sharply-out boulders of black stone are scattered at irregular distances, against which and the rock itself the waves, when the see is running high, dash with tremendous violence and force. In launching a boat from the rocks a calm day must be selected, and aven then the greatest equipment and selected and aven then the greatest equipment. mohing a boat from the rocks a calm day m selected, and even then the greatest caution

served, owing to the great under-swell, which is almost as dangerous as the high running sea. One of the government schooners in the fishery protection service has made several attempts to reach the unfortunate occupants of this Robinson Crusoe tion service has made several attempts to reach the unfortunate occupants of this Robinson Crusos island, but failed, and the commander, to save his vessel, had to throw all the provisions overboard, with which it was intended to repleniah the almost exhausted stock on the island. The "Lady Hoad" also made an attempt to reach the charmed spot, but was unsuccessful. It is decided now, if necessary to pull the men through the water by means of ropes tied round their bodies. Three of the boats of the "Lady Head" were smashed; o pieces. Mr. Tomlinson, chief engineer of the Marine and Fisheries Department, visits the locality on board the "Napoleon III.," and, as a last resource, intends to rocket.

DISAPPOINTED MEN.

DISAPPOINTED MEN.

You meet them everywhere. At home and when visiting, on business or on pleasure, in this city and in that town, gazing wistfully at a mansion here, and popping down an alley yonder. When you take your ease at your inn, you find a specimen in the corner, looking morosely and sullenly miserable, complaining that his hot water is cold, his brandy adulterated, his tobacoo the worst he has ever had, and doing his best to make the company as miserable as himself; and when you are coming from church you hear him passing ill-natured remarks against minister, clerk, choir, and congregation, and winding up by calling himself a fool for going at all. Attired in a black frock coat, with shining elbows, and still more shining buttons, a waistcoat ten years old, with buttons of different sizes and different patterns, and trousers the original colour of which you can only guess, finished off at one extremity by a shabby, greasy, nondescript hat, and at the other by the still more shabby remnants of what had once been a pair of boots, this is the man who will wonder where young Smith gets all the money he spends, and tell you confidentially that Lloyd, Smith's employer, should have his books examined. He wouldn't give parties to friends, decorate himself with jewellery, and have a dozen suite yearly, and so he tells Smith. ("Sour grapes, my cynical friend," replies Smith.)

This is the man who wonders what Jones would have been, if his wife had not brought him some money; how long Wieding is going to stand the extrawagance of his daughters, and the firting of his wife; and if Brown is not in trouble, what he has mortgaged his house for, and given a bill of sale upon his furniture; who, forgetting that every man is a fool at least once in his life, has made his brain a dictionary of all the follies of the neighbourhood, and retails them out whenever he can find a listener, instinuating that a man who has done wrong or foolishly once, must of necessity be always doing wrong and foolish things. At a birth he wi

INFANT MORTALITY IN LARGE TOWNS.—The Registrar-General's returns of the mortality in 17 large towns of England in the third quarter of the present year show a high rate of infant mortality. The registers for the quarter show that in Sunderland the number of deaths of infants not a year old was equal to 18'8 per cent of the number of births registered in the quarter. In Portsmouth the ratio is 21'7 per cent of the births; in London, 22'3 per cent; in Wolverhampton, 22'4; in Bristol, 25'3; in Neweastle-upon-Tyme, 25'7; in Salford, 26'2; in Birmingham, 27'3; in Sheffield, 27'7; in Hall, 28'4; in Manchester, 28'7; in Nottingham, 30'9; in Bradford, 32'1; in Leeds, 33'9; in Nowich, 37'1; in Leicester, 38'7. In liverpool the ratio was no less than 39'2 per cent; so that for every five children whose births were registered in that town in the

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ratio is 2-3 per 25-3; in 8-2; in 1, 28-4; n Brad-7-1; in no less children

in the

le d to a quarter, two children died in the quarter under one year old. The mean for the 17 towns shows a number of deaths under one year of age in the quarter amounting to 28'3 per cent. on the number of births registered in the quarter. This indicates a very high rate of infant mortality. It was the quarter in which diarrhosa is epidemie; and so also was scarlet fever. In the preceding quarter of the year, the second quarter of 1870, the mean of the 17 towns showed deaths of infants amounting to only 147 per cent. of the births registered in the quarter. Some allowance must be made for the circumstance that the birth-rate with which this comparison is made is always lower in the third than in the second quarter of the year. The life table shows that in the healthier districts of England out of 100 children born alive 10 die in the course of twelve months.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS.

ALEXANDRE DUMAS.

In Alexandre Dumas France has lost, certainly not one of her greatest writers, but, at any rate, one of the spoiled children of modern literature. His career as an author may be divided into two parts of very unequal length and of very unequal merit. English readers know only the Dumas of the latter period, identified with "Monte Christo" and "The Three Musketeers." But when, in 1829, the celebrated prose tragedy, "Henry III. and his Court," was brought out at the Thétère Français, to the intense horror of the old classicists, the young author was regarded as a man of brilliant genius, equal almost to the poet who had created "Hernani," and destined, with him, to revolutionise French literature.

most to the poet who had created "Hernani," and destined, with him, to revolutionise French literature.

The thorough understanding of scenic effect, the bustle of the plot, and the complete throwing away of old asthetic traditions, are not sufficient to explain the popularity which M. Alexandre Dumas enjoyed at once. He adroitly caught the spirit of the times, and earned reputation by it. It would be, of course, impossible to give here anything like an adequate sketch of the brilliant literary career of M. Alexandre Dumas; the reader must be referred to his amusing Memoirs, which under various titles occupy between thirty and forty volumes.

During the early part of his career as an author he adopted the Byronic style, because it was fashionable. When the reaction set in towards classical tragedies, he composed his "Caligula" as a kind of proof that if he liked he could equal Pierre Corneille and M. Ponsard. Nothing was required of him by the public but neatness of style, skill in forming the structure of a plot, and in accumulating episodes and incidents of the most extraordinary description. As for ideas, humour, the power of observing and delineating character, they were not to be expected. If we want to estimate as it deserves the influence which M. Alexandre Dumas has produced on French literature, we have only to see what pupils he leaves behind him.

Bern July 24, 1803, M. Alexandre Dumas was therefore sixty-seven years old when he died. The complete list of his works will be found in Quérard's "Supercheries Littéraire Dévoilées," tome 1, part 2, together with a number of biographical details and anecdotes of the most amusing description.

A CENTENARIAN.—At a recent meeting of the Brentford Board of Guardians the master of the workhouse reported that Mary Hicks, aged 104, belonging to the parish of Isleworth, died on the 24th November. She was born on the 11th of August, 1766, and was baptized on the 15th of February, 1767, at Broeseley Church, Salop. Since her admission into the workhouse, now over twenty-seven years ago, she has fared well, and was a very hale old lady, even after she had lived a century. Barely six months ago her recollection was so vivid that ahe gave one of the guardians a complete history of her life. She was buried in Isleworth churchyard. Four inmates followed, whose united ages amounted to 335 years (being an average for the eight of 78‡ years). with four other inmates whose united ages, added to the above, amounted to 625 years (being an average for the eight of 78‡ years).

above, amounted to 628 years (being an average for the eight of 78½ years).

The Field Post in 1759.—How the field post was managed during the Seven Years' War may be judged from an order issued from the Duke of Brunswick's head-quarters at the time when his troops were operating on the river Lahor. It directed that sentries should be posted on both sides of the river at the spots where bridges had existed prior to the war, so that letters between the Duke and General Wutginan or Major Schlieffen could be promptly exchanged without going round by the bridge at Wolfshausen. "The opposite sentries," explained the order, "throw the letters to each other over the Lahor. They must fasten them to a stone, but must always wrap them up well, so that if in the present bad weather they should fall into the mud they may not be moistened or soiled. You will select as sentries expert men, who will be paid for their

trouble, so that the letters are not thrown into the water by unskilful persons. As soon as a letter has in this way arrived, been brought, or rather thrown from one side of the Lahor to the other, it must be immediately despatched from Büttershausen hither by express." The order is dated Krofdorff, December 1971.

THE PEARLS OF ERIN:

THE HALF SISTERS.

CHAPTER XXVII.

FOR the third, time sounded that midnight summons upon the great door of Connor Hall, and this time it was so loud and imperious in its wild clangour as to arouse the household from their beds.

Doors were heard to open and shut hurriedly, and steps resounded in the halls.

Bassantyne leaned back against the wall of Lady Kathleen's dressing-room, pistol in hand, his face drawn and seamed with the anguish of an awful expectation.

expectation.
Lady Kathleen stood in listening attitude, white as marble, her eyes dilated wide with horror.
"Tell them not to open the door," whispered Bassantyne, sharply and shrilly.
"It is too late! I cannot give the order without making matters worse. Delaney has already gone to the door."
"Then I'm lost!"
"Perhane it is not the nolice. I will see."

"Then I'm lost!"
"Perhaps it is not the police. I will see."
Lady Kathleen glided into her bondoir, and locked
the door opening into the corridor. Then she softly
and swiftly undid the fastenings of her great, wide
French windows, and stopped out upon the balcony,
into the midst of a group of plants and shrubs in

pots.

Screened by these, her ladyship looked over the edge of the balcony keenly and cautiously.

A group of men were below, most of them mounted.
One of them held the bridles of two riderless horses. The men who had ome upon these horses were those who were besting the loud tattoo upon

norses. The men who had come upon these horses were those who were beating the loud tattoo upon the door.

Bending over the railing of the balcony still farther, Lady Kathleen saw that one of the men at the door, like the horsemen, was in policeman's uniform. The other, from his apparent lameness and his general appearance, she recognised as Bassantyne's enemy, Lame Bill.

She was about to retreat, when the horsemen dismounted, securing their horses to the trees. One of the men said:

"Knock louder. Wake them up, lads——"
"Whisht!" said the officer at the door. "It's coming they are. None o' your hullaballoo now!"
"Better surround the Hall," suggested Lame Bill, uneasily. "Gentleman Bob is a regular desperado! He may escape by the back door while we are at the front."

"Perhaps it'll be talling ne how to ate you'll be

are at the front."

"Parhaps it'll be telling me how to ate you'll be next," said the officer, testily. "As if I didn't know my own business. It's full of hints and advice you've been since we started."

Nevertheless, despite his jealousy of comments or interference, the officer, who seemed in command of the party, ordered his men to guard the rear doors.

doors.

At that moment the great door swung on its massive hinges, and Delaney appeared on the threshold, demanding what was wanted.

Lady Kathleen sped back to her dressing-room, finding Bassantyne in the attitude in which she had laft him.

finding Bassantyne in the attitude in which she had left him.

"It is the police, guided by Lame Bill!" she said, breathlessly. "They are surrounding the house. You must escape at once. I may be doing wrong in thus screening you.—"

"But self-preservation's the first law of nature. How am I to escape?"

"Follow me quickly. Without a word."

She led the way into her bed-chamber, through her bath-room, out upon a little, narrow landing, lighted by a small round window. From this landing a circular flight of stairs led to the ground floor.

Lady Kathleen conducted the furtitive down the

loor.

Lady Kathleen conducted the fugitive down the staircase, coming out upon a lower landing, from which there was but a single mode of egress—a small door opening into the rose-garden.

"This is a private entrance, never used now-adays," said Lady Kathleen as she hurriedly drew the rusty bolts and bars. "It is screened on the outside by a heavy growth of ivy, and will probably escape the notice of the police. I will gain all the time I can for your escapa. Now go."

She pulled open the door, its rusty hinges creaking, and Bassantyne peered cautiously out into the night.

night.

Lady Kathleen had surmised truly. The narrow door in the house wall, grown over with ivy, and un-

screened by a porch, had escaped the observation of the policemen. There were no watchers outside. With a muttered word of thanks, Bassantyne glided down the steps into the garden, sped along in the shadow of the rose hedge to a belt of shrubbery, under the protection of which he made for the park.

Once in the park, he believed it would be easy to make his way out of the valley into the open country outside.

Lady Kathleen stood in the little arched doorway in the wall until Bassantyne had gained the shrabbery, then she softly closed the door and fastened it securely.

She glided swiftly up the stairs, locked her bath-room door, putting the key in her pocket, and leisurely proceeded to her sitting-room.

Some one was knocking loudly at her door. She called out:

called out

called out:
"Who is there?"
A cherus of voices answered her, prominent among
which she distinguished those of Delaney the steward,
and of her maid, whom she had dismissed to bed an

and of her maid, whom she had dismissed to bed an hour before.

Going to the door, she flung it open, demanding, haughtly:

"Why am I disturbed at this hour, and in this manner? What has happened?"

She regarded the group at her threshold with flashing eyes and indignant mion.

The group consisted of nearly all her servants, Mr. and Mrs. Delaney, the police officer and one of his assistants, behind whom was Lame Bill, all sinister delight and expectant triumph.

"I beg your pardon, my lady," said the officer, respectfully, removing his hat. "I am here on spainful and most unwelcome duty, in obedience to the orders of my superiors."

"Well?" said Lady Kathleen, in apparent haught; surprise. "What is it you want? Certainly there can be no necessity to arouse a lady at this hour. If you want anything, you can apply to my steward.

Mr. Delaney."

"My lady—" began Delaney, timidly and anxiously.

can be no necessity to aronse a lady at this hour. If you want anything, you can apply to my steward Mr. Delancy."

"My lady—" began Delaney, timidly and an riously.

The officer interrupted the old steward. He was a man of some education and character, and had much of the vanuted Irish chivalry. The aspect of the lovely young creature, with her unbound hain and her great blue yees, full of mingled haughtiness and terror, appealed to his sense of gallantry Moreover, the Connors of Ballyconnor were one of the great families of County Wicklow, with wealth and influence—qualities which he well knew how to respect and he had no desire to offend the latest representative of the ancient house.

"My lady," he said, "we have received information that a person known as Gentleman Bob, and under various other alicases, a fugitive convict from the penal colonies, is living under your roof——"

"Who says this?" demanded Lady Kathleen.

"I do!" declared Lame Bill, stepping forward.
It's I that gave the information. There's a big reward out for him, and I've put in a claim for it. Gentleman Bob is living at Connor Hall, under the nobhish name of Bassantyne—"

Lady Kathleen forced a smile.

"Mr. Bassantyne is my husband," she said, disdainfully. "If you desire to see him, Delaney will conduct you to his door. But why do you couple the vulgar name of some thief—at least, the name you mention sounds like the assumed name of a housebreaker—with that of Mr. Bassantyne?"

The police officer looked at the lady pityingly.

"You don't know?" he questioned. "This party here," and he indicated Lame Bill, "says you have been imposed on, my lady, and that you ran away with and married a runaway convict. And I've been sent here to apprehend the man. The police have been imposed on, my lady, and that you ran away with and married a runaway convict. And I've been sent here to apprehend the man. The police have been in here is not," she answored, coldly.

"Of course he is," cried Lame Bill rudely, losing his sense of politeness, if he over had

the owner muttered something about the forms of the law, his respect for the Connors, and his disbelief in Lame Bill's story, but accepted the profered guidance of Delaney, and passed on, followed by his assistants.

As he entered the sitting-room Lame Bill made a movement also to follow him, but the servants seise

movement also to follow him, but the servants seised and held him, while he foamed and raved, and threatened them with all the terrors of the law.

The examination of her ladyship's rooms was brief. It was quite evident that Bassantyne was not concealed in them. The little private door by which he had escaped was discovered, and the officer carefully examined its fastenings by the light of a condition.

Candle.

There were fresh finger-marks in the thick dust on the bolts, and at sight of these the officer's face grew grave

Some one had evidently gone out by the private

Some one man evidency governments.

The officer began to give credence to Lame Bill's story, which until now he had disbelieved. He examined the footprints in the dust on the stairs, and amined the footprints in the dust on the stairs, and as he did so his newly formed suspicions strengthened. It became evident to him that this noble young heiross had been deluded into a marriage with a runaway convict, who had taken to flight on the approach of danger.

He opened the private door and looked out, as Bassantyne had done. Not one of his assistants was on that side of the house. Bassantyne was nowhere

"This is a bad business!" he muttered. "There is no doubt but that he has fled. Flight at such a

is no doubt but that he has fied. Flight at such a time has a bad look!"
Old Delaney looked troubled and anxious.
"You think it's true then?" he asked. "Oh, my poor young lady! My poor lady!"
"If he's innocent, how should he know we were after him?" asked the officer. "If he's innocent, why should he fly? It goes against my heart to lift my hand against the Connors, Delaney. Lord Connor was my father's benefactor. But duty is duty, and I must try to find the fellow. I think I'll give the rest of the house a look first."
He closed and secured the door, and returned upstairs to Lady Kathleen's sitting-room.

He closed and secured the door, and returned upstairs to Lady Kathleen's sitting-room.

"He is not in these rooms," he said, briefly. "I will go through the Hull!"

Delancy offered to guide him, and did so.

Lame Bill was detained outside Lady Kathleen's door by the servants until the unsuccessful

leen's door by the servants until the unsuccessful search was completed, and the officer and his men took their departure to search the park and the valley. Lame Bill went with them, cursing their stupidity and inefficiency, and renewing threats to report them at head-quarters.

"The truth is," said the officer in command as he mounted and led the way to the park, "If this fellow's story is true, Bassantyne was off hours ago—as soon as he discovered that the body he had hidden in the hollow had disappeared. He would have made that discovery soon after dark, when he went to bury it. He is well mounted and on his way to Dublin or Waterford."

"Then you should send a man to Wicklow. to

"Then you should send a man to Wicklow, to telegraph in every direction," said Lame Bill, im-patiently, "unless you expect to make more by let-ting him escape!"

ting him escape !"

The officer replied to this speech only by directing one of his men to make all haste to Wicklow, to report non-success, and to telegraph to all points to which the fugitive would be likely to make his

Then, arousing himself to the necessity of a show of zeal and diligence, the officer despatched two others of his men to watch the passes at each end

others or his men to watch the passes at each end of the valley, and to prevent Bassantyne's escape, if it had not already occurred.

He had then but one man remaining, besides Lame Bill, but the latter was a force in himself. The three scoured the park, examined the hollow in which Lame Bill had been hidden, and the latter told anow the story of his recognition of Bassan-tyne, his conflict with him, the victory of his ad-versary, and how he himself had been left, stunned versary, and now he himself had been left, stunned and senseless, as dead; and how, an hour or so later, he had come to himself, and had crept out of the hollow to a running stream near at hand; how he had washed his wounds, and made his way to the village, brimming over with fury and hatred. He told also how he had obtained a horse at the Ballyconnor inn and had ridden to Wicklow, intent on other large ways and had been a character and had been a character and had read the large ways and had been a character and had read the large ways and had been a character and had read the large ways and had been a character on obtaining vengcanos on his enemy, and had made known his story to the police, had exhibited various proofs of his trathfulness in the shape of adver-tised rewards for "Gentleman Bob," his own

proofs of his truthinness in the snape or avertised rewards for "Gentleman Bob," his own wounds, and a convincing carnestness.

All of these things, added to private intelligence received from head-quarters by the inspector concerning "Gentleman Bob," induced credence in Lame Bill's story, and a force had been placed under his guidance to conduct the capture of Basarathus.

antyne.
All these facts Lame Bill reviewed, muttering

threats of vengeance on his enemy; but no trace of Bassantyne was discovered.

"He has given us the slip," said the officer, at last. "He's not at the Hall, nor in the park, Of course he's not in the village. He has left the valley. There's only one chance left. If he hadn't got away by the time I sent the men to guard the mountain roads, we may find him a prisoner. As we shall go back by the south pass, we'll ride now to the north pass and relieve our guard!"

He rode back to the Hall and out upon the valley yead, calloning swiftly towards the mountains en-

He rode back to the Hall and out upon the valley road, galloping swiftly towards the mountains enclosing the valley on its northern side. His assistant and Lame Bill followed him at equal speed. A ride of a couple of miles brought them to a point where the road wound steeply through an elevated pass, and where it was bordered on the one side by ascending cliffs, and on the other by a steep

precipios.

Hore, sitting his horse like an old Roman sentinel, they found the policeman who had been ordered to guard that end of the valley.

"Seen anything of the fugitive?" demanded the

officer, eagerly.

"Nothing, sir," was the response. "There's been nobody here. I don't think he went in this direction, but if he did he climbed the mountain, avoiding the

Lame Bill almost gnashed his teeth in his disap-

pointment and rage.

The officer expressed his regret at Bassantyne's

"But we've done the best we could," he added.
"Fall in, my men. We're off for Wicklow, to report

failure."

The four, including the road guard, set out on their return through the valley, riding rapidly. They passed Connor Hall, its park and farms, rode through the village of Ballyconnor, and ascended the narrow road that led through the mountains by what the officer had termed "the south pass."

As they approached the narrowest point of this pass the officer looked through the gloom anxionally, avaloning the set.

exclaiming:
"I don't see Wall. I told him to be here, at this

point, and to await our coming!"
"What's that on the ground?" asked Lame Bill,
peering ahead with strained gaze. "A man, as
sure as I live!"

He sprang from his horse and rushed towards the dark object he had espied in the road, hoping to find it the prostrate figure of his enemy.

The officer followed his example, leaping to the

The light of a dark lantern was thrown upon the

The light of a dark lantern was thrown upon the dark heap in the road-way, and the policemen uttered simultaneously a cry of surprise.

"It's Wall," cried the officer. "He is shot in the arm, and must have tumbled off his horse. But where is his horse? Who shot him?"

These queries were answered by the wounded man himself, when a little care and attention had revived

"What has happaned to you?" demanded the officer as the policeman's eyes opened. "Who have you been fighting with?"

The wounded man arose to his elbow, staring

The wounced man wildly about him.

"I don't know," he answered. "All I know is,
I was waiting here, according to orders, when a
man came running up the hill. I called out to him,
and he answered by shooting man came running up the hill. I called out to him, asking who he was. And he answered by shooting me, which was all the answer he gave me, the ill-mannered hound! And the next thing I knew, I didn't know nothing! I felt myself tumbling, and I fell in a heap on the ground. And the villain has run away with my horse—"

"Was he a tall, big man with a long black beard?" eagorly demanded Lame Bill,

"I'm thinking he was taller and bigger nor a steeple," said Wall, rubbing his head. But his beard was not long—"

steeple," said Wall, rubbing his head. But his beard was not long—"
"He's trimmed it then!" interrupted Bassantyne's enemy. "Which way did he go?"
"How could I see with no eyes to my head? And me in a faint swoon, total unconscious, with no wits about me. Is it a mad man ye are? All I know is he came and he wint, and he left with me the contints of his pistol!"
"It will be event to track him by the house," exist."

"It will be easy to track him by the horse," cried Lame Bill. "We must telegraph for a man on such a horse, deacribing it. I told you the fellow was a perfect desperado. This highway robbery and shooting of a policeman will fix his case. You can take Wall on with you to Wisklow. As for me, I'll track the man like a bloodhound. You'd better leave a man to watch my lady of Connor Hall. She may go to her fine husband!"

The officer, alive now to the desperate character.

may go to her fine husband!"

The officer, alive now to the desperate character.
of Bassantyne, and sternly renolved upon his capture, howed assent to these suggestions. Wall was taken up on one of the horses of his companions, while Lame Bill, with the bloodthirstiness of a sleuth-hound, set out to follow the track of Bassantyre.

CHAPTER XXVIII

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Between Dunmore Head and Dundrum Bay, on the coast of County Down, there is a little rocky point, which seems to lie continually in the deep shadow of the Mourne Mountains. Betreen of vegetation, lashed by the fierce sea waves, gloomy and lonely and uncaressed, save in the early morning, by the sun, but the sport of the north and east winds, it would seem to be the last spot in Ireland to be inhelited. to be inhabited.

to be inhabited.

Yet at the junction of the point with the main land stood a long, low cabin, built of cobble-stones, and having a thatched roof and a tall, capacious chimney. It stood upon the rocks. Behind it was a green garden patch, in which a few late cabbages were seen. In front of the dwelling were the low, jagged rooks, half covered with a drift of seaweed. Upon these rocks a sail-boat was drawn up, half out of water.

jagged rooks, and covered with a drift of saweed. Upon these rooks a sail-boat was drawn up, half out of water.

This lonely cabin was owned and tenanted by the Fogartys—relatives by marriage to Mrs. Fogarty of Yew Cottage, Clondalkin. These Fogartys were described in the neighbourhood as a "bad lot," and the neighbours, of whom none lived within a mile, did them no injustice.

At present the family consisted of only Rough Fogarty, as its head was called, from his rude, rough manners, his wife, and two or three sons who spent most of their time in fishing. He had sons and daughters in America—indeed, all the better and more ambitious members of the family had emigrated from County Down years before.

Rough Fogarty was a man of reckless habits and high temper, unscrupulous, dishonest. He had been a snuggler in his younger days, but with the advance of years and infirmities he had settled down to the life of a fisherman. He owned a fishing-smack, in which his sons were now absent. He, at the moment of his intreduction to the reader, was sitting out on the rocks, upon a pile of seaweed, engaged in patching a torn asil.

This was on the afternoom of the day on which Tim Fogarty, in St. George's Channel with Lady Nora Kildare, revealed himself to her in all the hideousness of his evil nature—the day also on which Lord O'Neil vainly sought for his young betrothed at Kingstown and at Black Rock.

The afternoon was half gone when a little sloop, approaching from the southward, were in towards the point.

Rough Fogarty looked up from his work to watch

ough Fogarty looked up from his work to watch

her movements.

"She's not going up to the Bay," he said to himself, with considerable interest. "Looks as if she was making for the point, as I think she are! She's a clean and trim alcop—no fisher! What is she after?"

There promised to be a speedy answer to the ques-tion, for the strange sloop continued to wear to-wards the point, her sails full, and the spray flying before her bow.

before her bow.

Presently two figures could be distinguished in
the little vessel—one of them apparently that of a
sailer, the other the figure of a young girl, slender
and delicate, as was plainly seen when she rose up
and stood looking at the shore, her hands shading

and stood loosing we see the reverse.

This sloop was the one Tim Fogarty had hired at Black Rock, and it was Lady Nors Kildare and he, as the reader knows, who were now approaching the

point.

The little vessel came nearer and nearer, and a little later Tim Fogarty hailed his kinsman on the shore. The latter rose up, answering the hail.

"I suppose you don't know me, Rough Fogarty," called the fugitive as the sloop drove in towards the shelter of the point. "You haven't changed a mite since I saw you last. You ware well."

"Well, I swear you've got the advantage of me," returned Rough Fogarty, with a puzzled stare at the seeming sailor.
"It seems so," said Tim, with a laugh. "But

seeming sailor.

"It seems so," said Tim, with a laugh. "But just you change the colour of my hair a little, or pull off this here wig and beard, and change this sailor toggery, and you might know me then. Praps you couldn't remember nothing about the smuggling trip on the 'Ann Doolan' neither."

Rough Fogarty's face lit up with a glow of recognition. His small gray eyes gleamed with pleasure.

recognition. His small gray eyes gleamed with pleasure.

"Tim Fogarty, as I'm alive!" he ejaculated.

"This way, I'm. Just inside the p'int. What's up? You're rigged so that your own mother wouldn't know you. Beaks after you?"

Tim replied in the negative.

"Been after gotting married, I'm?"

Tim laughed loudly.

"Does ahe look like it?" he asked, pointing to the young Lady Nora's scennful, sorrowing face.

"She's a highlyer, Rough; too high for me!"

By this time the sloop had run into a place shered from the swell. Tim dropped his anchor, and drew up the rope by which the little row-boat was attached to the stern of the sloop.

"We've got to the end of our journey for the pre-

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face. shel-

sent, Lady Nora," he said, addressing his captive.
"Lot me help you down into the boat?"
But the young heirese deelined his assistance, and clambered down into the boat alone, Tim. Fogarty steadying it with his hands.

He followed her into it, and rowed swiftly to the

He followed as into it, and rowed switch to the point.

The cld man, Rough, was waiting to help them ont on the rocks. He gave his hand to Lady Nors, who availed herself of it, shuddering.

As she gained a footing on the slippery seaweed she glanced towards the cabin, and beheid a woman standing in the deor-way. The sight of one of her own sex brought a gleam of hope to her heart.

Old Rough surveyed the dainty figure of the young girl in its stylinh and handsome attire, and he did not fail to remark her high-bred air, her look of hauteur and unrest, the jewelled rings on her white and taper fingers, and the watch at her belt.

belt.
"What game is up, Tim?" he asked, with a significant glance at Lady Nora.
"A little speculation," answered Tim. "I'll tell you all about it. What I want now is a quiet boarding-place for this young lady, so I brought her to you. Can you give her a good room?"
"The best in the house," said the old man, won-

deringly.

"With a lock on the door—on the outside?"

"I can fix one. Is it a prisoner you've got here,

Tim, now?"

"It's not much else," replied Tim. "But there's the old lady in the doorway. We'll go up to the cabin, and I'll give you your all of news."

He seized the arm of the young Lady Nora, and hurried her over the sharp rocks and slippery weeds

hurried her over the sharp rocks and slippery weeds to the cabin.

The old woman came out to meet them, her countenance indicative of surprise.

She was a worn and bent creature, gaunt of frame, her sallow skin drawn tightly over her large bones. Her eyes looked out from under heavy brows, as shagy as those of her husband. She looked like one who works hard on insufficient and innutritions food. She had an air of chronic discontent and repining, and indeed most of her time was spent in bewaiting the hardships of her lot, and the want of even the comforts of life.

It may be imagined, then, with what envious eyes the poor old woman looked at the bright young being, in dainty garments, coming over the rooks towards her.

the poor old woman looked at the bright young being, in dainty garments, coming over the rocks towards her.

"Another aristocrat!" she muttered, flereely. "Burn them all! I hate them?" It was with a glance of hatred she met the earnest, pleading gaze of Lady Kildare.

She retreated into the cabin as the vicitors approached, and Tim hurried his captive in after her. It was a long, low roem that in which they found themselves, with smooke blackened wails, and but a single small window. A fire of dried sca-weed was burning and smoking on the stone hearth, and over the fire hung a kettle of potatoes. Other preparations for a meal there were none.

"You don't know me, Ann, I suppose?" said Tim, good-naturedly.

"No," anapped the old woman, with an injured air. "I don't know you, nor I don't want to. Rich folks have naught in common with such as we!"

"But I'm not rich, Ann," laughed Tim. "I mean to be though, and you can be too, if you'll do as I tell you. So you don't know me, eh?—not know Tim Fogarty of Clondalkin?"

The woman's sullen face brightened. She came forward, extending her hand, with a muttered apology for her rudemess.

"The young lady?" she asked, with a sidelong glance at Lady Nora. Kildare!"

The woman coartesied humbly enough at the scand of the young sigit's title.

"She is lady Nora Kildare!"

The wond coartesied humbly enough at the scand of the young sigit's title.

"She is poor enough," said Tim as his captive seated herself wearily on a bench near the dor, against which the old man carelessly leaned. "She's lost her estates up in Antrim, and hasn't a penny in the world, barring what she has in her pooket."

"Pity they couldn't all lose their estates!" muttered the old woman.

"But," continued Tim, "she has a guardian who wants her out of the way. He gave me twenty pounds to put her overboard, but I concluded she was worth more alive than dead. If her guardian wants to get rid of her, it stands to reason I can got a hold on him by keeping her alive, I've got to go back to Clondalkin to see thi

do you want of us p"
"Pe got to go back to Clondalkin to see this
Dublin lawyer. I want to leave the young lady in
safe hands for a week, perhaps for weeks and
months. You'll have to keep her close. Give her
t neat room, plenty to eat, and keep her safe, and
"Il give you five pounds a week while she stays."

This sum appeared munificent, even princely to

This sum appeared munificent, even princely to the old couple.

"Five pounds a week!" said old Rough. "Sure I'd pretty nigh sell my soul for that."

"We'll keep her as safe as a bird in a cage," declared the old woman. "I'll show you the room we'll give her."

She opened the door of an adjoining apartment. Tim looked in. It was small and neat, with a rude bedstead, a wooden floor, and a three-legged chair. It had no window, but a small aporture a few inches square and unglaxed sufficed to admit air and light. Altogether the room was better and cleaner and more suitable to his purpose than Tim Fogarty ornected.

"It will do," he said, with a satisfied smile.
"Come, my lady. This is your prison."
Resistance would have been folly. She could not struggle against three, so the young Lady Nora arose wearily and entered the room assigned her.
But if she was outwardly submissive, she was not

Already she was considering the idea of bribing this old couple to set her free. She had money and jewels on her person enough to buy them a score of times over.

mos over. It seemed almost as if Tim Fogarty read her coughts. As she passed into the little inner room

"I shall stay till night, so you may give me my supper when you will, Antr. The sooner the bet-

"I have a fish in the crate," said old Rough; and he departed to get it.

The old woman followed him to get an armful of dry wood to replenish her fire.

Tim Fogarty pushed open the door of the little room, intruding himself into Lady Nora's presence, and closed the door behind him.

"If you please, Lady Nora," he said, fixing his evil eyes full upon her, "I want your purse. It's no good to cry out. Old Rough and his wife are down on the beach, out of carshot."

"You cannot have is!" answered Lady Nora, with unexpected spirit.

"Shall I take it!" he asked, approaching her roughly. "If it's to be a fight, we'll see which will win!"

As the question had resolved itself thus into one of brute violence, the young girl drew out her purse silently and gave it to him. What else could she

Your watch and chain?" demanded the ruffian.

These were also yielded. "Your rings and brooch."

The young girl hesitated. She listened, but in ain, for the sound of returning steps. But none was heard.

was heard.

Noting her hesitation, Tim Fogarty advanced nearer to her with a grim and almost murderous look. He caught in his iron grasp one of her small hands, but she wrenched it from him, and in a panic of terror loosened her brooch, dropping it and her rings into his great red hand.

Have you any more valuables?" asked the

ruffian.

The girl shook her head,
"Then you can't bribe your way out!" said
Fogarty. "This speculation is turning out well for
me. There's no danger of your getting free before
waystern."

me. There's no danger of your getting free before myreturn."

He put her purse and jewellery in his pocket, and went out into the larger room.

A fragal supper was cooked and served. Tim Fogarty told to his appreciative audience the story of his adventures in and escapes from Australis. He promised them money, and completely won them over to his interests. A fastuning—a simple wooden bar, fitting into iron rests—was devised and put in operation for the door of the prisoner's room, which opened outward. About dusk Tim Fogarty, well pleased with the treasures in his pockets and his pecuniary prospects, set sail on his return to Dublin.

Then poor young Lady Nora, her high courage descring her at last, gave herself up to the realisa-tion of the full horrors of her position.

(To be continued.)

Co-operative Associations.—For some time an Indian Tea Association for London has been proposed, with the object of improving the quality and also increasing the consumption of Indian tea. A paper was recently read at the Society of Arts for doing the like with cheese, by extending the American co-operative system lately introduced here, and setting up factory dairies. These have proved cheese academies, employing and paying well the best cheese-makers, and training pupils. The dairy maid of the pastoral poets is threatened with a restriction of her functions to miking cows. During the discussion a Cheshire champion, amid roars of laughter, bravely maintained that the touch of the

tip of the dairymaid's finger is superior to all ther-

ster tests

mometer tests.

AN ELEPHANT "ON STEIKE."—It is lucky there are no trades unions among elephants, for an elephant on strike" is as destructive as a Sheffield unionist. An elephant employed by the Government of India in bauling teak logs, for the Forest Department, in the Anamallay Forest, lately brought about a suspension of operations for above a fortnight. He began by knocking down his keeper, but luckily did not kill him. He then made for the huts of the keepers, whose wives and families were drivon nuckily did not kill him. He then made for the buts of the keepers, whose wives and families were driven into the jungle. He displayed his skill in pulling down the huts, smashed up the carts and implements, and destroyed a quantity of provisions stored up for his brother elephants. After keeping the settlement in alarm for some fifteen days, he was shot in one of the legs, and then caught and chained.

THE CHISWICK GARDENS.

THE OHISWICK GARDENS.

The well-known gardens of the Royal Horticultural Society at Chiawick have lately been shorn of their fair proportions. For some years past the financial state of the Society has been such that it has been unable to keep up these gardens properly, and arrangements have now been made by which the landlord, the Duke of Devonshire, relieves the Society of some portion of their survicious, by taking

and arrangements have now been made by which the landlord, the Duke of Devonshire, relieves the Society of some portion of their anxieties, by taking off their hands about half of the garden, including the Arboretum, the Pinetum, the Orchard, and the Wilderness Walk.

The Society retains some eighteen acres, on which are erected numerous glass houses, and it is expected that the space will still be sufficient for the prosecution of experiments in practical and scientific horticulture. A sale was half recently, when some thousands of fruit-trees, shrubs, etc., were disposed of at high prices. The loss of the Arboretum is a serious matter, as it contained many choice examples of rare and noble trees. The maples are specially fine and interesting, and it is to be hoped the duke will see the desirability of retaining intact such interesting specimens. The loss of the Arboretum is a sarious matter, as it to be not hard, containing a vast number of authentically named fruit-trees, is less a matter for regret, as arrangements have been made by which at least the best kinds may be preserved by grafting on dwarf-stocks, etc., so as to grow them in less compass.

The Pinetum, too, is not a great lors, as, generally speaking, the pines did not do well at Chiswick, and, ascreever, extensive arrangements are now being carried out at Kew to form there as extensive collection of these plants. The Wilderness Walk is, we fear, irreparably doomed. It centained a vast number of rare or little known plants, and was a perfect hunting-ground for the botanist. The rule of might, however, has gradually exterminated many of the rarities—the stronger have onated the weaker, and as for years past no care has been taken to preserve the weaker, the result of the struggle for ex-

or the recuses—the stronger have ousted the weaker, and as for years past no care has been taken to preserve the weaker, the result of the struggle for existence was not doubtful even before the eligibility of the site for building purposes had finally sealed the fate of the "Wilderness."

The Preacher in a Dilemma.—An awkward claim was made upon a street preacher on a recent Sanday afternoon. While exhorting a large audience in an animated strain, two women came to the front and each claimed him as her runaway husband. The preacher indignantly donied all knowledge of them, but fearing chastisement from the people, who were greatly excited, took to his heels on the first opportunity, and effected his secape.

EX-GOVERNOR Eyre has settled down in the country. The total fund raised for this gentleman was 15,000l. Rather more than half of this was absorbed by law costs, and the expenses of the fund; and he received a cheque for 7,000l. The government will pay him 4,000l. to defray the cost of his defence, this being the rule when the defendant is a government servant put on his trial for charges relating to his official duties.

A WINDFALL.—A rare piece of good fortune has lately befallen an old lady living at Bosham, in West Sussex, who was known to the inhabitants of that place as "Madame Idle"—the title of Madame being bestowed upon her from the fact that she had spent part of her life at Paris. She lived upon a small income, that placed her just above the seafaring population from whom she sprang and amidst whom she lived. A short time ago she received a letter, which, not being able to read herself, she took with her on her next visit to the neighbouring city of Chichester and asked one of the tradespeople with whom she dealt to decipher it for her. He did so, and found it was from the solicitor of the late Marquis of Hertford, who died a short time ago at Paris, to the effect that his lordship had left her by his will an annuity of 8,000l. a year! She has since come into the receipt of this handsome provision for life, and has provided out of it for her relatives, who were in a humble position of society.

THE LONDON READER AND LIFE AND FASHION.

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NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

WAX FLOWERS.—We have no knowledge of the song in

usstion.

GLANETIA.—Songs with the sol-fa notation may be recurred at Novello's, Berners Street, W.

MARGARET and VESFER.—The announcements and relies thereto are inserted free of charge.

M. W. O.—Bathe the hands frequently in warm water; apply also glycerine with the aid of loose kid gloves as often as convenient.

often as convenient.

JAMES Q.—The piece contains many marks of carelesscases. In some places the allusions are either unintelligible or erroneous, in all they are bombastic.

R. S. and F. S.—The two communications have reached
us and have been perused. They are, we regret to say,
of insufficient merit for publication.

HERRY V. T.—The breakage of the ice covering the or-namental water in Regent's Park, an accident by which nany lives were lost, occurred in the winter of 1866-7.

EMMY.—1. The handwriting though neat has peculiar angles which are not agreeable to the eyesight. 2. Our correspondents' announcements are inserted free of

charge.

T.'s address to an absent friend is so hyper-romantic that it cannot be postical. It is, indeed, an illustration of the power of fancy—a landmark perhaps, for surely the force of fancy can no farther go.

Anxious Inquiaen.—It is impossible to say, without an inspection, what injury your barometer has received. Your best course is to take it to a manufacturer of similar instruments.

A COMSTANT READER (Kingston).—We quite agree with you that there appears to be a mistake somewhere. You have certainly made out a case for inquiry. It is probable, however, in going into the matter we may find that a good deal can be said on the other side.

find that a good deal can be said on the other side.

M. M.—You have not carried out your idea. The many blemishes in your exhortatory lines are surpassed by a yet greater fault. You conclude without even an alusion to the transcendent event which, from the title you give to the piece, you would have us suppose is the foundation of your appeal.

HARRIEL—A married woman can make a disposition by will of property settled to her separate use. The recent Act provides that the individual earnings of married women shall be placed in the same category as property settled to a separate use. Therefore a married woman can now dispose of her earnings by will.

L. B. C.—The following is recommended as a good me-

L. B. C.—The following is recommended as a good method for making gardon walks. Procure a sufficient
quantity of stone broken rather ine; spread it out, basin
fashion, and into the basin pour some heated tar; mix
well. Then lay over your paths smoothly, sprinkle powdered quicklime over the top, and roll.

H. M. P.—Court-plaster is made by applying several coats of a solution of isinglass with a little tincture of benzoin added, whilst warm, with a brush, to a piece of stills stretched on a frame, each coat being allowed to dry before the next is put on. It is supposed to be so called from having been used in former times by court ladies for their patches.

for their patches.

LUCT.—It is the privilege of the fair sex to make a selection in a more open manner than is allowable to gentlemen. There can be no objection to your inspection of the carte of more than one. If, however, either of those upon whom your notice has fallen were even to think of placing any other lady upon a par with Lucy, his chance with Lucy would sink to sero.

ALICE C.—Hilda, Alice, and Ada, are all names expressive of noblity, the dignity attaching to the last exceeding that expressed by the two former. Anne signifies gracious, Elizabeth the oath of the Almighty, and Louisa a lady who will defend the people's cause in time of need. Amelia has a softer meaning, and is synonymous with beloved. No exception can be taken to the handwriting on the score of utility.

ELLA L.—L. You will be guilty of a great indiscretion

on the score of utility.

ELLA L.—L. You will be guilty of a great indiscretion if you tamper with your complexion in the manner proposed. Apart from the considerations of elimate, solar influences, atmospheric changes, and open-air exercise, the peculiarities of the complexion are better regulated by internal than external applications. An improved diet and occasional medicine will be the best remedy for the spots. 2. Enitted woollens are often disposed of to the occupiers of counters in baxaars.

J. B. D. The arrestitute of the contraction of the contracti

J. B. R.—The exposition of your query in a clear man-er would occupy more space than we can give to it.

You should consult works on electro-magnetism, of which any good bookseller can furnish you with a list. We will say, however, that if a battery be made to supply a current to more than one magnet, the sustaining power of each will be less than the sustaining power of a single magnet, where the whole force of the battery is applied

of each will be less than the sustaining power of a single magnet, where the whole force of the battery is applied to it alone.

A. M. should place a sheet of glass, previously washed clean with water, on a table, and rub the whole surface with a rubber of octon, wetted with distilled water, and afterwards with a solution of Regabelle salts in distilled water (I of salt to 200 of water). Then take a solution, previously prepared by adding nitrate of silver to ammonis of commerce; the silver being gradually added until a brown precipitate commences to be produced; the solution is then filtered. For each square yard of glass take as much of the above solution as contains 20 grammes (about 309 grains) of silver, and to this add as much of a solution of. Hochelle salt as contains 14 grammes of salt, and the strength of the latter solution should be so adjusted to that of the silver solution that the total weight of the mixture above mentioned may be grammes. In a minute or two after the mixture is made it becomes turbid, and it is then immediately to be poured over the surface of the glass, which has previously been placed on a perfectly horizontal table, but the plate is blocked up at one end, to give it an inclination about I in 40; the liquid is then poured in such a manner as to distribute it over the whole surface without allowing it to escape at the edges. When this is effected, the plate is placed in a horizontal position, at a temperature of about 63 degrees Fahrenheit. The silver will begin to appear in about two minutes, and in about twenty or thirty minutes sufficient silver will be deposited. The mixture is then poured of the plate, and the silver it contains afterwards recovered. The surface is then washed four or five times, and the plate set up to dry. When dry, the plate is varnished, by pouring over it a varnish composed of gum daman, 20 parts; a sphelate (bitumen of India), 5; gutta-percha, 5; and benzine, 75. This varnish composed of gum daman, 20 parts; a sphelate (bitumen of India), 5; gutta-pe

LEND A HAND.

Life is made of ups and downs— Lead a hand! Life is made of thorns and crowns; If you would the latter wear, Lift some crushed heart from despair— Lend a hand!

Crowns are not alone of gold—
Lend a hand!
Diadems are bought and sold;
But the crowns that good men
Come from noble deeds slove—
Lend a hand!

Many crowns that many wear—
Lend a hand!
Never in the sunlight glare;
Diamonds in them never shine,
Yet they hold a light divine—
Lend a hand!

Hold a light that no'er shall fade— Lend a hand! Beauty art hath never made; For these growns that good men wear Everlasting are, as rare— Lend a hand!

Would you own so bright a crown? Lend a hand!
When you see a brother down,
Lead him from the deep, dark night,
And place him in the morning light—
Lend a hand! C. O.

BRL, twenty, tall, light curly hair, and has good executions. Hespondent must be about the same age. ETHELFREIMA, tall, young, handsome, loving, amiable and domesticated. Respondent must not exceed twenty-two, must be handsome, tall, and a Catholic.

EDNA, eighteen, 5ft. 2in., brown eyes, brown hair, pretty, affectionate, and cheerful. Respondent must be about twenty.

ALF, twenty, 5ft. Sin., fair, good tempered, and in a espectable aituation. Respondent must be young and

pretty.

NELLE C., nineteen, tall, fair, blue eyes, light hair, and domesticated. Respondent should be tail, dark, loving, and fond of home.

L. F., tall, dark good looking, and a tradesman with fair prospects. Hespondent should be a Herefordshire

S. S., amiable, and domesticated. Would like to correspond with a gentleman between thirty and forty, seeking a true and foud wife.

Eightees, andurn hair, blue eyes, and will have money on her wedding-day. Respondent must be tall, dark, and handsome.

CHARLES S., nineteen, short and broad, large gray eyes, and dark brown hair. Respondent must be about seven-teen, dark, and good looking.

LOSELY MAGGIE, twenty-two, medium height, brown hair, hazel eyes, loving, affectionate, and truthful. Re-spondent must be steady and honourable.

H. M. S. J., twenty-six, tall, good looking, good to pered, and loving. Respondent must not be over twen three and fond of home.

PORTLAND BILL, twenty-one, 5ft. 7in., blue eyes, fair omplexion, good looking, and in the Navy. Respondent nust be about the same age.

must be about the same age.

Dilly Box, twenty, 5ft 6in., hazel eyes, brown hair, good tempered, fond of home and music, and in the Nay. Respondent must be loving.

White Squall, twenty-three, 5ft 7in., hazel eyes, black hair, dark complexion, a very good singer, and in the Nay. Respondent must be domesticated, loving, and not over twenty.

A Young Characteristics.

A Young Onrham, twenty-three, petite, fair, light

brown hais, well educated, musical, fond of home, meeticated, of good family, and has a little money. spondent must not be over twenty-six, and tall. Mauns and Airea.—Maude, twenty, tall, and a Alice, twenty-one, short, fair, and good looking. spondents must be in a good trade, of good appearar and fond of home.

PRIDE OF THE NAVY, 5ft. 4hin., gray eyes, brown hair, light complexion, good tempered, can sing, and play the guitar. Respondent must be good tempered, domesticated, and fond of heme.

CAPTAIN OF THE FLATS, twenty-three, 5ft. 9in., complexion, blue eyes, dark hair and whiskers, looking, good tempered, and in the Navy. Respon must be dark, and musical.

Captain Storms, twenty-three, 5ft. 9in., light lexion, stout, and has a good income. Respondent e twenty-one, good looking, well educated, and ha

Entry, seventeen, tall, brown eyes, brown hair, and will have money on her wedding-day. Respondent must be tall, dark, handsome, and also have money; would like

J. R., 5tt. 7im., dark eyes, dark brown surly hair, black moustache, amiable, loving, plays the piano, sings, and has a moderate income. Hespondent must be tall, lady-like, fond of music, and have a business of her own.

Alter J. S., twenty, cheerful, and domesticated. Respondent must be fond of home, steady, kind, able to keep a wife comfortably, and upwards of twenty years of

iseep a wife comfortably, and upwards of twenty years of age.

WILD ROSE and LOWELY NELL.—Wild Rose, medium height, very fair, loving, and domesticated. Lonely Nell, tall, dark, quiet, and fond of home; both will have money when they come of age. Respondents must be tall, dark, and fond of homes.

Camella, eighteen, 5ft. 4in., dark brown hair, dark eyes, good looking, good tempered, affectionate, domesticated, and fond of music. Respondent must be dark, affectionate, fond of home, handsome, taller than she is, and able to keep a wife comfortably.

NETTE S., eighteen, 5ft. 5in., faxen hair, large dark bine eyes, very long black lashes, small mouth, good teeth, very small hands and foet, good faure, and entitled to property. Respondent must be tall, handsome, dark, and not older than five-and-twenty.

COMMUNICATIONS RECEIVED:

W. R. is responded to by—" Gianetta," mineteen, tall, dark, good looking, and fond of home, has one or two accomplishments, and is very partial to sailors.

LONELY FRED by—"Orania," seventeen, tall, fair, pretty, fond of home, amiable, and affectionate.

A. J. B. by—"C.," young, handsome, amiable, and loving.

A. J. B. by—"C." young, handsome, amiable, and loving.
F. B. by—"C." young, handsome, amiable, and loving.
F. B. by—"Lonely Annie," 5ft. 5jin., fair, light hair, and light blue eyes.
COMPRESSON BARS by—"Polly," eighteen, fair, dark brown hair, bine eyes, tall, cheerful, and affectionate.
CLAUDIA by—"Comp." young, tall, fond of home, has a good income, and holds a very good position in society.
BERTHA by—"Captain of the Crosstrees," 5ft. 7jin., black hair, gray eyes, good tempered, and fond of home.
G. F. by—"Langling Nollie," eighteen, 5ft. 5jin., fair, brown hair, blue eyes, and a tradesman's daughter.
GLASS WITH CARE by—"Mortlock." webury-three, medium height, fair, a mechanic, and able to keep a wife.
LITTLE FOLLY by—"Harry," thirty-three, dark complexion, fond of home, and a petty officer in the Navy.
CLARE wishes "Engineer" to write to her and enclose his correct.

CLARE WHITEhis carts.

FLORENCE, pretty, and well educated. Would like the
carts of "G. E. M."

Manuar H.—If you are satisfied with the description
of the respondent you should write again.

Park Ross would be happy to receive "Moss Hill's"

Palk Ross would be happy to receive "Moss Hills" carte.

Kathers Mayourner would be glad to hear from "A Kentish Man," with a view to further acquaintance.

Emily would like to hear from "W. R. P." and would like to exchange cortes

Famy would like to hear from "Charles R." as to his position in life.

T. J. S. b.y-"Agnes G.," twenty-five, dark hair, and hazel eyes;—"M. A. H.," twenty-five, dark hair, and the yes, loving, and one who would make a home happy;—"Lively Carrie," dark hair and eyes, young, and tall;—"A. Little Sea Bird, "twenty, short, lively, dark brown hair and eyes, accomplished, and domesticated; "Annie," twenty, 5th 4jim, dark hrown hair, and fond of home;—"Sea Nymph," twenty-one, tall, dark hair and eyes, fair complexion, and fond of home;—"C. J. R." good tempered and fond of home; "I. J. R." good tempered and fond of home; "I. J. R." good tempered and fond of home; "I. J. R." minsteen, medium height, dark, loving, and would like to go to sea;—"B. Sauoy Flora, "insteen, tall, dark, good looking, and is entitled to some property when of age; and—"L. C. C.," twenty-four, medium height, dark hair and eyes,

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NOTICE.—Part 92, for JAFUART, Now Ready, price 7d., containing Steel Plate Engraving, coloured by hand, of the latest Fashions, with large Supplement Sheet of the Fashions for January.

N.B.—Correspondents must Address their Letters to the Editor of "The London Reader," 334, Strand, W.C.

V.C.

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We cannot undertake to return Rejected Manu-gripts. As they are sent to us voluntarily, authors hould retain copies.

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READER, rice Own

PLAITTED DOOR MAT, BORDER OF HANDKERCHIEF IN POINT LACE, &c., &c.

PLAITTED DOOR MAT.—Nos. 1 & 2.

THIS mat (No. 1) is composed of separate strips, the execution of which can be learned from No. 2.

Gray yarn is the material employed for this mat.

Join four double threads together, and unite these by

6th round.—1 c, 1 ss round the next 4 c, 3 c, 5 ls round the next 4 c, 3 c, 5 ls round the same 4 c, *, 1 p, each 2 through a p divided 1s round the next p so of the previous round, 1 p, 6 ls round the next 4 c. Repeat from *. At the end of the round 1 so in the last 1s, and fasten off the thread.

left, and knit them backwards and forwards in the

same manner.

Another still easier way would be to knit the petticost in stripes of two colours, consisting alternately of any number of plain rows backwards and forwards, and then another stripe knitted alternately plain and purl, so as to appear all plain on the right side. The same number of stitches (120) might be cast on for the breadths, and when very nearly long enough, 16 or twenty rows should be ribbed, 2 plain, 2 purl



PLAITTED DOOR MAT .- No. 1.

passing similar yarn through them in point de re-prise, in the manner shown by No. 2. After com-pletion of the separate strips, each of which should be about an inch and a half in breadth, they are com-bined into a mat by plaiting them together in the manner shown in No. 1. The edges of the mat are then surrounded with a fringe of gray yarn. This is netted to the mat diagonally backwards and forwards, forming a border, and leaving a fringe of about two in-ches and a half, the loops of which are subsequently severed.

BORDER OF A HANDKERCHIEF IN POINT LACE AND TATTING.—No. 3.

We have given so much about point lace that further instructions are unnecessary. This looks very beautiful when worked. At the edge all round is tatting worked plain with one picot in the centre.

ROSETTE IN CROCHET.

ROSETTE IN CROCHET.

This rosette, according to the size and the working material chosen, may be made available when joined either for pillow cases, thin counterpanes, anti-meassars, or (wotked with fine thread) for trimming chemisettes, ladies' cuffs, or gentlemen's cravats. Before beginning the work we would direct our fair readers' attention to the abbreviations used.

Stitch, so single stitch, c chain, c s chain stitch, so scallop, p picot, ls long stitch.

Begin in this contre. Make a found of about 10 c, close it with

Begin in the centre. Make a round of about 10 o, close it with a s s, and crochet 1st round.—Always alternately 1 s s in the next round 1 p and 1 s s in the 1st of the same, at the end of the round of s s to the middle of the first p is the state of the same.

round of s s to the middle of the first p.

2nd round.—4 c, I ss in the central s of the same p, *3 c, 2 through 4 c of separate ss in the next p. From *repeat to the last ss in the s of the last p, and in the 1st of the next 3 c.

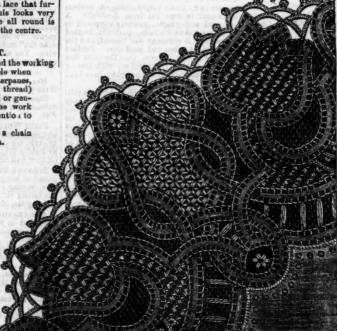
3rd round.—3 1 s, the next s in the middle of the next 3 c, t, 3 1 s in the middle of the next 3 c, 1 p, repeat from *.

4th round.—1 ss in the last of

4th round.—1 s s in the last of 4th round,—1 sent the last the 1s of the previous round, 4 . 21s in both the next s, which must be worked together with the loop on the needle, 3 p. 3 in 1 collective 1 sin the next 3 ls of the

cult, even by a beginner. *, bring the thread forward, take off a stitch as if about to purl it, knit 2 together; repeat from * throughout the row. Every row is the same, so that there is not much to recollect; but in every row after the 1st the thread over and the stitch slipped in the provious row are the two that are to be knitted together. Wide stripes of any two colours preferred, becoming narrower towards the top, look well for a petticoat.

Cast on 120 stitches for a breadth on No. 6 long wooden needles if 4 thread fleecy be used; if this be



bottom with gros grain, the gathering made scant, are very fashionable. Lace or fringe is sometimes added to the edges, but the greater number are plain. Narrow alternating fluonees of gros grain and former round, 3 p, repeat from *.

Bender for Handreschief in Point Lace.—No. 3.

Kill-pleated velvet flounces, pointed below, and with No. 8 needles. Four breadths would be required. For the placket hole in the back breadth, when you have knitted a sufficient length for it to commence, the previous round, 2 c, velich are carried with No. 8 needles. Four breadths would be required. For the placket hole in the back breadth, when you have knitted a sufficient length for it to commence, thin that it he row as usual, then turn back, and, taking off the other half of the sittches of another needle or on a plece of wool, continue knitting backwards and of the round. 3 p and 11 sin the 1sts s of this round.



PART OF MAT.-No. 2.

(keeping the rib on both sides) to bring it into the waist.

FASHIONS.

WINTER COSTUMES.—Although many invisitla-tints are in vogue for winter costumes, black still remains first in favour. There are handsome suits of the soft drab shade called mouse ear, of the dark tondon smoke, alligator gray, the crocodile, with purplish-gray tinge, plum-colour, puce, brown, and of the invisible tints of green and blue, yet black costumes are selected in preference, not merely through motives of economy, but because they are most distinguished looking.

Among black suits those of velvet are the richest of the season. Blue-black velvet is used, and as black does not shade well, the garniture of gros grain or of lace should have precisely the same tint as the velvet. Coal black silk or lace looks like rusty brown bluetinged velvet. A long casaons and single skirt is the design of velvet suits intended for the street; a short basque and long upper skirt are preferred with costumes that are sometimes worn indoors.

are sometimes worn indoors.

In carriage costumes with demitrain the casaque skirt is long enough to form a second slight train, but may be draped shorter for walking dresses. A novel style has the centre width of the casaque skirt cut quite long, folded in a broad box-pleat tapering to a point at the top, and attached to the corsage, half-way down the back by a rich passementerie ornament. This pointed fold is somewhat like the Watteau in effect, and is very graceful.

Flounces, fur bands, lace, gros

Flounces, fur bands, lace, gros grain folds, passementerie, and os-trich feathers are the trimmings for velvet. Gathered velvet flounces, not bound but faced top and bottom with gros grain, the gather-

rich sable for trimming, or if this is beyond the

rich sable for trimming, or if this is beyond the wearer's purse, simply two thick cords or piping folds of gros grain around the casaque and skirt.

Next after velvet, black silk costumes with velvet flounces are most admired. Puffs of velvet, with the fullness held in box-pleats placed at wide intervals, are stylish trimmings. A velvet vest, bread cuffs, and a postillion of velvet remodel last year's corress. Thread least is received on silk units, only Thread lace is most used on silk suits; guipure is for velvet and cashmere.

A black silk paletot, warmly wadded, is a favourite gament, not with black silks alone, but with coloured costumes. Few new dresses are trimmed with merely one wide flounce. There are usually two or three narrow flounces overlapping each other, and for including the average labourst heading.

and finished by a very elaborate beading.

A rich heading is made of bias silk five inches wide, edged top and bottom with velvet piping, or with narrow lace. Flat knots are tied in the silk at intervals of eight or ten inches, and the band is slightly puffed between the knots. This is placed slightly puffed between the knots. This is placed above two or three flounces, one now being sufficient, as the flounces lap over those beneath them. A furband is a new heading for flounces. The black marten, gray cony, and chinchilla are all used.

BONNETS.

VELVET bonnets trimmed with two shades of the same colour are very much worn, as, for instance, a bonnet in blue velvet, with a plaited wreath of dark-blue velvet, and a light blue satin, with velvet bow and feather to match. Black velvet and white satin, with white feather. The new browns are also very effective when arranged this way. The wreath in

effective when arranged this way. The wreath in these styles is generally placed upon a lace of the lighter shade. A lappet of velvet, with an edging of fringe, is placed at the back, falling over the hair. A bunch of flowers is placed in the front—roses being mostly preferred. The roses are in great favour, and are nearly always seen with black velvet bonnets.

In hats the prevailing shape is the Typolean in felt. These are trimmed with velvet and feathers, much after the styles of bonnets. The edges are bound with velvet, and a wreath is worn of plaited velvet, with a torsade of feathers covering the whole of the top. One or two lappets are added at the back. A velvet bow with clasp is placed at the side maar the front.

Another favourite mode of trimming these hats is of the hat, atanding straight from the rim, with a velvet bow and a feather to mntch. Each pleat is sometimes fastened by a small jot ornament.

Jet is very much used in the ornamentation of both ounces and hats.

THE Duke of Edinburgh has made choice of ex-Governor Eyre's son as one of the junior officers of the "Galatea," of which the duke is the commander.

ALTHOUGH it is not usual for Her Royal Highness the Princess Louisa to accept presents, an exception has been made (owing to the peculiar circumstances of the case) in reference to a shawl, the work of a blind girl in the Edinburgh Blind Asylum. The same girl has been privileged to do work for Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

EXETEE CATHEDRAL RESTORATION—Chancellor Harrington has given 4,000L towards the sum required to restore the choir of Exeter Cathedral. The amount required was 15,000L, and it has been completed by the chancellor's muniform gift. It was computed that the sum necessary to restore the whole of the cathedral will exceed 50,000L

An Irish gentleman in London, whose relatives in Paris were in despair at not having heard from him, adopted the expedient of writing a very Hibernian epistle to Count. Bismarck, in which he enclosed a letter addressed to his friends in Paris, and prayed the chancellor to facilitate its transmission to them. The appeal proved successful, for a day or two ago the Irishman received, per balloon post, an answer to his letter.

MOTHER-OF-PEARL. -The iridescent shades of another of the method of the substance, but upon its structure. The miseroscopic wrinkles or furrows which run across the surface of every alice reflect the light in such a way as to produce chromatic effect. Sir David Brewster has shown that if we take with very fine black war, a with the facility of the contraction of the contractio or with the fusible alloy of D'Arcot, an impression of mother-of-pearl, it will possess the iridescent appearance.

A PARLIAMENTARY return of slave w tured in 1869 shows 31 captured off the East Coast of Africa between the 10th of February and the 27th of May. 1,102 slaves were emancipated by these captures. The captors have the option of claiming a bounty of 51 per head on the slaves, or 41, per ton on the tonnage of the yeasel, and they

claim, of course, that which amounts to the largest n. The bounty awarded to 23 of these espturing ps amounted to 12,815i.; in the other eight cases bounties had not been awarded when the return was prepared.

FRESH green peas grown in the open air have een gathered in a garden on the Edgbaston side Birmingham during the present month.

So many young men have volunteered as drivers the Royal Artillery, that orders have been re-gived at Woolwich to suspend recruiting for that branch of the service.

MRS. Agassiz says that in certain Amazonian tribos, on the day of his marriage, while the wedding feativities are going on, the bridegroom's hands are tied up in a paper bag filled with fire-ants. If he bears this torture smilingly and unmoved he is considered fit for the trials of matrimony.

A French paper states that Mdlle. Marguerite Bollanger has died of small-pox at Cassel. She has left to her surviving child (the one so often mentioned in the secret papers of the Tuileries) a residence in the Avenue Friedland, a spleadid country seat, and deeds of various descriptions.

It is stated that the Japanese Government has resolved to throw the Island of Yesso—where the Russians have for some time had a firm footing—open to all foreign nations. A wily more on the part of the Japanese to keep the Eussians from entirely monopolising the place.

THE POLICE AND THE NEW SCHOOL BOARD.— Several of the Birmingham police were desirous ovoting in the election for a school board, but the were peremptorily ferbidden to do so by the following order, issued by the chief superintendent:

"The police are not eligible to vote for a school board; if they do they are liable to a penalty of 10."

Whather Property.—The quarts miners of California are predicting a long continuance of wat weather. Swallows and martins in Lower California have reared their broods quickly last summer and departed. This phenomenon, it is assented, is a sure sign of a wet winter. What wonderful meteorologists these little birds must be!

It is announced that the Infante Don Alfonso will marry Dona Maria das Neves, eldest daughter of Don Miguel, the late King of Pertugal. A Papal dispensation will be obtained to set aside the bar of consanguinity. Dona Maria is described as a princonsanguinity. Dona Maria is described as a prin-cess of distinguished person, amiable character, and very superior culture. Her husband will be her junior by about five years. or by about five years.

SWINDLING AT THE ANTIPODES.—A curious awindling project is reported from Australia. A deposit of gold and quartz, recently supposed to have been discovered in Victoria, Australia, created nave been discovered in victoria, Australia, orested much existement. A company was formed, and the shares were rapidly taken and paid for. Further investigation, however, shewed that the mine had been veneered with gold leaf, laid on with size or varnish. The projectors of the company have been arrested

MR. THOMAS BRASSEY, SEN., who had been a rail-Mr. Thomas Brasser, sew., who had been a railway contractor since 1836, recently died suddenly at St. Leonards, at the age of 65. An idea of the magnitude of Mr. Brassey's operations may be gathered from the fact that in the thirteen years from 1848 to 1861 inclusive he made, either by himself or in association with others, 2,374 miles of railway, at a contract price of 27,998,224. Two sons of the deceased have seats in the present House of Commons—Mr. Thomas Brassey, for Hastings, and Mr. Henry Arthur Brassey, for Sandwich.

Mr. Henry Arthur Brassey, for Sandwieli.

GREEK BRIGANDS.—A letter from Attens describes brigandage as still rampant in Greece. One of the band of Mr. Herbert's murderers, named Karavidas, has been expured by the Turks, and Mr. Cookson has gone to Thessaly to be present at his examination. The Ottoman government would have given him up to the Greek authorities, but it was considered likely to be more conductive to the cause of truth that he should be examined before he fell under the influences that can be brought to bear at Athens in matters of brigandage. An alarming case has occurred in Arcadis. Mr. Polychronepoulos, a silk merchant, was captured, and when the brigands found themesives closely pursued they out and stabbed him in several places and left him for dead. He was found to be still living, but his life is in danger, and his sufferings are terrible.

A RAL MASQUE ONE HUNDRED YRARS AGO.—

A BAL MASQUE ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.—
"In the evening we went to Lady Townshend's, who
let in masques, and a great number she had. Lady let in masques, and a great number she had. Lady Villiers was a ultans, as fine as any eastern princess I ever read of, a most immense profusion of diamonds all over her. Miss Dutton was a fine figure in the character of Almeda; there was a most jolly party of milkmaids with the May Day garland. Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, Lady Francis Wyndham, and another, danced round the pail in true milkmaid style." Clearly this was a festive fashionable mode of celebrating the first of May. Can you

imagine Loudon—that Lendon namely which Theodore Hook described as bounded by Piccadilly on the north, the Haymarket on the east, Pall Mall on the south, and St. James's Street on the west—thronged with many masqueraders on a joyons night of May, trooping in every house in gav disguises, rustic, romantic, oriental? Can it really be that this was the London of a century back, and that all that innocent merriment has perished and been lost in Lethe? The "Sir Watkin" of to-day will never be seen carrying a milkpail, depend on it. Mrs. Harris had left her daughter Gertrude at home, and are also let in masques. "The first was a lady abbees, who sat and conversed with her in French half an hour before she could find out it was her old friend Lady Newdigate; soon after Sir Roger came in domino."

FACETIÆ.

"Was it your eldest daughter, madem, that was bitten by a monkey?" "No, sir, it was my youngest. My eldest daughter had a werse misfortune; she married a monkey."

Tajust Dence: "La! mamma, you surely are not going to dance with the gentleman. Yesterday you said he was a mere baboon."—Will-o'-the-Wisp.

Verger: "Mara, I makes no demand. The anthorities only allow me four shillings a year and a pair of boots. In course the giving me anything a entirely koptional, but I hopes as how," etc., etc. Will.o'-the-Wisp.

CHRISTMAS OVER THE BORDER Bouthermas over the Borden.

Bouthermer (torgetting that Christmas Day falls on Sunday this year): "Good morning, Mr. Searchairn. A merry Christmas." "E-m mon! that's mae a fittin' as "jective to pit afore the Sabbath!!"—Funch.

TO THE ENGAGED. Would you like the girl of your heart to see you while you are having your hair shampooed; or at hat comical moment when the hatter, wishing to obtain the exact size of your head, is trying on our ous little machine which he keeps for that pose ?-Punch.

TURNING THE TABLES.—In the present age of enlightenment and economy billiard tables are manufactured to serve as dining tables also. If you happen to sit dewn as a guest at one of them, remember the good old injunction—Eat all, but pocket none.—Punch's Almanack, 1871.

ECCLESIASTICAL PROPRIETES.—"I am," said a reverend rector of the old school to a distunist curate, "a martyr to the gout." "Pardon me, my dear sir," replied the latter, "happily you still survive. You should not oall yourself a martyr, but a confessor."—Punch's Almanack, 4671.

"HE WAS A VULGAR BOY."

Mrs. Lovskid: "There, my little fellow, I've rung it for you!"

Runascay-Ringer: "Well, then, if the peeler eatches yer, don't go and swear as it was me!"—

FROM WIGMORE STERET.—A Birminghum hair-cutter advertises "Private Wigs." What a horrible thought for the bald that there may be such things as Public Wigs! It is enough to make their hair (if they had any) stand on end.—Punch.

STRANGE EMPLOYMENT.—Mrs. Malaprop is very proud of her youngest sen, who has a poetical turn. One evening lately, she excused his nosenes from the family circle by saying that he was busy apostatising the Moon.—Punch.

THE CENSUS (ABITHMETICAL PROGRESSION). "What do you intend to be "this" time, Maria? Last time you were Thirty-tone, and Thirty the time before!"

time before!"
"Tell the truth, dear—Thirty-two. Heighe! How
time flies?"—Punch's Almanack, 1871.

THE REASON WHY.

"Goodness, gracious, Constance, what do you mean by all those knots in your searf?"
"Well, you see, dear, my memory being so bad I assually knot my pocket-handkerchief; but this cold eather I find this sort of thing more convenient.

Will-o'-the-Wisp.

Expensions Teaches.—A backelor friend com-ares a shirt botton to life, because it so often hangs y a thread.—Punch's Almanack, 1871.

PROVERBIAN FALLACY.—Waste not, want not Bosh. One may never waste a candle's end, any yet want a thousand a year.—Panch's Almonec 1271

"A Ban Manoux."—Recently a kind and laugh-ter-loving old lady, not blessed with much origin-ality of thought, delighted in amusing her young friends with cake and wine, riddles and charactes, not one of which, save by accident, did she ever

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ON). Maria P rty the give correctly to her juvenile guests. One evening, with more than usual gravity—inspired, no doubt, by the illustrious name involved in her question—"Why," she saked, "is your breath of a frosty morning like the heir apparent?"—Will-o'-the-Wise.

"Miss Junia," said a gentleman to a lady in a shower; "permit me to walk by you, and to shelter you with my umbrella?" "I see," archly said the lady to her admirer; "you want to be my rain beau."

"What would you like to be when you become a man?" eaid a fond mother to her young hopeful. "Would you like to be a merchant, or a doctor, or lawyer, or preacher?" "Ithink, mamma," said the urchin, "I'd rather be a candy shop."

uremu, "I'd rather be a candy shop."

PESTIVITIES OF THE SEASON.

Mrs. Smath (to Mr. S., who has just arrived home at 2.30 a.m.): "What do you mean, sir, by coming home in such a state at this untimely hour?"

Mr. S. (decidedly "frosh"): "S.s.sh.shata ! "Timely hour! Eh!" After a pause, with intense dignity—"forshinate for you, ma-ram, frien' took me Bri'sh Musheum—(hic)—an' if we hadn't come out fore leaft act pan'omine—shouldn' a' been home for very conshi'rable—"(hic)—Punch's Almanack, 1871.

THE BEST BEEAD.—"I keep the best bread," said a certain baker the other day to a poor fellow who complained of the inferior quality of the article he had purchased of him the day before. "I don't doubt it," replied the customer. "Then why do you complain?" asked the baker. "Because I would suggest that you sell the best bread, and keep the bad," was the reply.

ALL THE DIFFERENCE.—In all policies of life insurance these, among other questions, occur: "Age of father, if living?" "Age of mother, if living?" "Age of mother, if living?" "A man in the country who filled up an application, made his father's age 112 years, and his mother's 102. The agent, amazed at this showing, fancied that he had got an excellent subject, and remarked that the man mame of a very long-lived family. "Oh, you see, sir," replied the applicant, "my parents died many years ago, but if living would be as aged as there put down." "Oh, I see," said the agent.

THE QUIP MODEST.

Heet (Self-made Man): "I assure you, Brown, there isn't a man as you've been dinin' with to-day as isn't with his heighty or 'und'erd thousan' pound!!"

pound!!"

Artist (awfully bored): "Oh, don't apologise, I
beg! I don't mind 'em! Indifferent honest, I daretay, some of 'em! Seem good judges of your wine.
You needn't tell 'em who I am, you know!!"

Strolls into the garden.—Punch's Almanack, 1871.

WHAT O'CLOCK IS IT?

WHAT O'CLOCK IS IT?

"On Saturday morning Her Majesty the Queen of the west Windsor Castle at a quarter past two o'clock, on a visit to Lady Clarenden."—Times.

What an excellent example of early rising the Queen sets her subjects! And on these dark mornings, when it requires an immense effort to be up and stirring even at eight! But as we read on we get bewildered, for we are told that Her Majesty was back at Windsor "at 135 p.m. precisely," and that the trip "only occupied three hours and thirty five minutes." Calculations of time must be very different at Windsor Castle for in Printing House Square) from what they are in Fleet Street; and it would be more estisfactory if some learned society, such as the Astronomical or the Horological, would help puzzled readers to solve this perplanting problem.—Punch.

A POSER.—A school-teacher in a town in Hamp-

blem.—Panch.

A POSER.—A school-teacher in a town in Hampshire, seeing one morning a new pupil in her school-room, asked the "young hopeful" in accordance with the requirements of the "superintending committee" in father's name? "Hayes," answered the boy, promptly. "What is his Christian name?" said the teacher. "Hayes, I tell you!" replied the promising youth. "Well," inquired the instructor, determined to know if Mr. Hayes had any Christian name, "what does your mother call him?" "Mother? She calls him old Hayes!" responded the tey, as if his destiny depended on the reply.

"Go" And "Conn." says the

"If you want your business done," says the proverb, "go and do it; if you don't want it done, and some one else." An indolent gentleman had a treehold extate, producing about five hundred a year. Decoming involved in dobt, he sold half the estate, and let the remainder to an industrious farmer for twenty years. About the end of the term the farmer called to pay his rent, and asked the owner whether he would sell his farm.
"Will you buy it?" asked the owner, surprised. "Yes, if we can agree about the price."
"That is exceeding strange," observed the gentleman; "pray tell me how it happens that while I could not five upon twice as much land, for which I

in bed and enjoyed your estate; I rose in the morning and minded my business."

There have been grand doings at Windsor, at the South-Western Railway Station, in celebration of the return visit paid by the Empress Eugénie to Her Majesty at the castle. No doubt the Empress has addressed an autograph letter of thanks to the directors and officials, in acknowledgment of the extraordinary preparations they made for her reception, with a disregard of expense (and coal) which even in this country of pomp and display has rarely, if ever, been equalled. For what do we read? That the "auite of Royal waiting-rooms opposite the arrival platform were in readiness, and fires had been tit in order to susure the comfort of the visitors."

We have emphasized, by the aid of the italic letter, the words last quoted, because it may not occur to all readers that the day of the Empress's visit to Windsor was Monday the 5th of December, when a fire was considered an indispensable necessity by sverybody who could afford a scuttle of coals. The next dividend of the South-Western Railway is not likely to suffer through any rockless profusion on the part of the company in receiving their Imperial visitor.—Pusch.

REMEMBER BOYS MAKE MEN!

When you see a ragged urchin
Standing wistful in the street,
With torn int and kneeless trousers,
Dirty face and bare red feet,
Pass not by the child unhaeding;
Smile upon him. Mark me, when
He's grown up he'll not forget it;
For, remember, boys make men.

When the buoyant youthful spirits
Overflow in boyish freak,
Chide your child in gentle accents;
Do not in your anger speak.
You must sow in youthful bosoms
Seeds of tender meroy; then
Plants will grow and bear good fruitage,
When the exring boys are men.

Have you never seen a grandsire,
With his eyes aglow with joy.
Bring to mind some act of kindness.
Something said to him, a boy?
Or relate some slight or coldness,
With a brow all clouded, when
He said they were too thoughtless
To remember boys make men?

To remember boys make men.

Let us try to add some pleasure
To the life of every boy;
For each child needs tender interest
In its sorrow and its joy.
Call your boys home by its brightness;
They avoid a gloomy den;
Seeking elsewhere joy and comfort:
And, remember, boys make men!

M. E. T.

GEMS

A FEIEND cannot be known in prosperity, and an nemy cannot be hid in adversity.

If you wish to get along in the world, you must to tatop to hids at every our who backs at you.

Don'r tell unlikely or silly stories, even if you

know them to be true.

One spiteful thing you've restrained yourself from saying does you more credit than many civil things you have said.

you have said.

DISDAIN not your inferior, though poor, since he may possibly be much your superior in wisdom and the noble endowments of the mind.

It is impossible to make people understand their ignorance; fossit requires knowledge to perceive it bath it not.

This meet important lesson of life is to know how to be happy within ourselves, when home is our comfort, and all in it. Do not refine away happiness by thinking that which is good may be better.

HOUSEHOLD TREASURES.

BUTTERMILK.—Persons who have not been in the habit of drinking buttermilk consider it disagreeable, because it has a slightly sour taste, in consequence of the presence of lattic acid. There is not much nourishment in buttermilk, but the presence of the lactic acid assists the digestion of any food taken with it. The Welsh peasants almost live upon out-cake and buttermilk. Invalids suffering from

paid no rent, you are regularly paying me two hundred a year for your farm, and are able in a few years to purchase it?"

"The reason's plain," was the reply; "you sat still and said go; I got up and said come. You lay in bed and enjoyed your estate; I rose in the morning and minded my business."

Indigestion will do well to drink buttermilk at meal, times.

To Polish Marrie, and said sor glass may be reposited of time should of times and minded my business."

To Polish Marrie, and are still and said go; I got up and said come. You lay indeed to time should be fastened tight were reposited of lines should be fastened tight word state that indigestion will do well to drink buttermilk at meal, times.

To Polish Marrie, etc.—Marble of any kind, alabaster, any hard stone, or glass may be repulsined by rubbing it with a line cloth dressed with oxide of tin (sold under the name of putty powder). For this purpose a couple or more folds of lines should be fastened tight over a piece of wood, flat or otherwise, according to the form of the stone. To repulsia a mantelpiece it should be first perfectly cleaned. This is best done by making a paste of lime, soda, and water, well wetting the marble, and applying the paste. Then let it remain for a day or so, keeping it moist during the interval. When this paste has been removed the polishing may begin. Chips in the marble should be rabbed out first with emery and water. At every stage of polishing the linen and putty powder must be kept constantly wet. Glass, such as jovellers' show counter-cases, which has become seratched, may be polished in the same way.

STATISTICS.

STATISTICS.

STAMPS.—The annual official return published by the Inland Revenue shows that during the year ended the 31st of March, 1870, 35,554 probates of will, letters of administration, and testamentary inventories were taxed, amounting to 1,015,4701, 5,540,973 inland and 3,040,169 foreign bills of exchange; 36,550 bankers' notes, and 146,049,040 penny receipt stamps for draughts and other documents. No account is kept of the number of stamps for marine insurances, which produced last year 80,9361. A total of 13,597 certificates were issued to attorneys, 1,147 to bankers, 66 to conveyances, and 12,148 licences to drivers of metropolitan public carriages, as well as 8,333 marriage certificates. Patent medicines produced 72,3831, in way of duty, legacies and successions, 2,970,7691.; fire insurances, 465,0101.; and playing cards, 12,3031, the sum collected on 984,210 packs. A duty of 17s. per ounce for gold and 1s. 6d. for silver plate is charged for all manufactured in Great Britain and Ireland, and the sum derived from this source amounted to 66,0391. The stamps for divorce and matrimonial causes were 16,304 in number, and produced 3,2441.; for Admiralty Court fees, 22,565, producing 8,3071.; 108,910 for patents for inventions, producing 121,3291. The companies' registration fees produced 9,4901.; the record of title fees, 331. land registry fees, 1,3351.; common law court fees, 91,4331; public record fees, 7201.; Copyhold Enclosure and Tithe Commission, 9,0111.; Bankraptcy Court, 64,6021, Law Fund (Ireland), 9,5494.; Chancery Fund (Ireland), 4,5194.; Judgments Registry Fund (Ireland), 4,504.; Law Fund (Ireland), 9,549

MISCELLANEOUS.

THERE will be fifty-three Sundays in the year 1871—the year beginning and ending on a Sunday. It ought to be a good year and a happy one.

A CINCINNATI court has decided that a wife has a vested right in her husband, and that any one who may entice him away from her is liable in damages.

The convicts in the Oregon state prison are to be employed this winter in creeting a still stronger guard-house for themselves.

Some little time ago the Crown Prince of Prussia conferred the Iron Cross of the Second Class on Colonel Walker, and he has received Her Majesty's gracious permission to wear it.

The election of the Duke d'Aosta as King of Spain has caused great rejoicings in Havana. The

The election of the Dirko d'Aosta as Aing or Spain has caused great rejocings in Havana. The city has been given up to festivities, and there have been numerous culvoes of cannon.

FLORIDA promises to become hereafter a large Producer of cane augar. The crop this year is a good one, and is said to be more profitable than

A YOUNG nobleman proposes at his own expense to give a dinner to all the poor of London on the re-ceipt of the news of the first really great French vic-tory. Our allies have something to fight for quite nord—namely, for charity's sake.

The city authorities have notified their intention to apply for the necessary powers to acquire land, etc., for the chargement of Billingsgate and Leadenhall Markets, and to enable them to alter the tolls, rules, and regulations governing those important

Nobe is there.



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